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Hawaii's Hospitals Past, Present and Future.

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HAWAII'S HOSPITALS PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

by

RAYMOND G. NEBELUNG, Dr. P.H.

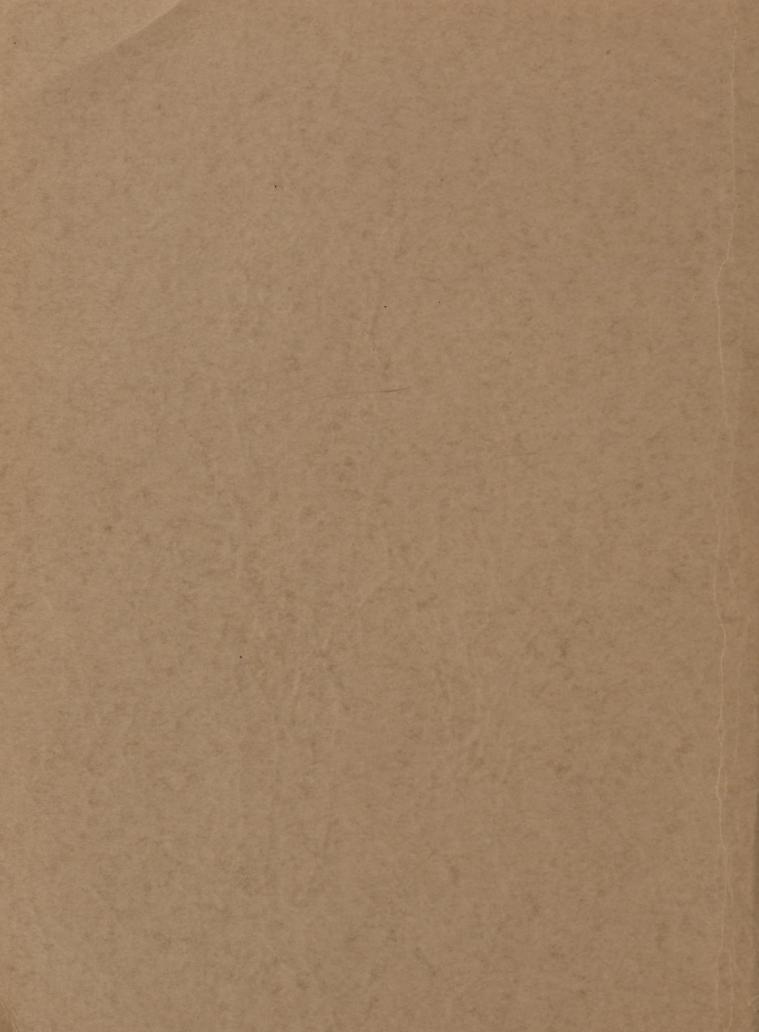
and

ROBERT C. SCHMITT, M.A.





PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu Honolulu, Hawaii 1948



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With a Foreword by LYLE G. PHILLIPS, M. D. Chairman, Public Health Committee

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PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu Honolulu, Hawaii 1948 327 AH3h 9N3h 1948

ATATIST BOTH BUILDING

TABLE PRESENT AND PLANTS

FOREWORD

The present study of Hawaii's hospitals is an extension of three earlier works devoted to the same subject. The wartime Survey of Honolulu Hospitals by Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, (MC), USN, was confined to Honolulu institutions which it analyzed in terms of hypothetically ideal bed ratios. That study contributed a number of recommendations for postwar hospital construction in the light of the standard ratios. Tables of basic data covered five hospitals for the decade ending in 1943. Summary data for the Territory for the year 1945 were contained in Report, Survey of Hospitals and Nursing Homes, T. H., 1946, by Elizabeth D. Bolles, issued by the Hospital Service Study Commission, Honolulu, in March 1947. Then, in February 1948, the Territorial Board of Health issued the Report of Hospital Survey and Planning, the work of W. B. Meister, M. D. This later work embraced all the major islands, and made recommendations largely in the light of present facilities and needs, with strong emphasis on questions of physical adequacy. Statistical data were confined to the year 1946

Hawaii's Hospitals: Past, Present and Future makes use of a much different approach. Detailed study is made of trends dating back two decades, and these are tied in with the early history of hospitalization in the Hawaiian Islands. An attempt is made to forecast future developments as far ahead as 1955. Thus the present work describes what has been, is, and is likely to be—not what should be. It supplements earlier studies by providing them with a statistical, factual foundation for their recommendations. In so doing it performs service as a reference book, aid to planning, and work of general analysis.

Lyle G. Phillips, M.D. Chairman, Public Health Committee Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

P.	AGE
FOREWORD	3
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	4
SUMMARY	7
SCOPE AND PURPOSE OF STUDY	9
HISTORICAL BACKGROUND	9
HAWAII'S HOSPITAL FACILITIES	13
Number of Hospitals	13
Average Capacity of Hospitals	14
Total Beds	14
HOSPITAL SERVICE STATISTICS	17
Average Census	17
Percentage Occupancy	18
Admissions	20
Average Length of Stay	20
Live Births	22
INTERCORRELATIONS	22
ECONOMIC CORRELATIONS	23
PERSONNEL AND SPECIAL SERVICES	23
FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS	24
Methodology	24
Findings	24
APPENDIX TABLES	26

APPENDIX TABLES

- 1-2. Historical Tables
- 3-24. Summary Data for Hospitals by Type, Territory of Hawaii and United States, 1928-1947
- 25. Correlations Between Per Capita Buying Power and Various Hospital Services, Territory of Hawaii, 1934–1941, 1946, 1947
- 26-27. Summary Hospital Personnel Data, Territory of Hawaii, 1947
- 28-32. Estimated Hospital Facilities, Territory of Hawaii, 1950 and 1955
- 33-52. General Data for Individual Hospitals, Territory of Hawaii, by Year, 1928-1947
- 53-59. Detailed Data for Selected Oahu Hospitals, 1934-1947
- 60. Personnel and Specialized Services by Hospital, Territory of Hawaii, 1947
- 61. Estimated Metropolitan and Non-Metropolitan Population, Territory of Hawaii, 1928–1948
- 62. Intercorrelations of Measures of Service and Facilities, Territory of Hawaii, 1947

HAWAII'S HOSPITALS

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

Summary

As implied in its title, this study concerns the development of Hawaii's hospitals, from their earliest beginnings into the immediate future. Military hospitals, institutions for lepers, homes for the convalescent and feeble-minded, and the few small establishments not registered with the American Medical Association are omitted. The trends of the past two decades receive major emphasis. The approach is essentially statistical, by-passing considerations of structural adequacy or recommended standards.

Hospitals have existed in the Hawaiian Islands since 1837. In that year the American government opened a hospital in Waikiki for United States seamen, the first of several such establishments intended for mariners under various flags. In 1853, Dr. S. Porter Ford put City Hospital, Honolulu, into operation as the first civilian hospital in the Islands. It lasted only a few years, but was followed in 1859 by the royallysponsored Queen's Hospital, which soon occupied a 124-bed building at the foot of Punchbowl hill. The Hawaiian government continued its work with the erection of Kalihi Hospital for lepers (1865), Oahu Insane Asylum (now Territorial Hospital) (1866), Kalaupapa Leper Settlement (1866), and a number of district (now county) hospitals, the first of which was Malulani (1884). Plantation hospitals were established in large numbers after 1886. The opening of two allied special hospitals, Kapiolani (1890) and Kauikeolani Children's (1909), soon followed. Leahi Home, the first hospital intended exclusively for tuberculous patients, opened in 1900. Military hospitals, with an Island history dating back to 1898, experienced a sudden expansion during World War II, when local facilities for both civilians and servicemen were strained.

During the last twenty years there has been little net change in the total number of hospitals in the Territory of Hawaii, despite some fluctuations, especially among the rural and small-town establishments. The number has been declining on the mainland.

In average capacity, Hawaii's hospitals have exhibited the same tendency toward expansion as is evident in mainland institutions. Local general hospitals averaged 59 beds in 1946 (United States establishments averaged 142). In 1947, the average was 191 beds in Honolulu and Hilo, and 40 beds in the nonmetropolitan areas. Tuberculosis sanatoria averaged 257 beds in 1946, considerably more than such institutions in the States. "All others" (mental and allied special) were 333 in 1946 (569 on the mainland).

For a number of years hospital beds have been available for slightly less than one per cent of Hawaii's inhabitants. In 1946, there were just four beds per 1,000 population in general hospitals, although the ratio was much higher in the non-metropolitan areas. The figure for tuberculosis sanatoria was 2.3 per 1,000, and for "all other" hospitals, 2.7 (and increasing rapidly). The Territory lags behind the mainland in

general and "all other" beds, but is far ahead in facilities for tuberculous patients, largely because of the high incidence of this disease locally.

There has been a rapid rise in the number of bassinets reported by hospitals both locally and nationally. Of the 396 in Hawaii in 1947, 309 were in general hospitals.

Average census per 1,000 inhabitants—the proportion of the total population occupying hospital bedshas been somewhat lower in the Territory relative to the United States for a number of years. This difference may stem either from better health (and a younger population) or from reluctance in Hawaii to go to hospitals. In 1946, 6.5 persons per 1,000 were patients in Island hospitals on an average day, compared to 8.8 on the mainland. Patients were rather evenly divided among general, tuberculosis, and "all other" hospitals in Hawaii, thus surpassing institutions in the States in one category (tuberculosis, in which the Island rate is rather high) and falling behind in another ("all other"). The non-metropolitan general hospitals in the Territory exhibit somewhat higher ratios than the Honolulu and Hilo establishments.

The most crowded hospitals in the Islands are those in the "all other" (mental and allied special) category, followed by tuberculosis sanatoria and metropolitan general hospitals. The rural and small town general hospitals averaged only 49 per cent occupancy in 1947.

A higher ratio of admissions per 1,000 population is apparent in the Territory than on the continent. Locally, one out of eight persons entered a hospital in 1947. General hospitals admitted one out of ten, although the ratio has been higher for the rural and small town areas since 1932, probably because of the liberal plantation health policy. Of each 1,000 inhabitants in 1947, 1.6 (double the mainland rate) entered tuberculosis sanatoria and eighteen entered "all others"

Average length of stay has declined both nationally and in the Islands. The local figure for all general hospitals had fallen to 8.3 days by 1947, and even lower (8.1) for the non-metropolitan establishments. Average stays were higher on the mainland. The three allied special hospitals on Oahu have followed a similar trend, standing at 7.2 days in 1947. This trend has been influenced by new drugs and surgical techniques and early ambulation.

In Hawaii as elsewhere, an ever greater proportion of live births is occurring in hospitals. The percentage for the Islands in 1934 was 34.2, compared to 93.8 in 1947, a figure considerably higher than that for the States. Little difference was noted between rural and urban areas, largely because of widespread health education and enlightened industrial health policy throughout the Islands.

A correlational study of 1947 Island data showed that location in a large community, considerable bed

capacity, large average census, numerous admissions. high occupancy ratios, and high cost per patient day tended to go together. Average length of stay bore

little relationship to these other factors.

A high degree of correlation was found between local economic conditions and both admissions and average length of stay. Non-metropolitan general hospitals (which are usually quite small) proved especially sensitive to fluctuations in the business cycle.

An analysis of hospital personnel indicated most extensive services to exist in the metropolitan establishments, where a long-term trend toward far more frequent laboratory and X-ray examinations and sur-

gical operations was evident.

An analysis of statistics for the past two decades permitted some forecasts for the immediate future. Such an extrapolation of recent trends indicated an increase in both average census and admissions (as expressed per 1,000 population) for general and "all other" hospitals, accompanied by a possible decline for tuberculosis sanatoria. Translated into bed needs by assumption of certain population and occupancy levels, these estimates indicate a total building program (beyond 1947 levels and exclusive of replacement requirements) of 213 to 463 beds by 1950 and 903 to 1483 beds by 1955. From 367 to 697 of the beds needed by 1955 should be earmarked for general hospitals, the rest for tuberculosis and other institutions. The magnitude of these needs is dictated by a rapidly increasing population and heightened use of hospital facilities by all groups on one hand, and by decreasing average length of stay on the other.

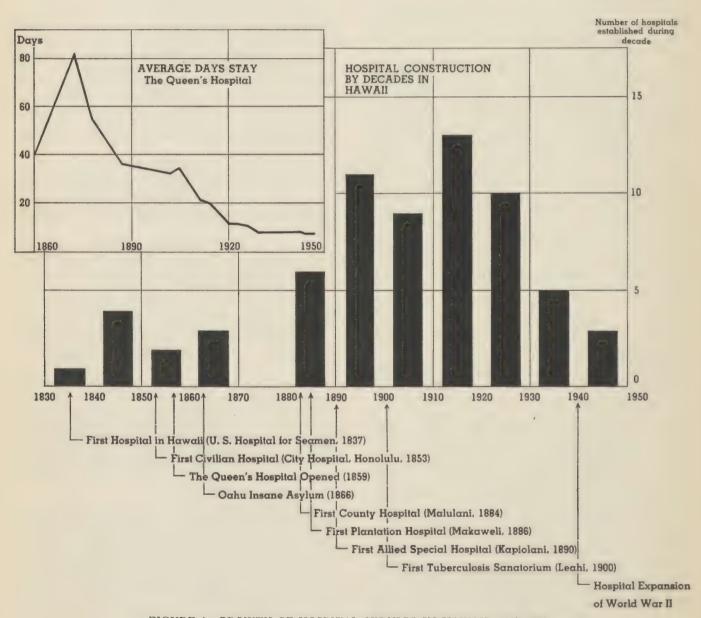


FIGURE 1—GROWTH OF HOSPITAL SERVICE IN HAWAII, 1837–1947

HAWAII'S HOSPITALS PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

Scope and Purpose of Study

This study presents a history of the hospital movement in the Territory with a statistical review of the use of such facilities. Comparisons are made with mainland institutions merely to indicate trends.

No attempt has been made to determine hospital bed adequacy measured by arbitrary standards in number of beds per thousand population or in terms

Data have been presented to show primarily the growth of hospitals and the extent of their utilization

by the public.

Attention is paid, in varying degrees, to all hospitals operated in the Hawaiian Islands, beginning with the earliest and continuing into the foreseeable future. Especial emphasis is given, however, to those institu-

tions located in Honolulu.

Only those institutions which are registered with the American Medical Association, exclusive of military hospitals, establishments for leprous patients, and such related institutions as Waimano Home for the Feeble-Minded and convalescent nursing homes, are considered. Such a course was prescribed by limitations of time, data and needs. It was felt that military hospitals have little significance in the total Island hospital picture at the present time. Kalihi Receiving Station, Kalaupapa Settlement (both for lepers), Waimano Home and the various convalescent homes are likewise special problems which lie outside the scope of this study. The unregistered hospitals are small and often transitory, for the most part of negligible importance relative to the sum total of registered institutions; furthermore, data regarding them are almost impossible to obtain.

A period of two decades was covered, embracing two distinct business cycles² and a time of great scientific advance. In addition, a uniform series of data covering Hawaiian hospitals first became available

during this time.3

For the most part, consideration was given only to the major types of hospital statistics: beds, admissions, average census, percentage of occupancy, average length of stay, bassinets and number of births. Supplementary tables on Honolulu hospitals go into much greater detail, but take in only the years 1934-1947.4 Often it was necessary to estimate or compute some of the figures; this was particularly true of occupancy and average length of stay. Summary tables required a number of estimates for their component hospitals, especially for admissions data in earlier years. Such estimates were made by linear interpolation wherever possible; otherwise, comparisons were made with similar hospitals or preceding years.

This study should have value for reference, plan-

ning and general analysis.

There is a dearth of accessible, accurate reference material. Except in the case of The Queen's Hospital, historical information is scattered through old newspapers, unindexed reports and rare periodicals. Recent quantitative data are either inaccurate, incomplete, or not comparable. Much significant statistical information has never been published. A uniform, comparable listing of such data has been one of the objectives of this study.

It has long been known that social, demographic and economic factors have an important bearing on hospital facilities and services, but the exact role of these factors in their Island setting has been largely ignored. The present work attempts to correlate hos-

pital data with socio-economic trends.

Intelligent planning for the future requires fore-warning of probable developments. To make esti-mates for the immediate future—say, 1950 or 1955 it has been necessary to plot trends over the past twenty years, as a sort of statistical springboard. Once past relationships between hospital use and other factors are charted, a likely figure for the future can be proposed. Such forecasts can serve as a guide, a goal or a warning to interested parties.

Historical Background

Before 1837 there was little in the way of true medical or hospital facilities in the Hawaiian Islands. Neither the native Hawaiians nor those persons who settled in the Islands following Captain Cook's voyage of discovery in 1778 were able to accomplish much along these lines. The first physicians came to the Islands after the arrival of the New England missionaries in 1820. Sick or injured British seamen were cared for in private homes or in saloons, at the expense of their government.5

The first real hospital in the Hawaiian Islands was put into operation in 1837. "A convenient establishment, at Waikiki, has been rented by the U.S. Consul, for the past year, for the accommodation of the sea-men upon his hands," wrote John Diell, adding that

¹ An exception was made in the case of Kuakini Hospital, which was included in the totals even though not registered with the A.M.A. during the years 1941-

² Peaks at 1928-1929, 1937, and the present; troughs at 1932-1933 and 1938-1939. ² With publication of the annual hospital number of the Journal of the American Medical Association for the year 1928. Earlier hospital numbers of the Journal had been confined to mainland institutions. These annual data are quoted in Tables 33-52.

⁴ These years were chosen because the Honolulu tables, in their inception, merely brought up to date the tables contained in the report by Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (reprinted by the Public Health Committee from the Hawaii Medical Journal for November-December 1944). The Johnson report began its tables with 1934.

See J. Chas. Byde Rooke, M.D., article in The Friend. of Temperance and Seamen, Honolulu, July 1, 1844, p. 62f., and "Early Hawaiian Medicos," Hawaiian Annual for 1933, pp. 53-56.

"the situation of the sick has been far more comfortable than it was, when they were quartered in a grog shop, in the town, as was formerly the case." This hospital admitted 266 patients in the five-year period ending March 31, 1844, of whom only ten died.

Soon other seamen's hospitals were built. The "Hospital for English Seamen" was opened in April 1841 on the ewa-makai corner⁸ of Nuuanu and King Streets. It occupied a drafty thatched hut next to "a common grog shop", and, during its first three years of operation, recorded an average census of 6.3 and an average length of stay of 92.6 days.9 French Hospital was a small establishment opened about 1845 on the waikiki side of Smith Street at the Honolulu waterfront. In 1846, when the American Hospital cared for 156 "inmates" and the British Hospital sixty-three, the French institution reported a total of only nine patients.11 It apparently closed before 1855.12 There is evidence of a U. S. Hospital in Lahaina, Maui, as early as 1845 and as late as 1860. Dr. Wetmore opened a hospital for American seamen on Ululani Street, Hilo, in 1855; it closed about 1863.13

These seamen's hospitals were given frequent changes of location. The English opened "Little Greenwich" in Pauoa Valley early in 1846. A considerable improvement over its downtown predecessor, it was nevertheless closed about 1848 in favor of another building on Waikiki Plains. The new establishment, "Little Britain," lasted five or six years, after which the English consul sent his charges to the American Hospital. The U. S. Hospital in Honolulu was even more mobile: it occupied at least eight different sites between its founding in 1837 and closing after 1871.

What appears to have been the first true civilian hospital in the Islands, the City Hospital, was opened in Honolulu in 1853. Its owner, Dr. S. Porter Ford, advertised extensively in local papers regarding the advantages of his "commodious building at the North end of King street . . . for the treatment of invalids, residents or strangers. It is conducted upon the plan of similar institutions in the United States, and offers a comfortable home during sickness . . . " Patients were "provided (if desired) with Private Rooms, at a moderate expense." 16

After a few years Dr. Ford's chief competitor, the

6 "Sketch of Honolulu, Oahu," Hawaiian Spectator, Vol 1, No. 2, April 1838,

22. 1855.

Honolulu Marine Hospital (also called U. S. Hospital) once again had the field to itself. It advertised frequently, discarded its traditional emphasis on seafaring patients, and now offered rooms that were "large and well ventilated, and fitted up superior to any of the kind hitherto provided in Honolulu . . . , in the most salubrious part of the city." It was apparently the only hospital in the city between 1856 and 1859.¹⁷

Clearly, the Islands needed something more. Disease, poverty and a declining birth rate had reduced the population of Hawaii (then inhabited almost wholly by native Hawaiians) from approximately 300,000 in 1778 to 124,449 in 1832, then still further to 73,138 in 1853. Marine hospitals intended for foreign sailors and small proprietary establishments obviously were not the answer. Adequate facilities, an ample program of care for the medically indigent (a term then applicable to a large proportion of the natives), and extensive health education were needed.

Quite suddenly, a movement to remedy this situation swept the Hawaiian kingdom, beginning with Kamehameha IV (then aged 25) and quickly embracing a large number of enthusiasts and donors. As early as May 14, 1859, The Friend reported: "For a long time the necessity of a Public Hospital has been seriously felt in Honolulu. This necessity has been felt by foreigners as well as natives. While Honolulu, for more than a quarter of a century, has not been without its hospitals for American and British seamen, still those have not fully met the necessities of the public. While many have felt kindly disposed towards the enterprise, the great cost of erecting and sustaining such establishments has been hitherto an unsuperable obstacle. Even that, it is now confidently hoped, will be overcome. Our youthful King and Queen, taking a favorable view of the subject, have been pleased to take the initiative steps. His Majesty, rightly imagining that no one could more successfully than himself collect funds for this project, goes forth among his people. The subscriptions obtained, as now published, are the happy results of this effort of His Majesty.

Once determined to build a hospital, the backers of the project proceeded with all possible speed. Even before completion of the fund drive, and almost a year before they could lay the cornerstone of the permanent building, the trustees took steps to open a temporary structure to serve as an interim hospital. In the first biennial report of Queen's Hospital, its physician, Dr. Wm. Hillebrand, reported:

The Queen's Hospital commenced its operations August 1st, 1859. It had been decided by the Board of Trustees, in one of its first meetings, to hire a suitable building for a limited time, in order to open a dispensary forthwith, where indigent sick natives should receive gratuitous advice and remedies, and where also should be received such of them as were severely ill, as house patients, so far as the capabilities of the house would admit.¹⁹

...We remained [in the temporary hospital at the foot of King St.] until March 1860, when we removed to the grounds purchased by the Board of Trustees for the erection of the

⁷ Dr. R. W. Wood, in The Friend, of Temperance and Seamen, Honolulu, July 1, 1844, p.62f.

In Honolulu, the four directions are "ewa" (toward Ewa Plantation, NWW of town), "waikiki" (toward Waikiki Beach, east or southeast of downtown Honolulu), "mauka" (toward the mountains) and "makai" (toward the ocean).

⁹ Dr. J. Chas. Byde Rooke, loc. cit., and map published in The Friend, October 1, 1845.

¹⁰ Ibid.

¹¹The Friend, January 15, 1847, p. 12.

¹²No further mention can be found of French Hospital after 1847.

¹³These establishments are referred to in *The Friend*, December 1, 1845 and August 1, 1860, and in N. H. Lyman, *History of Haili Church*, 1824-1942, pp. 38 f.

WSee The Friend for December 1, 1845, August 1, 1846, January 15, 1847 and August 1, 1860.

¹⁶See The Friend for October 1, 1845, January 15, 1847, March 1, 1855, January 1, 1857 and December 2, 1871; The Polynesian for March 31, 1855; and the Hawaiian Gazette for June 16, 1866 and January 4, 1871; and the Pacific Commercial Advertiser, March 6, 1869. These sites are listed in Table 1.
¹⁶Polynesian, Honolulu, October 15, 1853, February 17, 1855 and September

¹⁷ The Friend, March 1, 1855, and The Polynesian, March 31, 1855.

¹⁸Data from Romanzo Adams, Interracial Marriage in Hawaii (New York, 1937), p. 8.

¹⁹On September 3, 1859, The Friend reported: "Over one hundred patients have received medical advice and treatment from the dispensary, and there are averaging ten boarding inmates."

permanent Hospital, and entered the old wooden building, which we still use as a special ward for female patients... While the first building had only room for eighteen patients, we could now accommodate twenty-four. In this building we remained until December, when we were enabled to establish ourselves permanently in the fine stone building erected at the foot of Punchbowl hill.²⁰

The cornerstone of The Queen's was laid with considerable pomp and panoply. "On Tuesday 17th July [1860], this imposing ceremony was performed by His Majesty the King, in person, according to the ritual of the Masonic Order, of which His Majesty is a P.M." The new building had 124 beds, later reduced

to ninety.22

The hospital filled a definite community need almost at once, but not all the good effects of its operation were immediately discernible. King Kamehameha IV, its founder, failed rapidly in health, and, despite the comforting presence of the hospital, died at the age of 29.23 The total population continued its decline until 1875, when there were only 55,347 persons in the islands.24 The pure Hawaiian element never did reverse this trend, and continued to suffer the highest death rate in Hawaii.25

The year-to-year record of The Queen's, Hawaii's oldest and largest civilian hospital, presents an accurate picture of progress in medical science and health education during the past eighty-nine years. The average number of patients in the hospital was only 19 during the first two years of its existence, but by 1872 had risen beyond seventy. The average census surpassed 100 for the first time in 1918, then continued increasing until it achieved the World War II peak of 308 in 1942. Yearly admissions, about 150 at first, hovered in the neighborhood of 500 during the last quarter of the century. Then, in 1910 admissions passed one thousand, in 1920 they stood at 3,858, in 1930 at 6,850, and in 1945 at more than fifteen thousand. More and more children were born in hospitals: from fewer than two hundred live births in 1923 reported by The Queen's, the figure soared to the 1947 mark of 2,106. Finally-and perhaps most significantly—the average length of stay of The Queen's patients declined from over 80 days in 1872 to 34 days in 1905, 12 days in 1925, and fewer than eight days since 1944.26

Once general hospital facilities were provided for Honolulu, the government turned its attention to leprosy. This disease, introduced into the islands some years before, had developed into a major health problem. Kalihi Hospital was set up several miles from downtown Honolulu as a receiving station for lepers in November 1865.²⁷ An almost inaccessible peninsula

20 The Polynesian, Honolulu, June 29, 1861.

21 The Friend, August 1, 1860.

24Romanzo Adams, loc. cit.

jutting from beneath Molokai's cliffs was reserved as a leper colony, and called Kalaupapa Settlement. It was opened on January 6, 1866.²⁸ The Branch Leper Hospital was established "at Kakaako, or Fisherman's Point, ...about a mile from the business center of Honolulu...December 12, 1881."²⁹ Branch Hospital was closed toward the end of the century, and Kalihi and Kalaupapa, although still in use, reported progressively less use of their facilities. Leprosy seemed to be of relatively negligible importance as a public health problem by 1948.

Oahu Insane Asylum (the present-day Territorial Hospital) was opened by the Hawaiian government in 1866. "Previous to the year 1862, the mentally afflicted were sent to jail to mingle with the felons and prisoners of all kinds; they were treated simply as dangerous characters to be kept away from the public; and it was not until this date (1862) that the question was raised of setting aside a place for their care... In 1862, after some agitation, an act was passed by the Legislature authorizing the Minister of the Interior to provide lands and buildings suitable for the care and management of the insane and to call for appropriations necessary for their construction and maintenance. However, ... it was not till September 1866 that the matter was accomplished and then the few (six) insane were removed from the prison to the asylum and placed under the care of Dr. Ford, Superintendent, and Mr. Davison, Assistant Superintendent."30 In 1930, Territorial Hospital was shifted from its old location in Honolulu, where it offered 524 beds, to more spacious quarters on Windward Oahu, but the average census more than kept pace with augmented capacity.31

The incidence of smallpox, introduced in 1853,³² again reached epidemic proportions, so that in 1881 a special Small-Pox Hospital was set up in Honolulu. A house of detention was converted to temporary hospital use for the duration of the epidemic, reaching a maximum census of 131 and admitting 575 persons in this period. After approximately a year of operation it was possible to close this establishment.⁸³

It was during the 1880s that the Hawaiian government began extending hospital service to the outlying islands. Formerly, these areas had known only the U. S. Hospitals built for American seamen at Lahaina and Hilo. Malulani Hospital was established at Wailuku, Maui, in 1884; Koloa Cottage Hospital ("a small hospital and diet kitchen"), at Koloa, Kauai, in 1888; and Hilo Memorial Hospital, on the Big Island, in 1897. Malulani reported a census of 14 patients on March 31, 1892; at the same time, Koloa reported a census of two. The latter establishment had no patients for two years, and was closed by the Board of Health (1903), which thereafter subsidized nearby Eleele Hospital. By mid-1904 the Territorial Board

²⁹Ibid., p. 91.

²²The Polynesian, June 29, 1861 and L. Vernon Briggs, Experiences of a Medical Student in Honolulu, and On the Island of Oahu, 1881 (Boston, 1926), p. 9. ²³Thrum's Hawaiian Annual and Statistical Guide, 1946, p. 221.

²⁶By July 1, 1947, there were only 10,761 pure Hawaiians in the Territory, comprising 2.0 per cent of the total population of the Islands. These Hawaiians had the highest infant death rate, maternal death rate, and overall crude death rate of any ethnic group in the Territory (from Annual Report of the Board of Health, T. H., 1947).

Data from Table 2 and Figure 1. Average length of stay was 42 days in the years 1859-1861; the increase during the next two decades probably stemmed from intensive educational efforts directed toward the native Hawaiians, who at first were rather reluctant to spend long periods confined to a hospital

²⁷ From Report of the Board of Health to the Legislature of 1866, p. 3.

²⁸Honolulu Almanac and Directory, 1886 (Honolulu, 1886), p. 90.

¹⁰Report of the President of the Board of Health from November 10th, 1900, to February 1st, 1901, pp. 27-28.

³¹See annual data listed in Appendix (Tables 33-52).
³²See L. Vernon Briggs, op. cit., pp. 3-6.

^{**}Report of the President of the Board of Health to the Legislative Assembly of

^{**}Reports of the President of the Board of Health for 1886 (Appendix 4, p. 22), 1888 (p. 27f), 1892 (p. 44f), 1897 (p. 11), 1902 (p. 173, p. 301), and 1903 (p. 115).

of Health was supporting or subsidizing nine institutions (exclusive of those concerned with leprosy).³⁵

The turn of the century witnessed the local beginnings of hospitals designed especially for maternity cases, children, and tuberculous patients. Kapiolani Maternity and Gynecological Hospital was founded in June, 1890 by the Hawaiian queen after whom it is named. First located at the corner of Makiki and Beretania Streets, Honolulu, it was intended "to propagate and perpetuate the race".86 Kauikeolani Children's Hospital was formally opened in Honolulu on Thanksgiving Day, 1909.37 Shriners Hospital for Crippled Children, Honolulu, was established in 1923. and its present quarters were put into use on November 27, 1930.88 Leahi Hospital, then known as the Home for Incurables, was established in April 1900.39 Leahi was the first specialized institution for tuberculous patients in Hawaii, and was followed by three similar hospitals on other islands: Maui County Farm and Sanatorium at Kula, Maui, in 1910; Puumaile Hospital at Hilo, Hawaii, in 1912; and Samuel Mahelona Hospital at Kapaa, Kauai, in 1917.40

After two thirds of a century of Hawaiian hospital history the emphasis began turning away from government operation. Most of the early hospitals in the islands had been both built and operated by the government. The seamen's hospitals had been financed by the consuls of foreign nations. The Oueen's Hospital was in large measure initiated by the ruling monarchs of the time, and until 1898, it was partly supported by biennial legislative grants. 41 Facilities for persons afflicted with leprosy, insanity, smallpox and tuberculosis were provided by the Kingdom or Territory. Only the long-defunct City Hospital had operated independently of government supervision or subsidy. Finally, however, conditions warranted a change. Plantations, large and isolated as they had become, found it more convenient to establish hospitals on the premises. The booming cities of the Islands attracted a number of individuals and corporations willing to invest in medical facilities. Churches, already experienced in operating related institutions in Hawaii, eventually turned toward the building of hospitals. Several of the "district" hospitals established or partly supported by the Kingdom or Republic of Hawaii either reverted back to private hands (as with Lihue Hospital) or disappeared completely (as in the case of Koloa).

Plantation hospitals were soon erected on all the major islands.⁴³ On Oahu such hospitals were estab-

lished at Ewa, Waialua, Waipahu and Aiea during the 1890s. On the Big Island, Hamakua Mill Company led the way with its hospital at Paauilo in 1892, to be followed by similar facilities at Haina and Olaa eight years later. On Maui, the first plantation hospitals of record were opened at Paia (1906) and Lahaina (1908). Five were established on Kauai before 1900, two of them (Makaweli and Kilauea) in the late '80s.44 The building of plantation hospitals had reached its peak by the end of World War I, and their number has been declining ever since. Mortality was highest on Kauai. Of six such ventures known to have been started there, none survived in 1948.

Corporations, churches and individuals also established a number of hospitals in Hawaii during these years. Two of the largest were general hospitals in Honolulu, Japanese and Saint Francis. Japanese Hospital was established April 12, 1900, and intended largely for persons of that ancestry. During World War II it changed both its name (to Kuakini) and policy of admissions. Saint Francis Hospital opened under church auspices on May 9, 1927. In Hilo and elsewhere, small hospitals were established by individuals. By the middle '30s, most hospitals in the Territory (including those on plantations) were operated by non-profit associations.

Military hospitals were the last type to appear in Hawaii, experiencing rapid growth in the relatively few years since their establishment. Tripler, the oldest, dates from 1907, although the nucleus around which it was built carried back to 1898, the year of Hawaii's annexation.⁴⁷ The 26th Station Hospital, Schofield Barracks, is variously assigned two dates, 1909 and 1929.⁴⁸ The U. S. Naval Hospital at Pearl Harbor was built during the first year of World War I.⁴⁹ Its neighboring naval hospital in Aiea Heights was commissioned a quarter of a century later.⁵⁰

The most recent major developments in Hawaii's hospital history occurred early in the recent war. The unprecedented influx of servicemen after the Pearl Harbor attack strained medical facilities to the breaking point, and existing military hospitals soon were forced to extend their wards many miles. School buildings were converted, wings added, and temporary structures hastily erected.⁵¹ Civilian hospitals operated at 100 per cent occupancy a large part of the time. Sacred Hearts Convent became a spacious civilian emergency hospital almost overnight. It was a period of extraordinary dislocations, but, for the most part, its effects on local hospital facilities and services seem to have been temporary.⁵²

⁸⁵Report of the President of the Board of Health of the Territory of Hawaii for the Year Ending June 30, 1904, pp. 67, 76-82.

³⁶Oahu Health Council Bulletin, September 1947, p. 2.

³⁷Thrum's Hawaiian Almanac and Annual for 1910, p. 180f.

^{**}SAmerican Hospital Directory, 1946, and Thrum's Hawaiian Annual for 1931, p. 117.

³⁹Thrum's Hawaiian Almanac and Annual for 1910, p. 205, and American and Canadian Hospitals, 2d ed.

⁴⁰Report of the President of the Board of Health, T. H., for the 12 Months Ended June 30, 1911, p. 203f.; American Hospital Directory, 1946. All three of these sanatoria are now operated by county governments.

^{41&}quot;The Queen's Hospital," Thrum's Hawaiian Annual for 1925, p. 97.

⁴²Malulani Hospital, for example, was operated by the Franciscan Sisters for the Kingdom of Hawaii (Reports of the President of the Board of Health to the Legislative Assemblies of 1884, p. 9, and 1886, p. 17).

⁴²Of the eight major islands, only the two smallest have never had a hospital of any type (Niihau and Kahoolawe).

^{4&}quot;Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the A.M.A. (92:1117, 94:987, and 96:1085) and American and Canadian Hospitals, 2d ed.

⁴⁵Thrum's Hawaiian Almanac and Annual for 1903, p. 191, and Oahu Health Council Bulletin, July 1947, p. 2.

⁴⁵ Biennial Report, 1945-1946, St. Francis Hospital, p. 1.

[&]quot;American and Canadian Hospitals, 2d ed. See also Buck Buchwach, "The New Tripler," Honolulu Advertiser Sunday Polynesian, September 5, 1948. The hospital was moved to new and larger (1500 beds) quarters in 1948.

⁴⁵The Journal of the A.M.A. (92:1117, 94:987, and 96:1085) gives 1909, American and Canadian Hospitals, 2d ed., and a questionnaire returned by the hospital give 1929.

⁴⁹ The Journal of the A.M.A. (92:1117, 94:987, and 96:1085).

⁵⁰Oahu Health Council Bulletin, February 1948, p. 3.

⁵¹ See Buck Buchwach, op. cit.

^{\$2}A complete listing of hospitals in the Hawaiian Islands, by location and years of operation, is given in Table 1.

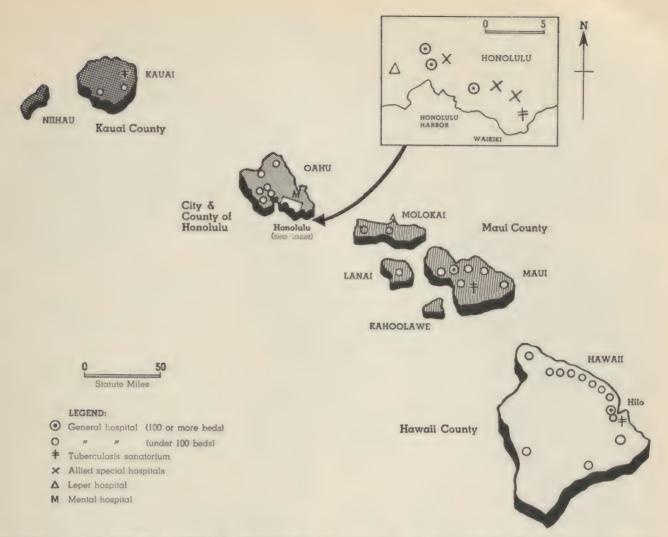


FIGURE 2—LOCATION OF HOSPITALS, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947 (EXCLUSIVE OF MILITARY HOSPITALS, WAIMANO HOME, AND ESTABLISHMENTS NOT REGISTERED WITH THE A.M.A., 1946)

SOURCE: TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH DATA (SEE TABLE 52).

Hawaii's Hospital Facilities

Number of hospitals

In recent years the Hawaiian Islands have enjoyed a full complement of major hospital facilities. At the end of 1947 there were 41 non-military registered hospitals in the Territory and a number of unregistered smaller general hospitals and convalescent rest homes. Of the 41 registered hospitals mentioned above, 33 were general hospitals (five of them in Honolulu and Hilo, the rest in small towns and rural areas), four were tuberculosis sanatoria, and children's, maternity, orthopedic and mental hospitals numbered one each.

The national trend toward fewer hospitals has not been followed locally. In the continental United States, the total number of hospitals declined from 1928 to 1937, then began a rise which was not reversed until 1943; since then the number has de-

53 Registered with the A.M.A. (1946 listing; the 1947 listing had not appeared when this was written. See Table 52a.)

creased.⁵⁴ Registered civilian hospitals in the Territory of Hawaii totaled slightly over forty in the late 1920s, middle and late '30s, and in the middle '40s. Despite the trough of 1930 and 1931, and the peak of 1940–1943, therefore, the total number of hospitals in the Islands has not changed appreciably during the entire two-decade period of this study.

What local variations have occurred during these twenty years have been most apparent in the group of non-metropolitan general hospitals. The number of tuberculosis sanatoria has remained constant at four, one to each county. Allied special hospitals in the Islands have numbered three since the A.M.A. registration of Shriners' in 1931. Territorial Hospital has been the only institution to serve mental patients for quite some time. The four registered general hospitals

MIt is reasonable to expect an early rise in total hospitals in the United States in view of the Federal hospital construction program.

Shriners' Hospital for Crippled Children, while not precisely an allied special hospital, has been so classified in this study for statistical purposes.

in the two largest cities of the Territory, Honolulu and Hilo, in 1928, have experienced a net increase of only one since then. Outside these cities, however, many changes have occurred, The small-town and rural general hospitals—consisting of various plantation, county and privately-owned institutions—have ranged from 24 in the early 1930s to 37 in 1940. They were about one-tenth less numerous in 1947 than in 1928. It should be pointed out, incidentally, that general hospitals on the mainland are now slightly more numerous than twenty years ago, despite considerable decline in the middle 1930s.

Total number of hospitals for the mainland and the islands is given by year and by type in Table 3. Hospital construction by decades is given in Fig. 1. The location of hospitals in 1947 is shown in Fig. 2.

Average Capacity of Hospitals

The average Island hospital has always been considerably smaller than its mainland counterpart, but it has exhibited the same long-term trend toward expansion. Hospitals in the continental United States averaged 131 beds in 1928, when local institutions averaged 68. By 1946, the national figure had almost doubled, at 234, compared to an Island average of 103. Thus Hawaii's hospitals were, on the whole, less than half as large, and grew in average capacity at a somewhat slower pace.

General hospitals in the Territory have followed much the same course relative to the mainland. The average local general hospital had a capacity of 41 beds in 1928, compared to a mainland average of 83. Average size increased more rapidly nationally than locally, so that by 1946 general hospitals in Hawaii

had 59 beds, against the 142 in the States.

As would be expected, the metropolitan general hospitals in the islands are far larger than those in small towns and rural areas. The former have increased, with a fair degree of regularity, from an average capacity of 125 beds in 1928 to 191 beds in 1947. The non-metropolitan general hospitals have grown from an average size of 30 beds in 1928 to 43 during the war and 40 in 1947. At present Kauai County leads in average size of general hospitals, followed by Maui County, rural Oahu, and rural Hawaii, in that order. For many years, before a number of Kauai establishments closed their doors, Maui County was the leader, followed by rural Oahu, Kauai, and rural Hawaii.

The Territory of Hawaii surpasses the mainland, however, in the average capacity of its tuberculosis sanatoria. During the period 1928–1946, sanatoria in the continental United States grew from 122 to 185 beds average capacity; local tuberculosis hospitals, in the same years, increased from 203 to 257 beds average size (297 in 1947). The differential in size is a

fair index of difference in need.

In both average capacity and rate of growth, all other local hospitals lag behind their mainland equivalents. During the years under consideration, such establishments in the states ranged from an average of 239 beds in 1928 to 569 in 1946; in the Territory, the range was from 184 in 1931 to 333 in 1946, and 354 in 1947. Locally, this group consisted of the allied special institutions and the mental hospital at Kaneohe.

Average bed capacity of local and mainland hospi-

tals, by year and by type of service, is contained in Tables 4 and 5. Detailed Island data listing number of institutions in each size category are given in Table 6.

Total Beds

The hospitals of the Hawaiian Archipelago, like those of the mainland, have steadily increased in total bed capacity during the past two decades. In the latter, total beds have increased from 893,000 to 1,469,000 in the period of study, with a temporary wartime peak of 1,739,000. Total beds in the Territory numbered 2845 in 1928, 4687 in 1947.

Both nationally and locally, this increase in beds has been spread among the various major types of hospital. In general hospitals, the continental growth from 363,000 to 641,000 beds between 1928 and 1946 has been paralleled by a similar expansion (1944 to 2064) in local general beds. Beds in tuberculosis sanatoria were increasing from 812 to 1027 in Hawaii at the same time they were rising from 62,000 to 83,000 on the mainland. In "all other" hospitals, the total beds in the Islands mushroomed from 600 in 1928 to 1333 eighteen years later, as compared to a corresponding mainland growth from 467,000 to 744,000. Yearly data are cited in Table 7.

Among local general hospitals, those located in the two largest cities have added beds much more rapidly than those in small towns and rural areas. The metropolitan institutions almost doubled total capacity between 1928 and 1947, rising from 500 to 953 beds. The non-metropolitan total of 933 beds in 1928 had grown to only 1130 by 1947, after a Depression low of 805 and a short-lived wartime high of 1360. Among the non-metropolitan areas, only Kauai County has lost beds. Rural Oahu, in two decades, increased from 180 to 223 general beds; rural Hawaii, from 235 to 314; and Maui County, from 316 to 473. The high hospital mortality on Kauai, however, reduced total general beds from 202 to 120. Complete information is given in Table 8.

Data on total bed capacity gain added significance when expressed as a ratio of total population.⁵⁶ In total beds per 1,000 inhabitants, the mainland has outdistanced Hawaii; the former was somewhat behind in 1928, with 7.4 beds per 1,000, against the Territory's 8.2, but by 1946 was well ahead, 10.4 to 8.5. The Island figure has ranged from a low of 7.6 beds per 1,000 population in 1930 to a 1940 high of 9.5. In 1947, the Territory could tally 8.9 beds for each thousand persons, enough to serve slightly less than one per cent of the population at any one time.

Much the same trend has been apparent in general bed capacity per 1,000 inhabitants. Nationally, there were 3.0 such beds in 1928, 4.5 in 1946; during the same time, the figure for the Islands fell from 4.1 to 4.0, despite some violent fluctuations in the 1930s and early 1940s. Surprisingly enough, small town and rural facilities have been considerably more extensive than those in Honolulu and Hilo. General beds in the two large cities have ranged from 2.7 to 4.0 per 1,000, standing at 3.2 in 1947; non-metropolitan general beds have numbered 3.7 per 1,000 at their lowest, 5.9 at their highest, and 5.0 in 1947.

⁴⁶Population data from Territorial Board of Health (see Table 61) and Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1947.

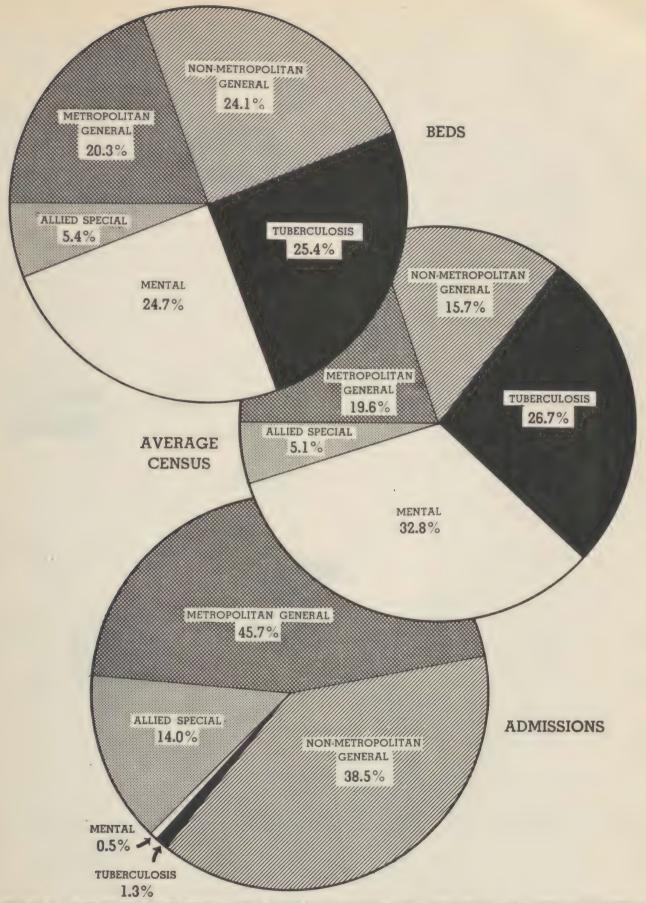


FIGURE 3—DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL BEDS, AVERAGE CENSUS, AND ADMISSIONS, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947

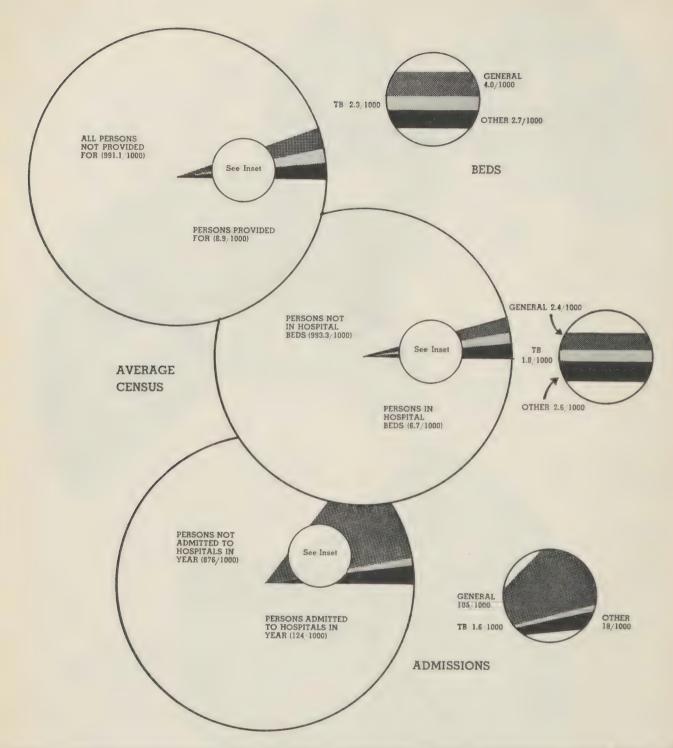


FIGURE 4—PROPORTION OF POPULATION PROVIDED WITH HOSPITAL BEDS, OCCUPYING HOSPITAL BEDS, AND ADMITTED (ANNUALLY) TO HOSPITALS, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947¹

SOURCE: TABLES 52b AND 61.

Size of arcs somewhat exaggerated for graphic purposes.

The Territory has consistently maintained relatively more beds for tuberculous patients than can be found in the 48 states. Latest figures show 0.6 beds per 1,000 persons on the mainland, in contrast to 2.3 in the Territory. Neither area has witnessed significant change during the last twenty years. The Island tuberculosis rate has exceeded the mainland rate for a number of decades.

Considerable expansion has occurred among all other hospitals. In the continental United States, there were 3.9 beds per 1,000 inhabitants in 1928, 5.3 in 1946; in Hawaii, there were 1.7 such beds in 1928,

2.7 in 1947.

Total beds per 1,000 population information is

listed in Table 9.

Bassinet capacity—a topic closely related to number of beds—has increased rapidly in Hawaii. Only 67 bassinets were reported in 1928, of which 57 were in general hospitals. In 1947, almost 400 were reported, of which 309 were in general hospitals. This trend has roughly paralleled events on the mainland, except that local increases have been, percentagewise, of much greater magnitude. Between 1928 and 1946, total bassinets in institutions on the continent increased from 43,313 to 84,145, most of them in general hospitals. The ratio of metropolitan to non-metropolitan bassinets in the Islands has changed but little during the period under study. Data on total bassinets are given in Tables 10 and 11.

Hospital Service Statistics

Average Census

The total number of persons occupying hospital beds at any one time has been steadily rising both in the Islands and in the continental United States. In 1929, when average census data first became available for Hawaii, there was a daily average of 2080 persons in local hospitals. By 1947, this figure had risen to 3541, the highest in local medical history. On the mainland, meanwhile, the number had increased from 703,000 in 1928, to 1,239,000 in 1946.

This growth in average daily census has become apparent for all major types of hospital. Among Hawaii's general hospitals, the average census was 824 in 1929, 1252 in 1947. The four county tuberculosis sanatoria averaged a total of 696 patients at the earlier date, 947 a year ago. For all other hospitals in the Territory, the average census had risen from 560 to 1342 during the period. These trends mirrored similar developments in the States, except that there the growth was considerably faster among general hospitals and much slower in tuberculosis sanatoria.

In the Islands, general hospitals in Honolulu and Hilo have witnessed greater increases in average daily census than their non-metropolitan counterparts. Rural and small town general hospitals have fluctuated widely since 1929, ranging from a low average census of 450 in 1931 to a high of 707 in 1940. In 1929, these institutions totaled an average census of 504, compared to a 1947 total of 557. The metropolitan general hospitals have maintained a rather steady growth, and their total average census has gone from 320 in 1929 to 695 (the high to date) in 1947. Three of the non-metropolitan subdivisions have experienced mild

increases between the two years, while Kauai County has declined (106 to 75). In 1947, Maui County had a total average general hospital census of 215; rural Hawaii, 155; rural Oahu, 112; and Kauai County, 75.

Total average census per 1,000 population has been somewhat lower in the Territory relative to the United States for a number of years. In other words, a greater percentage of the population on the mainland could be found in hospitals at any one time than was the case with the population of the Islands. Of each 1,000 persons on the mainland in 1929, just six occupied hospital beds at any one time, compared to a local figure of 5.8. In the year following World War II. 8.8 persons per 1.000 were in hospitals on an average day on the continent, in contrast to the 6.5 patients in Hawaii. It cannot be said whether this difference is a result of less need for hospitalization among islanders (in turn dependent upon a younger population or more healthful climate) or of greater unwillingness or inability to take advantage of hospital facilities when need arises.

There are interesting variations in the pattern of general hospital use. In 1929, the average daily census of Hawaii's general hospitals relative to population was appreciably above the mainland figure (2.3 compared to 1.9 per 1,000 inhabitants). The situation was reversed during the war years, and in 1946 the continental United States ratio was 3.5, that of the Territory still only 2.3. The overall Island data have changed little throughout the years. The only major contrasts have appeared between metropolitan and non-metropolitan institutions. Rural and small town general hospitals counted an average census of 2.5 per 1,000 population in 1947, 0.2 more than the metropolitan hospitals—an advantage held in like or larger degree every year (except 1942-1944) since 1932. Normally, urban service establishments (retail as well as medical) exert an influence far beyond the city limits, thereby resulting in a higher per capita usage than that scored by rural and small town establishments; but this is not the case with hospitals in Hawaii. Plantation health policies toward personnel have been largely responsible for this differential.

Neither local nor mainland tuberculosis sanatoria have changed in their relative service since the late 1920s. Such institutions in the States had a total average census of 0.4 per 1,000 population in 1929 and again in 1946. The respective Territorial figures were 1.9 and 1.8. The typical Island resident was thus more than four times as likely to be found in a tuberculosis sanatorium as the average mainland resident.

All other hospitals (maternity, mental, and the like) served a much greater proportion of persons in the States than in Hawaii in the past two decades. In 1929, these institutions had an average daily census of 3.6 persons per 1,000 population on the mainland, 1.6 in the Islands. In 1946, the corresponding

figures were 4.8 and 2.4.

From these data can be deduced a person's chances of occupying a hospital bed at any given time. If he lives in one of the 48 states, he has nine chances in a thousand, of which almost five are that his hospital will be neither a general nor a tuberculosis institution. If he resides in the Hawaiian Islands, his chances are less than seven in a thousand, almost equally divided among general, tuberculosis, and "all other" hospitals.

⁶⁷There is some evidence of incomplete reporting.

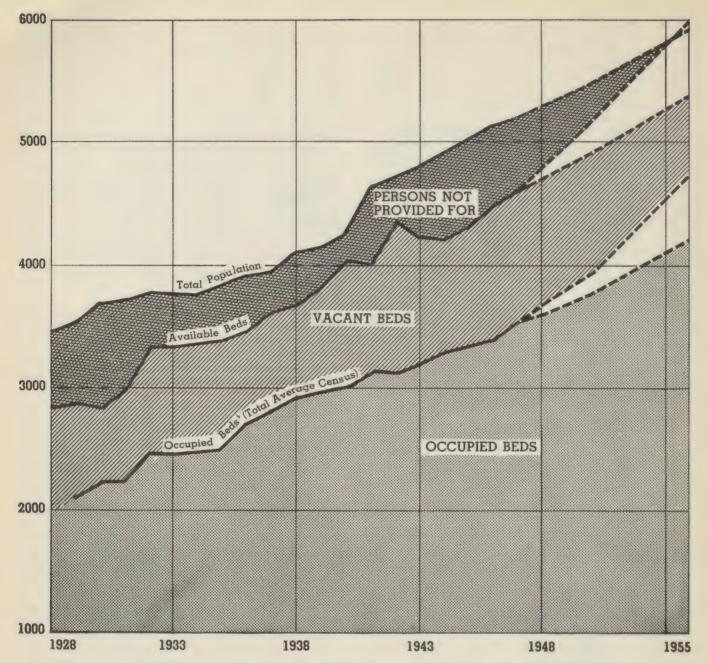


FIGURE 5—TRENDS IN POPULATION¹ OF ISLANDS AND AVAILABLE BEDS AND AVERAGE CENSUS OF ALL HOSPITALS, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1955²

SOURCE: TABLES 7, 12 AND 61.

Average census data are given in Tables 12, 13 and 14, and in Figs. 3, 4 and 5.

Percentage Occupancy

Percentage occupancy is relatively limited in meaning. A high rate may indicate either a high level of hospital usage (due to high morbidity or unusual ability or willingness to utilize facilities with normal needs) or a low level of bed capacity (relative to typical needs). A low rate may indicate, conversely, either

exceptionally little usage (despite average needs) or overexpansion of facilities.

In recent years, overall bed occupancy rates for the mainland have been several points above those for island establishments. The local percentage occupancy has ranged from 72 to 80, the most recent figure (1947) lying at 76. The continental United States figure, within the past two decades, has lain between 75.1 in 1944 and 84.4 in 1946.

Much the same generalization applies to general

¹For graphic purposes population expressed as one-hundredth of actual total.

Actual 1928-1947, "high" and "low" estimates for 1948-1955.

hospitals. The most recently available data give the States an average occupancy of 77.4 per cent (highest in the whole period); the Islands, 60 per cent. The mainland low, 59.9 per cent, was reached in 1933. Occupancy in Hawaii has ranged between 56 and 66 per cent.

Great differences exist between metropolitan and non-metropolitan general hospitals in the Islands. In 1947, Honolulu and Hilo general hospitals had an average occupancy of 73 per cent; all other general hospitals, of 49 per cent. Although the difference was less marked in earlier years, it has been a pretty regular one. For many years, rural Hawaii had the lowest occupancy (40 to 56 per cent). In 1947, Kauai County was first with 62 per cent; rural Oahu, second with 50 per cent; rural Hawaii, third with 49 per cent; and Maui County, last with 45 per cent. The war years, which witnessed the highest occupancy rates in Honolulu and Hilo (mostly the former), found the greatest decline in the non-metropolitan regions. These variations in occupancy rates can be explained in large measure by population pressures. Furthermore, a lower average percentage occupancy is char-

acteristic of small hospitals like those found in non-metropolitan Hawaii.⁵⁸

Since 1934, tuberculosis sanatoria in the Territory have been more crowded than those in the United States. The mainland occupancy range of 74.4 (in 1946) to 87.1 per cent (in 1938) over the past twenty years has been matched by local figures of 80 (in 1947) to 91 per cent (in 1939 and 1946).

The rather tight situation in "all other" hospitals has occurred in both local and mainland institutions. During the war these establishments ran as high as 112 per cent occupancy in Hawaii, and as low as 87 per cent. The mainland extremes have been 90 and 93 per cent (both before World War II). No definite trend has been apparent in either area. The most recent tabulations ascribe 91.5 per cent occupancy to "all other" mainland hospitals, 95 per cent to local institutions.

Tables 15 and 16 and Fig. 6 are concerned with percentage occupancy data.

⁵⁸Data found in the Territory are comparable with mainland ratios established by C. Horace Hamilton, "Normal Occupancy Rate in the General Hospital," Hospitals, September 1946.

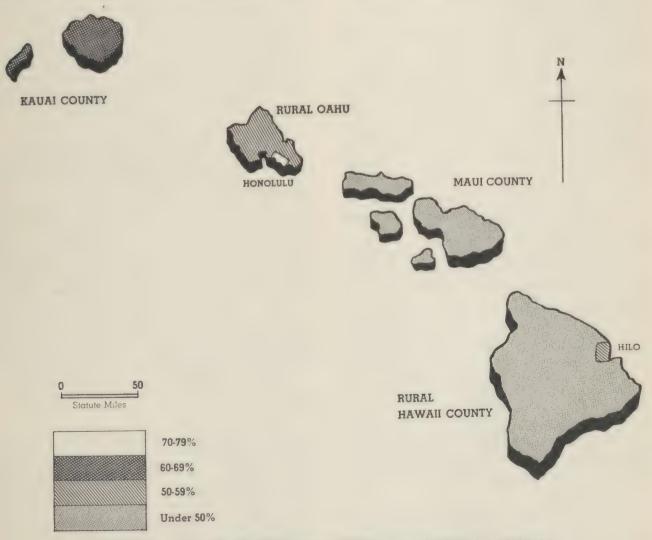


FIGURE 6—AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OCCUPANCY OF GENERAL HOSPITALS, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947

Admissions

The increase in total admissions has outstripped that in average census by a rather large margin. This fact has been true both in mainland and Island hospitals. It is partly to be accounted for by scientific advances which permit shorter average length of stay. There is some reason to believe that the sick and injured now seek hospital service for the lesser as well as major medical problems. The growth of hospital insurance plans has also been significant.

Between 1931 (when admissions data first became available in a uniform series) and the postwar period, the number of persons annually admitted to all hospitals almost doubled. This fact was true for both local and mainland institutions. Total hospital admissions steadily advanced from 31.053 in 1931 to 65,198 in 1947 in the Territory. On the mainland, the 1931 total of 7,156,000 contrasted strongly with the

1946 figures of 15,153,000.

Most of this increase seems to have occurred in the general hospitals. On the national level, admissions to general hospitals increased from 6,322,000 to 14,052,000; locally, from 27,270 to 54,894. Thus, in both cases, general institutions were responsible for by far the largest proportion of total admissions. Latest published data indicate that 92.7 per cent of all persons admitted to hospitals in the states entered general hospitals. The Hawaii percentage was 84.2.

Locally, the 17-year increase in number of admissions was most apparent in the metropolitan general hospitals. These more than doubled, with 11,596 in 1931 and 29,818 in 1947. The rural and small town general hospitals admitted 15,674 in 1931, and 25,076 in 1947—a growth of less than two-thirds.⁵⁹ Among the non-metropolitan areas in 1947, Maui County was the leader with more than ten thousand admissions (almost twice the number achieved in 1931). Rural Oahu and rural Hawaii followed, with 5,765 and 5,351, respectively, and Kauai County was last with 3,374. In the period of study, rural Hawaii and Kauai County exhibited the slowest growth in number of admissions, and Maui County the fastest.

Tuberculosis sanatoria have had an irregular growth in total admissions. About 100,000 patients were admitted to these institutions in the continental United States in 1946, compared to earlier totals which fluctuated broadly between 81,000 and 102,000. The inclusion of a number of general patients in the totals for Kula Sanatorium on Maui reduces the comparability of local data before 1939. Since then, admissions to the four county sanatoria have risen rather steadily from less than 600 to 846. It is less likely that incidence of this disease has increased than that educational and case-finding programs have ferreted out a number of previously undiscovered cases.

Number of admissions to "all other" hospitals has increased rapidly in the Islands. From 2,877 in 1931, the number grew to 9,458 in 1947, more than a three-fold increase. Between 1931 and 1946, admissions to "all other" hospitals on the mainland rose from

754,000 to 1,002,000.

These comparisons are no less surprising when related to total population. Of each 1,000 inhabitants in the States, 58 entered a hospital in 1931, compared

to 107 in 1946. The same years witnessed a growth in overall admissions in the Territory from 83 to 117 per 1,000 population. Thus a resident of the Islands has an appreciably greater chance of entering a hospital sometime during the year than his countryman in the States. In both places, a larger percentage of the population is going to hospitals than in past years. One out of eight persons in Hawaii did so in 1947.

Different patterns are evident for different types of general hospitals. Since 1932 a larger percentage of non-metropolitan than metropolitan residents has been admitted to these institutions, although this relationship was temporarily reversed during the war years. In 1947, admissions to Honolulu and Hilo general hospitals equaled just 10 per cent of the population of those two cities; for all other island areas, the corresponding figure was 11 per cent. In a number of earlier years an even greater difference was observed. All general hospitals in the Territory admitted 10.5 per cent of the population in 1947, making the chances about one in ten that a resident of Hawaii would enter a general hospital during that year. In 1946, the year of most recent comparable data, admissions per 1,000 population to general establishments numbered 99 in the Islands, 100 on the mainland. Prior to 1944, the local figure consistently surpassed that of the States.

There has been little variation, either locally or nationally, in the proportion of the population entering tuberculosis sanatoria; and the Island percentage has always been about double that of the States. 60 In 1946, 0.7 persons per 1,000 population were admitted to mainland tuberculosis hospitals, compared to 1.4

in the Hawaiian Islands.

The percentage of the population entering all other hospitals has greatly increased in Hawaii (if not on the mainland), so that at the present time almost two per cent of the Territory's inhabitants enter one of these establishments each year. In 1931, six per 1,000 persons were admitted to such mainland institutions, compared to eight in the Islands. The most recent data increase the mainland figure to seven, the local one to eighteen. Most of the eighteen enter either Kapiolani Maternity and Gynecological or Kauikeolani Children's Hospitals; admissions to Shriners' or Territorial hospitals are not very numerous.

In summary, then, an ever greater proportion of the population of the Territory is entering hospitals. One out of eight persons was admitted to a hospital (of any kind) in 1947, one out of ten to a general hospital, and one out of fifty to a tuberculosis sanatorium, mental hospital or allied special institution.

Admissions data are given in Tables 17, 18, and

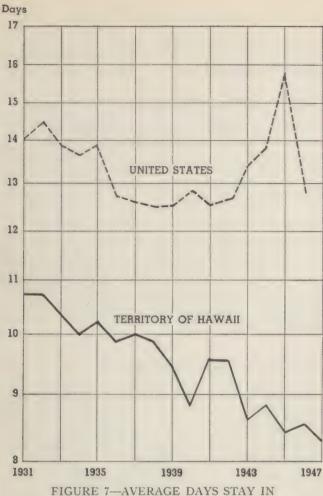
19, and Figs. 3 and 4.

Average Length of Stay

One of the major phenomena of recent hospital history has been the drastic reduction in average length of stay. The historical introduction of this study traced the progress of this reduction in one major general hospital in Honolulu between 1859 and 1947. Territory-wide data (as well as mainland statis-

⁵⁹ These rates of increase corresponded rather closely to changes in number of inhabitants.

⁶⁰Local data before 1939 not comparable because Kula Sanatorium also took general patients. The greater rate of incidence in Hawaii accounts for the differential in admissions. Official and voluntary health agencies have in addition been exceptionally active in educational and case-finding programs in the Hawaiian Islands.



GURE 7—AVERAGE DAYS STAY IN GENERAL HOSPITALS UNITED STATES AND HAWAII 1931–1947¹

SOURCE: TABLE 20.

¹Logarithmic vertical scale.

tics) indicate a similar trend since 1931.⁶¹ Medical advances seem to have been primarily responsible, although a changing philosophy toward early ambulation and social and economic factors have had a share in this trend.

Unfortunately, available data do not permit an exact comparison between Hawaii and the continental United States. Military hospitals, for example, are omitted from Territorial data. The composition of the category called "all other hospitals" in this study differs locally from the mainland, where mental institutions (noted for long average stay) are more predominant. These factors influence average length of stay more than any other phase of hospital statistics.

In any case, it is obvious that the average has declined both nationally and locally. All hospitals reported an average length of stay of 40 days in the United States and 26 days in the Hawaiian Islands in 1931. By 1946 these figures had fallen to 29.9 days for the States and 20.4 days for the Territory. The decline has been less precipitous in recent years.

A similar trend is evident among general hospitals. In the Islands they once were characterized by an average stay of 10.7 days (1931 and 1932), but by 1947 the average was at an all-time low of only 8.3 days. During the period 1932–1946, the United States general hospital average declined from 14.5 to 12.9 days (it was 12.5 in 1938, '39 and '41). Among mainland general hospitals in 1946, those operated by the government (federal, state and local) averaged 22.1 days; those operated by non-profit associations, 9.6 days; and proprietary, 6.3 days. The influence of economic factors is obvious in these data.

When analyzed by place of location, general hospitals in the Territory of Hawaii disclose interesting variations. In the past seventeen years, the nonmetropolitan establishments have had longer average stays than those in the two largest cities only four times. The latter have lowered their average from 11.1 days (in 1931) to 8.5 days (in 1947). The rural and small town general hospitals have fallen from their 1931 level of 10.5 days to the 1947 average of 8.1. During this period, different areas have fluctuated a good deal. In 1947, rural Oahu had the shortest average stay (7.1 days), followed by Maui County (7.4), Kauai County (8.1), and rural Hawaii County (10.6). Among the two big cities, Hilo always has had a longer average stay than Honolulu, largely because of the presence of the county-operated Hilo Memorial Hospital. In the Islands as in the States, governmentally-operated establishments have usually been characterized by long average lengths of stay.

In recent years⁶³ the four tuberculosis sanatoria in the Territory have exhibited appreciably longer average lengths of stay than those on the mainland. In 1946, the local average was 486 days, compared to a continental United States average of less than 227 days.⁶⁴ Admittedly, this figure was rather high for the Hawaiian institutions, which more recently (in 1947) averaged only 408.5 days. The data—and not too much significance must be attached to them, for various statistical reasons—fail to indicate any clear

trend, either in the Islands or elsewhere.

"All other hospitals" is too all-inclusive a category to provide much in the way of meaningful statistics, but certain trends seem evident. Nationally, average length of stay in these establishments reached a peak in 1940 (almost 300 days) and since has been declining, so that in 1946 it had fallen to 248 days. The Island summit was achieved in 1933 (about 97 days), followed by a rather steady fall to the 1947 mark of 52 days. Direct comparisons between the two areas based on these data are unwise because of the differing compositions of the category. An overall downward trend in these miscellaneous institutions is evident, however.

Perhaps more significance can be gleaned from the local "all others" category by removing Territorial Hospital for the mentally ill, and confining the data to the three allied special institutions. As recently as 1933, average length of stay at these three hospitals was 12.8 days. After 1939, when the average was 9.8,

⁶¹When the data necessary to compute length of stay (average census and total admissions) first became available.

 ^{62&}quot;Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the A.M.A., 133:1074.
 65After 1938, the last year in which Kula Sanatorium served general as well as tuberculous patients.

⁶⁴Possibly because lack of facilities on the mainland creates preference for minimal cases amenable to treatment, while both early and advanced cases are given care in Hawaii.

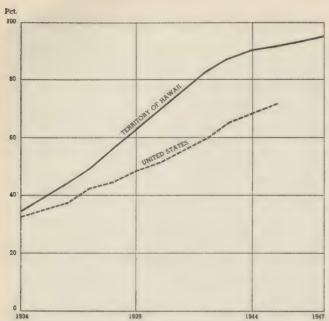


FIGURE 8—PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL LIVE BIRTHS
OCCURRING IN HOSPITALS
UNITED STATES AND HAWAII
1934–1947

SOURCE: TABLE 23.

the decline was rapid—9.1 days in 1940, 8.0 in 1942, and 7.2 in each of the years 1945 through 1947. This improvement in average length of stay appeared concomitantly with changes in total bed capacity (from 76 in 1928 and 1929 to 255 in 1947), average census (48 in 1929, 179 in 1947), admissions (2610 in 1931, 9111 in 1947—most of the growth since 1940), and bassinets (6 reported in 1928, 87 in 1947). Average occupancy in these two decades ranged from a low of 59 per cent (in 1930) to a high of 88 per cent (1942). Other years in which these establishments were crowded to a high degree were 1939, 1941 (both 79 per cent), 1943 (83 per cent), and 1944 (78 per cent). The occupancy in 1947 averaged 70 per cent.

Tables 20, 21 and 22 list average length of stay. The last named gives summary data of all types for the three "allied special" hospitals in the Islands. Average days stay is portrayed graphically in Figs. 1 and 7.

Live Births

The proportion of live births occurring in hospitals is quite high in the Islands, and the percentage is steadily increasing. In 1934, slightly less than a third of mainland-born infants were delivered in hospitals, in comparison with a figure of slightly more than a third in the Territory. By 1945 (year of most recent comparable data), the mainland ratio had increased to about three-fourths (90.8 per cent in the cities,

⁶⁶No bassinets reported in the period 1929-1932, probably because of incompleteness of the A.M.A. census.

61.4 per cent in rural areas), and the Island percentage to 93.8. Thus Hawaii, with a greater percentage of hospital-delivered babies than the continental United States since 1934, has also progressed much faster. Comparative data are given in Table 23 and Fig. 8.

When analyzed according to usual place of residence, live birth data for the Territory are still more encouraging. Rural areas are characteristically far behind the cities in obstetrical facilities and practices, yet in 1947 only rural Hawaii County had appreciably fewer births in hospitals than the capital city of the Territory. In Honolulu, 93.7 per cent of live births occurred in hospitals, compared to 95.7 per cent in Hilo, 93.5 per cent in rural Oahu, 90.8 per cent in rural Hawaii County, 94.3 per cent in Maui County, and 96.5 per cent in Kauai County. The great advance since 1934 can be seen in Table 24. Percentage marks in that year were: Honolulu, 40; Hilo, 31; and the four rural areas, 19 to 49. Much of the credit for this progress must go to the medical profession, public health workers, and the plantation hospitals, which have consistently pushed the cause of better obstetrical practices in their areas.

Intercorrelations

Intercorrelations were calculated for seven measures of service and facilities in the Territory in 1947. The ranks of each of thirty general or allied special hospitals (for which full data were available) in each of these measures were determined. Rho values were then obtained (see Table 62).⁶⁷

Admissions data correlated most highly with other measures of service. A large admissions figure for a hospital proved almost invariably to be an index of high bed capacity, large average census, high occupancy, and location in a populous town. Cost per patient day was also closely related to annual admissions, but this was not the case with average length of stay.

Bed capacity, percentage occupancy, and average census also correlated rather uniformly well with other measures, while slightly lower rho values were evident in the cases of population of town in which located and cost per patient day.

Least relationship to other criteria of service was displayed by average length of stay. There was a slight tendency for longer average stays to be associated with high occupancy ratios. ⁶⁸ Other criteria correlated negatively with average length of stay. ⁶⁹

Thus there was, in 1947, a tendency for location in a large town, high bed capacity, large average census, numerous admissions, high occupancy ratios, and expensiveness of operation to occur together. Conversely, small town locations, low capacities, few admissions, vacant beds and low cost per patient day were usually found together. Long (or short) average stays were associated with all types of hospitals and communities.

^{*}Kapiolani Maternity and Gynecological, Kauikeolani Children's, and Shriners' Hospital for Crippled Children—which, with Territorial Hospital, comprise the institutions lumped together as "all others" in the summary tables.

⁶⁷Rho (ρ) is a measure of correlation from ranks. Perfect correlation is indicated by $\rho=+1.00$ or (if inverse) $\rho=-1.00$. Complete lack of correlation is indicated by $\rho=.00$.

 $^{^{68}}P = +.14.$ $^{69}P = -.04 \text{ to } -.40.$

Economic Correlations

Implicit in many of the trends described in the preceding pages is the influence of the economic condition of the Territory. Casual examination of fluctuations in number of admissions, average length of stay, and other criteria of hospital use suggest a definite relationship with the business cycle. This apparent relationship has often been remarked on the main-

land, and occasionally in an Island context.

A brief study was therefore made of the correlations between hospital statistics and economic conditions in the Territory. The hospital data were taken from the sources noted previously. Economic well-being was measured by the per capita buying power of the Islands. The total taxable income from wages, salaries and dividends as supplied by the Territorial Tax Commissioner's Office was chosen as a fair index of total income. This series of figures was reduced to a per capita basis through use of estimates of total population made by the Territorial Board of Health, then expressed in terms of 1943 buying power by dividing by the national or Honolulu consumers' price index. For each factor the years 1933-1941 and 1946 and 1947 were ranked one through eleven. 70 Rank-order correlations were then made.

Of the four categories of hospitals considered in this correlational study—all hospitals, all general hospitals, metropolitan (Honolulu and Hilo) general hospitals, and non-metropolitan general hospitals—the last named, rural and small town general hospitals, displayed most sensitivity to the business cycle. Almost invariably, both bed capacity and total admissions (both per 1,000 population) increased in times of prosperity and slumped during a depression.72 Average length of stay usually was highest when incomes were lowest, although in this case the relationship was far from perfect.78 A high correlation was shown by metropolitan hospitals only in average length of stay,74 and by all general hospitals and total hospitals (all types of service) only in average stay and ratio of admissions.75 Admittedly, the high correlations between income and average length of stay may partly be explained by the coincidental secular trends in local economic expansion and worldwide hospital advances (toward shorter length of stay and more admissions). Adjustment for these factors would undoubtedly reveal a less impressive relationship between per capita buying power and hospital usage.
Of the seven types of hospital statistics considered

Of the seven types of hospital statistics considered for correlation with economic data, both admissions per 1,000 population and average length of stay fluctuated in close harmony with the business cycle. For all types of hospital, admissions increased and average stay decreased in boom times; while in a

period of recession, the converse was true. Average stay correlated most highly in the case of total hospitals, least highly with non-metropolitan general hospitals.76 Admissions data exhibited the best correlations among non-metropolitan general hospitals, the lowest with their metropolitan counterparts. 77 Average percentage occupancy, number of hospitals, average census per 1,000 population, and average size (bed capacity) of hospitals were all higher in good times than in bad, but the relationship was not especially close. 78 Beds per 1,000 population correlated highly only in the case of non-metropolitan general hospitals; the reverse of this positive relationship was true, to a degree, among Honolulu and Hilo general hospitals, where good times were associated with fewer beds relative to the population.79 It was felt unnecessary to consider the relationship of live births occurring in hospitals and economic factors.81

There was no apparent lag between economic factors and hospital usage, so that forecasting of next year's hospital trends through knowledge of this year's per capita buying power is not appreciably simplified.

Personnel and Special Services

A few comments might be made concerning hospital personnel and specialized services. Recent (1947) data are available for number of residents, internes, laboratory technicians, registered nurses, student nurses, and practical nurses and attendants in each hospital. Similar information is available for 1947 regarding the use of clinical laboratories, an x-ray department, pathologist and roentgenologist. This material is summarized in Tables 26, 27 and 60. For the major Honolulu hospitals, yearly figures for numbers of x-ray examinations, surgical operations and laboratory examinations are listed for the years 1934–1947 in Tables 53 to 59.

In the 44 civilian hospitals (exclusive of those devoted to leprous and feeble-minded patients) surveyed by the Territorial Department of Health early in 1948⁸¹, there were 32 residents, 21 internes, 56 laboratory technicians, 664 registered nurses, 344 student nurses, and 755 practical nurses and attendants. Of the forty-four, 39 hospitals offered x-ray facilities, 31 possessed a clinical laboratory, 11 employed a full-time pathologist, and nine had a full-time roentgenologist. The metropolitan general hospitals, with three times the average bed capacity of the non-metropolitan general hospitals, were equally as far ahead in number and diversity of personnel and specialized services. The allied special hospitals closely approached them in this respect.

Laboratory examinations, x-ray examinations and surgical operations have increased appreciably in the major Honolulu hospitals during the past decade or so. Routine diagnostic tests have grown greatly in

⁷⁰Accurate data for years prior to 1933 are not available in all cases. The war years (1942-1945) were omitted because of their abnormal character.

⁷¹Correlation from ranks (rho or ρ) chosen because of approximate nature of some of the data and greater ease of computation. All rho values are listed in Table 25.

⁷²Rhos of +.80 (beds per 1,000 population) and +.88 (admissions per 1,000 population). It must be remembered that a high positive or negative correlation does not necessarily imply a cause-effect relationship.

⁷⁸p = -.72.

 $^{^{74}}P = -.89.$

⁷³Between per capita buying power and average stay, $\rho = -.87$ (for all general hospitals) and -.95 (for all hospitals). Between per capita buying power and admissions per 1,000 population, $\rho = +.69$ (for all general hospitals) and +.81 (for all hospitals).

 $^{^{76}}p = -.95$ and -.72, respectively.

 $^{^{77}}P = +.88$ and +.55, respectively.

 $^{^{78}}$ Rhos ranged between +.07 and +.59.

 $^{^{79}}P = +.80$ (non-metropolitan) and -.47 (metropolitan).

⁸⁰No correlational study was made of proportion of live births occurring in hospitals because the trend in this case is definitely one of secular movement, with little basis in economic considerations.

at The five hospitals not registered with the A.M.A. were included, and two registered hospitals failed to submit data.

quantity and variety and now involve not only chemical and microscopic analyses of blood, tissues, gastric and other body secretions and excretions, but also such procedures as basal metabolism determination, the electrocardiogram and electroencephalographic tracings. The improved solvency of local patients may also be considered a factor in this upward trend.

Future Developments

Methodology

Some value may attach to prognostications of hospital service in Hawaii for a future date. Assuming a fair degree of accuracy in such predictions, the average citizen can anticipate the likelihood of his entering a hospital in future years. More importantly, planners are enabled to determine probable future bed needs from such estimates, and arrange financing and construction programs accordingly. However, it must be remembered that these forecasts are only approximate, and based on assumptions that may not

for long correspond to actual conditions.

A basic assumption underlying the following prognostications is that present trends, extrapolated no more than a decade from the time of most recent available data, provide an adequate forecast of likely future developments. That is to say, no radical deviation from trends discernible during the recent past is expected for a number of years. The enrollment of a large segment of the population in a voluntary hospital insurance plan, as is being done in many states, or adoption of a government-sponsored hospital care program would be such deviations tending to invalidate the following estimates. The probablity of accuracy declines, of course, as forecasts reach farther into the future.

Curves were mathematically fitted to admissions and census data for the Territory and extrapolated to 1950 and 1955. More specifically, total hospital census and admissions (in civilian registered hospitals exclusive of those devoted to lepers and the mentally deficient) per 1,000 population for the Territory were characterized by two trend lines. One such fitted curve embraced the past two decades, thus revealing the long-term trend. The second curve was fitted to data for 1941-1947, to show the recent trend. Both a "low" and a "high" value were thus obtained in the extrapolated values. In most cases a straight-line trend was evident, and the "least squares" method was used throughout. It was felt unwise to attempt projections beyond 1955, eight years after the time of most recent available data. Resulting estimates of census and admissions per 1,000 inhabitants are listed in Table 28.

The estimates thus obtained permitted checking through translation into average length of stay estimates. 82 The census and admissions projections seemed reasonable when so translated, although weakest in the case of 1955 general hospital forecasts. 83

82Translated by formula,

Average stay in days = $\frac{365 \times \text{Estimated average census per 1,000 population}}{\text{Estimated admissions per 1,000 population}}$

It was next necessary to determine the probable resident population of the Hawaiian Islands in 1950 and 1955. Such estimates were obtained by extrapolating "least squares" trend lines fitted to 1929–1947 (which gave "low" estimates of 543 and 591 thousands for 1950 and 1955, respectively) and 1941–1947 (which gave "high" estimates of 557 and 609 thousands) population data for the Territory, then averaging the two sets of projections thus computed. The values finally selected were 550,000 in 1950 and 600,000 in 1955. In the light of recent developments, both seem rather conservative.

The hospital census and admissions values estimated earlier were then applied to these population projections to obtain total average census and admissions. Both "high" and "low" estimates were made for 1950 and 1955. Limitations of data and similarity of "high" and "low" projections made only a "medium" estimate possible in a few cases, however. These forecasts

are given in Table 30.

Finally, percentage occupancy figures were assumed for future years, and applied to the above total census estimates to obtain the total number of needed beds. Past trends in occupancy were projected to 1950 and 1955, but tempered by consideration of ideal standards and likely local developments. Total required beds thus determined (and given in Table 31) were compared with actual beds existing in registered civilian hospitals in 1947 to find the number of beds needed beyond additional facilities (see Table 32). These needs, it must be remembered, concern only net additional beds, disregarding the need for replacement beds caused by inferior construction, obsolescence, overcrowding or other reasons.

Findings

Compared to 1947 data, a somewhat larger total average census and number of admissions per 1,000 population can be expected in the Islands in the next decade. That is to say, at any one time a greater proportion of the population than at present will be occupying beds in registered hospitals in the Territory, and in any future year a larger percentage of the population will be admitted to hospitals. The degree of estimated increase varies according to type of service: tuberculosis sanatoria, in fact, will probably contain a smaller proportion of the population in 1955 than in 1947. Admissions seem destined to rise faster relative to number of inhabitants than total average census. The reasons for these developments have been noted in the preceding paragraphs. Complete data are given in Table 28.

Partly because of the increased per capita use of hospital facilities predicted above, partly as a result of expanding population, an absolute increase in total average census and admissions appears probable for the next decade. Using the methodology explained above, an estimate of 1360 to 1430 total average census was obtained for general hospitals in 1950, and 1590 to 1810 in 1955 (the 1947 absolute figure was 1252). Total admissions, 54,894 in local general hospitals in 1947, are estimated at 56,700 to 63,140 in 1950, and 62,340 to 73,800 in 1955. Similar growth in service statistics is forecast for tuberculosis and "all other" hospitals (see Table 30 and Fig. 5).

If adequate occupancy ratios are to be maintained,

⁸³If these "high" and "low" estimates are correct, little future decline in average length of stay is perceivable; general hospitals, in fact, may increase after 1950— if three of the four possible combinations of extreme ("high" and "low") estimates occur. Such combination of extreme values is quite unlikely, however, so that continued (but more gradual) decline of average length of stay in general hospitals in actuality can be expected. See Table 29.

a large number of beds will be necessary. A minimum of 2090 beds in general hospitals, 1210 in tuberculosis sanatoria, 44 and 1600 in all other registered hospitals are indicated for 1950; five years later, the respective minimums (as estimated above) should be 2450, 1280 and 1860. These prognostications are listed in Table 31 and Fig. 5.

These needs become more meaningful when expressed as number of beds required in addition to the number available in 1947. By 1950, general hospitals should add from 7 to 117 beds (plus replacement beds)

over the 1947 level, and 367 to 697 more by 1955. Tuberculosis sanatoria will need 21 to 71 net additional beds by 1950, 91 to 221 by 1955. "All other" hospitals (mental and allied special) have the greatest needs: 185 to 275 more beds by 1950, 445 to 565 more than in 1947 by 1955. A total building program (exclusive of replacement requirements) of 213 to 463 beds is indicated by 1950, of 903 to 1483 beds more than existed in 1947 by 1955. It will thus be necessary to increase total available beds by about a third within the next seven years. ³⁶

⁸⁴The high figures for tuberculosis sanatoria may seem inconsistent with the decreasing rate of incidence in the Territory. These estimates are justified, however, by the population increase and improved percentage occupancies anticipated for future years.

SAn analysis by area is admittedly needed as a basis for any final action, because of the different situations existing in metropolitan and non-metropolitan general hospitals. The figures quoted above cover the entire Territory, without regard for spatial distribution; a breakdown by area would require separate population estimates for metropolitan and rural and small town areas. It is safe to say, however, that most of the beds needed by 1950 and 1955 should be allocated to Honolulu and Hilo, where both occupancy rates and population growth are greatest. From a statistical point of view (and ignoring structural and other factors), the non-metropolitan areas could receive adequate service from present facilities for a number of years yet to come.

⁸⁶Full data in Table 32.

Table 1
HOSPITALS IN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS
BY LOCATION, TYPE, AND YEARS OF OPERATION
1778-1947¹

CITY	NAME OF HOSPITAL	TYPE OF SERVICE	YEAR ESTABLISHED	YEAR
Island of Oahu				
Honolulu	U. S. Hospital ²	General and convalescent (for U. S. seamen)	1837	c.1875
66	English Hospital ³	General and convalescent (for British seamen)	1841	c.1854
ct	French Hospital	General and convalescent (for French seamen)	c.1845	c.1850
a ·	City Hospital	General	18534	c.1856
ш	The Queen's Hospital	General	1859	S
"	Kalihi Hospital	Leprosy	1865	S
Honolulu-Kaneohe	Oahu Asylum for the Insane (Territorial Hospital) ⁵	Mental illness	1866-1930	S
Honolulu	Branch Leper Hospital	Leprosy	1881	c.1895
44	Small-Pox Hospital	Small-pox (temporary)	1881	1882
66	Kapiolani Maternity and Gynecological Hospital	Maternity	1890	S
Ewa	Ewa Plantation Hospital	General (plantation)	1890	s ?
Honolulu	Chinese Hospital ⁶	General	1897	?
Waialua ·	Waialua Agricultural Company Hospital	General (plantation)	1898	S
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1898	S
Aiea	Aiea Community Hospital ⁷	General	1898	S
Honolulu	Leahi Hospital	Tuberculosis	1900	S
"	Kuakini Hospital ⁸	General	1900	S
•	Tripler Hospital	General (military)	19079	S
Schofield Bks.	26th Station Hospital	General (military)	1909	s s ?
Honolulu	Kauikeolani Children's Hospital	Pediatric	1909	S
Wahiawa	Briggs Sanatorium ¹⁰	Chronic	1911	
Kahuku	Kahuku Hospital	General (plantation)	1912	S
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval Hospital	General (military)	1917	S
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Mentally deficient	1920	S
Honolulu	Shriners' Hospital for Crippled Children	Orthopedic	1923	S 11
Waianae Honolulu	Waianae Hospital	General (plantation)	1927	
	Saint Francis Hospital	General	1927	S 12
Waimanalo Waipahu	Waimanalo Hospital	General (plantation) General	1933	
Waipanu Wahiawa	The Tamura Hospital Mack Hospital	General	1933	c.1943
"Valliawa	Wahiawa General Hospital	General	194214	C.1943
Honolulu	Sacred Hearts Emergency Hospital		1942	1944
Aiea	Aiea Naval Hospital	Emergency General (military)	1942	1944 S

Dates of operation from "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the A.M.A. (92:1117, 94:987 and 96:1085); American and Canadian Hospitals, 2d ed. American Hospital Directory, 1946; questionnaires returned by the hospitals; and miscellaneous sources mentioned in the text. The most reasonable date was chosen in case of disagreement among sources. Although an attempt has been made to list all hospitals ever operated in the Islands, it is undoubtedly true that some establishments have been missed. The 1946 and 1947 data, from Territorial Board of Health listings are probably complete; the 1928-1945 figures are, for the most part, confined to hospitals registered with the American Medical Association; and data for the period prior to 1928 are based largely on scattered historical sources. Thus some small, unregistered hospitals no longer in operation have, in all likelihood, been missed. Furthermore, this table omits mention of lying-in homes, convalescent nursing homes, and the like. Also omitted are unused emergency hospitals erected during wartime, plantation dispensaries, and similar establishments. No record can be found of hospitals on Niihau or Kahoolawe.

² The U. S. Hospital (also known as American Hospital and Honolulu Marine Hospital) occupied the following sites: Waikiki, 1837; ewa-mauka corner of Fort and Hotel Streets, c.1843; Alakea between Beretania and Hotel (ewa side), c.1846; Punchbowl and Beretania, c.1852; premises near Palace Walk, c.1860; plain of Kulaokahua, 1866; King St., 1869; and Punchbowl Street near Beretania, c.1870. Dr. Trousseau operated a clinic at the Punchbowl Street site during the late 1870s

and throughout the 1880s.

² The Hospital for English Seamen occupied the following sites: Ewa-makai corner of Nuuanu and King Streets, April 1841; Pauoa Valley ("Little Greenwich Hospital"), January 1846; and Waikiki Plains ("Little Britain Hospital"), c. 1848.

- ⁴ Successor to the short-lived Hydropathic sanatorium opened by Dr. Ford and Dr. Lathrop in Nuuanu Valley in May 1852 ("Early Hawaiian Medicos," Hawaiian Annual for 1933, p. 57).
- This institution remained in Honolulu until 1930, when it was removed to Kaneohe.
- Opened in Palama, March 4, 1897 (The Friend. April 1897, p. 55).
- ⁷ Formerly a plantation hospital (called Aiea Plantation Hospital).
- Prior to World War II called Japanese Hospital and limited, for the most part, to persons of Japanese ancestry.
- 9 In continuation of facilities established in 1898.
- 10 Paradise of the Pacific, February 1912, p. 17.
- ¹¹Opened before 1928. Later converted into a dispensary, which was closed December 31, 1947.
- ¹²Opened before 1935. Closed after 1937.
- 18Before 1940.
- 14Opened 1942 as an OCD hospital. In 1945 coverted to a general hospital.
- S Still in operation in January 1948.

Table 1 (Continued) HOSPITALS IN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS BY LOCATION, TYPE, AND YEARS OF OPERATION 1778-1947

CITY	NAME OF HOSPITAL	TYPE OF SERVICE	YEAR ESTABLISHED	YEAR
Island of Hawaii				
Hilo	Seaman's Hospital ¹⁵	General and convalescent (U. S. seamen)	c.1855	c.186
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1892	S
Tilo	Hilo Memorial Hospital	General	1897	S
Haina	Honokaa Plantation Hospital	General (plantation)	1900	S
Olaa	Olaa Plantation Hospital	General (plantation)	1900	S
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Plantation Hosp.	General (plantation)	1911	S
Hilo	Puumaile Hospital	Tuberculosis	1912	S
Kealakekua	Kona Hospital	General	1913	S
lilo	Dr. Sasaki's Hospital	General	1915	16
Pahala	Hawaiian Agricultural Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1915	S
aupahoehoe	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1916	S
Paauhau	Paauhau Sugar Plant. Co. Hospital		1922	1941
Tilo	Matayoshi Hospital	General (plantation) General	1922	S S
Kohala	Kohala County Hospital	General	1924	
Vaiohinu	Kauhane Memorial Hospital	General	1925	S 17
Takalau	Hakalau Plantation Hospital	General (plantation)	1923	s
Ookala			18	
	Ookala Hospital	General (plantation)	1937	S
Honokaa	Okada Hospital	General	1937	S 1042
Papaikou	Papaikou Hospital	General	20	c.1943
Tilo	Mitamura Hospital	General	20	1947
Kealakekua	Kona Community Hospital	General	20	1948
Tilo	Matsumura Hospital	General	19	S
"	Oto Hospital	General	20	S
60	Yamanoha Hospital	General	20	S
sland of Maui	T. C. II 1		4044	
Lahaina	U. S. Hospital	General and convalescent (U. S. seamen)	c.1844	3
Wailuku	Malulani Hospital	General	1884	S
aia	Maui Agricultural Co's Paia Hospital	General (plantation)	1906	S
ahaina	Pioneer Mill Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1908	S
Kula	Kula Sanatorium (Maui County Farm and Sanatorium)	Tuberculosis ²¹	191021	S
"	Kula General Hospital	General	191021	S
Puun e ne	Puunene Hospital	General (plantation)	1912	S
Tana	Hana County Hospital	General	1920	S
Wailuku	Yamashiro Hospital	General	22	c.1942
sland of Kauai				
Makaweli	Hawaiian Sugar Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1886	1941
Kilauea	Kilauea Hospital	General (plantation)	1887	1944
Koloa	Koloa Cottage Hospital	General	1888	1903
Kealia	Kealia Hospital	General (plantation)	189028	1939
ihue	Lihue Hospital	General (plantation)	1894	1938
Vaimea	Waimea Hospital	General	1895	S
Cleele	McBryde Sugar Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1899	c.1944
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co. Hospital	General (plantation)	1911	1947
Kapaa	Samuel Mahelona Hospital	Tuberculosis	1917	S
Ianapepe	Betsui Memorial Hospital	General	24	1947
ihue	G. N. Wilcox Memorial Hospital	General	1938	S
sland of Molokai				
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Leper Settlement	Leprosy	1866	S
ukoo	Ualapue	General	1922	1942
Ioolehua	Robert W. Shingle, Jr. Memorial Hospital	General	1931	S
launaloa	Maunaloa Hospital	General (plantation)	1932	S
sland of Lanai				
anai City	Lanai City Hospital	General	1925	S

¹⁸ This was Dr. Wetmore's hospital, largely patronized by American seamen. There is some evidence of a U. S. Hospital in Hilo as early as 1844. 16 After 1929.

¹⁷ After 1925. 18 Before 1928.

¹⁰ Before 1940. 20 Before 1946.

²¹Kula Sanatorium rendered general services until 1938, after which Kula General Hosp. was listed separately.

²⁸Or 1917. 24Before 1940.

S Still in operation in January 1948.

Table 2 SERVICES & FACILITIES THE OUEEN'S HOSPITAL Honolulu. Hawaii 1859-1947

YEAR .	BEDS ¹	% occupancy	AVERAGE CENSUS	ADMISSIONS ²	AVERAGE DAYS STAY8	BIRTHS
1860 1861}4	18-124		19	309	42.	N.A.
1870) 1871) ⁵	· N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	961	N.A.	N.A.
1872) 1873) ⁶	N.A.	N.A.	78	6937	82.	N.A.
1874) 1875)*	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	8627	N.A.	N.A.
1878) 1879)	N.A.9	N.A.	709	93410	55.9	N.A.
188711	N.A.	N.A.	49	484	37.	N.A.
1890 1902 ¹³ 1903 ¹⁴ 1904 ¹⁵ 1905 ¹⁵	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.	N.A. 59 61 61 48	900 ¹² 683 712 659 515	N.A. 32. 31. 34. 34.	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.
1906 ¹⁵ 1907 ¹⁵ 1908 ¹⁵ 1909 ¹⁵	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.	62 63 60 61 80 ¹⁶	809 983 827 866 1244	28. 23. 27. 26. 23.6	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.	74 80 89 93 82	1272 1426 1612 1699 1780	21.3 20.6 20.1 20.1 16.9	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. 190	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. 68 ¹⁷	86 97 105 125 130	1810 2151 2361 3150 3658	17.5 16.5 16.2 14.5 13.0	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A.

Actual number available (complement) before 1931; rated (normal) beds for 1931-1933. Data for 1928-1933 from annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association.

Admissions

Calculated from total patient days (given in the Annual Reports) and number of admissions, 1911 to 1920.

Period August 1, 1859 - June 20, 1861 (first 690 days of the hospital's existence). From Wm. Hillebrand, M.D. "Physician's Report," The Polynesian, June 29, 1861. The original building, occupied from August 1, 1859 until March 1860, had 18 beds; the quarters used from that date until December 1860 had 24 beds; and the permanent building, used after December 1860, had 124 beds. Average census from data for total patient days.

The first five months of this period (August 1 - December 31, 1859) average census was approximately 9 (estimated by averaging the census of September 3, October 1, and December 31, as given by The Friend. September 3, 1859, p. 65, The Polynesian, October 1, 1859, and The Polynesian, January 14, 1860). Admissions numbered 54, discharges 43, deaths 4, and average stay approximately 27 days, in this five month period (Wm. Hillebrand, M.D., "Report of the Physician of the Queen's Hospital." The Polynesian, January 14, 1860.)

Biennial report printed in the Hawaiian Gazette, June 28, 1871, covering the two-year period ending June 1871.

Two-year period ending June 1873. From biennial report published in the Hawaiian Gasette, July 16, 1873. Average census based on fragmentary data for 1872 (Hawaiian Gazette, June 26 and December 25, 1872).

7"Total inmates.

⁸Two-year period ending June 1875. From Hawaiian Gazette, July 7, 1875.

Average census and average length of stay based on quarterly reports for three-month periods ending February 28, 1879 (Hawaiian Gazette, March 5, 1879), May 31, 1879 (Hawaiian Gazette, June 11, 1879) and November 30, 1879 (Hawaiian Gazette, December 17, 1879). Census on December 29, 1880 was 80. The hospital had 90 beds at the time. (L. Vernon Briggs, Experiences of a Medical Student in Honolulu, and on the Island of Oahu, 1881, Boston, 1926, p. 9. The data are quoted by Briggs from his diary).

10" Biennial Report of the Secretary" for the 2 years ended June 30, 1879, reprinted from the P. C. Advertiser of July 12, 1879 by The Friend, August 1, 1879, p. 66, Admissions during the "past 2 years," presumably 1877 and 1878, numbered 725, according to the Report of the Board of Health to the Legislative Assembly of 1878,

11Data for half-year ending May 31, 1887, expressed as full-year rates by doubling figures for admissions and patient days.

¹²Estimated. Total patients treated numbered 932, of whom 13.7 percent died (The Queen's Hospital Bulletin, Vol. XII, Nos. 1-6, January, 1936, p. 8).

13 Year ending June 30, 1902. Average census estimated from monthly data for "admissions" and "total patients treated" (which give the census at the beginning of each month; these figures are then averaged). From Report of the President of the Board of Health of the Territory of Hawaii for the Eighteen Months Ending December 31, 1902, p. 170,

WYear ending June 30, 1903. Average census for July 1-December 31, 1902, estimated as above (footnote 13). Average census for January 1-June 30, 1903 estimated by averaging hospital censuses on first of each month. From Report of the President of the Board of Health of the Territory of Hawaii for the Eighteen Months Ending December 31, 1902, p. 300, and Report of the President of the Board of Health of the Territory of Hawaii for the Six Months Ending June 30, 1903, p. 113.

15 Year ending June 30. Average census is actually the mean average of the first-of-month censuses. From Reports of the President of the Board of Health of the Territory of Hamaii, 1904-1909.

¹⁶Estimated by averaging January 1, 1910 and January 1, 1911 censuses.

¹⁷Calculated from average census and bed capacity.

²Excluding births, 1910-1924; including births, 1925-1947. Unknown before 1910.

³Years 1860-1910 estimated by formula. Average days stay = ³⁶⁵ × average census

Table 2 (Continued) SERVICES & FACILITIES THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL Honolulu, Hawaii 1859–1947

YEAR	· BEDS1	% occupancy	AVERAGE CENSUS	ADMISSIONS ²	AVERAGE DAYS STAY ⁸	BIRTHS
1921	N.A.	N.A.	126	3740	12.5	N.A.
1922	N.A.	N.A.	141	3788	13.	N.A.
1923	187	80	148	4336	12.5	193
1924	24918	65 ¹⁸	162	4628	12.4	N.A.
1925	28519	60	171	4987	12.2	339
1926	274	64 ¹⁷ 64 ¹⁷ 63 ¹⁷ 66 ¹⁷ 69 ¹⁷	175	5589	11.2	365
1927	274		174	5736	10.8	344
1928	263		166	6554	9.08	413
1929	258		171	7189	8.55	457
1930	258		178	6850	9.3	382
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935	$\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot 284 \\ 282 \\ \cdot \cdot \cdot 264 \\ 264^{20} \\ 254 \end{array}$	64 ¹⁷ 53 ¹⁷ 55 62.1 ¹⁷ 72.0 ¹⁷	181 150 143 164 183	7608 6538 5874 6718 7392	8.54 8.17 8.17 8.7 8.98	482 524 501 591 629
936	300°	65.0 ¹⁷ 72.0 ¹⁷ 83.8 ¹⁷ 77.42 84.65	195	8097	8.62	695
937	300		216	8718	8.87	770
938	284		238	9409	9.05	881
939	284		240	10301	8.36	1196
940	284		267.5	11808	8.18	1428
941	290	92.	300.5	12660	8.60	1485
942	300	102.7 ¹⁷	308.2	13373	8.27	1750
943	312	98.6 ¹⁷	307.5	13408	8.21	1978
944	305	88.5	269.9	13326	7.45	1944
945	384	78.9	302.9	15019	7.36	2081
946	384 400	$\frac{79.9^{21}}{77.6^{21}}$	307.1 298.2	14174 14455	7.91 7.50	1863 2106

¹⁸End of the year.

Source: Annual reports of The Queen's Hospital, 1910-1943; questionnaire returned by the hospital, April 1948; and miscellaneous sources given in footnotes.

Table 3 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY TYPE TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES 1928–1947¹

				GENERAL	HOSPITALS						
	ALL HOS	SPITALS		TER	RITORY OF HA	WAII	T. B. SA	NATORIA	OTHER HOSPITALS		
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	v. s.	TOTAL	METROPOL- ITAN ²	NON-METRO- POLITAN	' U. S.	т. н.	u. s.	т. н.	
1928	6825	42	4361	35	4	31	508	4	1956	3	
1929	6665	41	4268	34	4	30	502	4	1895	3	
1930	6719	35	4302	28	4	24	515	4	1902	3	
1931	6613	36	4309	28	4	24	509	4	1795	. 4	
1932	6562	39	4305	31	4	27	512	4	1745	4	
1933	6437	38	4237	30	4	26	497	4	1703	4	
1934	6334	41	4198	33	4	29	495	4	1641	4	
1935	6246	41	4257	33	4	29	496	4	1493	4	
1936	6189	40	4207	32	4	28	506	4	1476	4	
1937	6128	40	4245	32	4	28	508	4	1375	4	
1938	6166	42	4286	34	4	30	493	4	1387	4	
1939	6226	42	4356	34	4	30	480	4	1390	4	
1940	6291	50	4432	42	5	37	479	4	1380	4	
1941	6358	48	4518	40	5	35	477	4	1363	4	
1942	6345	46	4557	38	5	33	468	4	1320	4	
1943	6655	45	4885	37	5	32	455	4	1315	4	
1944	6611	43	4833	35	5	30	453	4	1325	4	
1945	6511	43	4744	35	5	30	449	4	1318	4	
1946	6280	43	4523	35	5	30	450	4	1307	4	
19478	4	41	4	33	5	28	4	4	4	4	

Data confined to hospitals registered with the A.M.A. Territorial data omit Waimano Home and military and leprosy hospitals.

¹⁹ Calculated from average census and percent occupied columns.

²⁹Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals," Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, reprinted from Hawaii Medical Journal, November-December 1944.

²¹Includes persons in hospital at beginning of year.

N.A. Not available.

Located in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo). Includes Kuakini during years when it was not registered.

³Hospitals listed in 1946 registration.

⁴Not available at time of compilation.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Department of Health (1947). Territorial data for 1947 based on surviving hospitals recognized by the A.M.A. in 1946.

Table 4
AVERAGE BED CAPACITY OF HOSPITALS BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES
1928–1947¹

	ALL HO	SPITALS	GENERAL	HOSPITALS	TUBERCULOS	IS SANATORIA	OTHER H	OSPITALS
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1928	131	68	83	41	122	203	239	200
1929	136	70	84	42	122	211	258	200
1930	142	80	86	48	128	211	273	211
		92	89	48	130	222	292	
1931	147	82						184
1932	155	85	92	50	136	226	315	210
1933	160	88	91	52	142	229	334	214
1934	165	82	94	48	142	221	356	222
1935	172	82	95	49	142	210	402	228
1936	177	87	96	51	146	218	420	243
1937	184	90	97	53	151	222	462	255
1938	188	88	99	52	154	227	476	253
1939	192	91	102	55	158	231	485	264
1940	195	81	104	48	163	241	497	270
1740	193	01	104	40	100	211	771	210
1941	208	84	118	49	173	242 *	520	274
1942	218	95	130	56	176	247	536	321
1943	248	94	174	58	176	250	547	274
1944	262	98	192	59	176	259	547	274
1945	267	100	194	56	175	261	560	324
1730	201	100	177	30	110	201	300	324
1946	234	103	142	59	185	257	569	333
1947	2	114	2	63	2	297	2	354

¹Mean average, computed by dividing total beds by number of hospitals.

Source: Calculated from annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Board of Health data (1947).

Territorial data exclude Waimano Home, military and leprosy hospitals, and all institutions not registered with the A.M.A., but include Kuakini for years when it was not registered.

Table 5
AVERAGE BED CAPACITY OF GENERAL HOSPITALS BY LOCATION TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1947¹

YEAR TOTAL ² 1928 41 1929 42 1930 48 1931 48 1931 48 1932 50 1933 52 1934 48		METROPOLITAN			NON	-METROPOLIT.	AN		
YEAR	TOTAL ²	TOTAL ²	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL ²	HONOLULU CO.	HAWAII CO.	MAUI CO.	KAUAI C
1928	41	125	192	58	30	30	20	53	29
1929	42	124	189	58	31	31	20	53	29
1930	48	129	141	8	34	35	23	66	30
1931	48	134	150	8	34	37	22	62	32
1932	50	149	157	8 ,	36	37	22	63	32
	52	140	144	3	38	36	25	76	33
1934	48	140	146	8	35	32	23	57	32
1935	49	138	145	8	36	36	24	61	35
1936	51	140	145	3	39	38	27	62	35
1937	53	156	162	3	39	37	27	65	34
1938	52	155	160	8	38	38	28	56	31
1939	55	157	162	3	41	39	30	56	42
1940	48	133	166	84	36	34	27	50	36
1941	49	133	168	81	37	36	27	53	37
1942	56	154	195	91	41	32	29	65	36
1943	58	154	195	92	43	40	31	62	38
1944	59	168	211	105	41	35	30	58	44
1945	56	156	189	105	40	35	30	54	42
1946	59	178	221	112	39	35	29	53	* 42
1947	63	191	243	112	40	37	29	53	60

¹Mean average, computed by dividing total beds by number of hospitals.

Source: Calculated from annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Board of Health data (1947). Excludes institutions not registered with the A.M.A., Waimano Home, and military and leprosy hospitals.

²Data not available at time of compilation.

That is, the average for all general hospitals in these areas.

²Only one hospital (94 to 143 beds).

Table 6
NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY NUMBER OF BEDS AND TYPE OF SERVICE
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1947

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	CULOS	1-34		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	ETRO	35-	1	- 00	9	9	9	00	9	11	13	12	12	13	15	10	14	16	15	13	14	10
	M-NO	1- 1- 34	23	21	17	17	19	16	00	16	13	14	16	15	20	20	16	13	13	15	14	12
	Z	TOTAI	2	30	24	24	27	26	29	29	28	28	30	30	37	35	33	32	30	30	30	28
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	ALL 1	34	36	23	17	18	20	.17	19	17	14	15	17	16	22	20	17		14	16	15	13
		TOTAL	4.0	41	35	36	39	38	41	41	40	40	42	42	20	48	46	45	43	43	43	41
		YEAR	028	29	1930	1931	32	33	1934	35	1936	37	38:	1939	40	41.	42	43	44	1945.	1946	47

'Hospitals in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928 1946) and the Territorial Board of Health (1947). Data exclude establishments not registered with the American Medical Association, Waimano Home, and military and leprosy hospitals.

Table 7

HOSPITAL BEDS BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL

TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES, 1928–1947¹

	ALL HO	SPITALS	GENERAL	HOSPITALS	TUBERCULOS	SIS SANATORIA	OTHER I	HOSPITALS
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U.S.	т. н.	U.S.	т. н.
1928	893	· 2845	363	1433	62	812	467	600
1929	907	2871	357	1426	61	845	489	600
1930	956	2816	372	1337	66	845	518	634
1931	974	2968	384	1340	66	890	524	738
1932	1014	3308	396	1562	70	905	549	841
1933	1027	3327	387	1555	71	916	570	856
1934	1048	3342	393	1573	70	883	585	886
1935	1076	3359	406	1609	70	840	600	910
1936	1097	3479	403	1638	74	870	620	971
1937	1125	3618	412	1708	77	890	636	1020
1938	1161	3678	425	1757	76	907	660	1014
1939	1195	3833	445	1854	76	925	674	1054
1940	1226	4057	462	2014	78	965	686	1078
1941	1324	4026	533	1962	82	968	709	1096
1942	1384	4389	594	2117	82	989	707	1283
1943	1649	4222	851	2130	80	998	719	1094
1944	1730	4208	926	2074	80	1037	724	1097
1945	1739	4308	923	1968	79	1044	738	1296
1946	1469	4424	641	2064	83	1027	744	1333
1947	2	4687	2	2083	2	1189	2	1415

¹United States data in thousands; these figures may not add to apparent totals because of rounding.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Data for hospitals registered with the American Medical Association only, and excluding certain related types of institution.

Table 8

TOTAL BEDS IN GENERAL HOSPITALS BY LOCATION

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1947

			METROPOLITANI			NO	N-METROPOLITA	N	
YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL	HONOLULU CO. HAWAII CO.		MAUI CO.	KAUAI CO
1928	1433	500	383	117	933	180	235	316	202
1929 1930	1426 1337	495 517	378 423	117 94	931 820	186 141	225 232	318 265	202 182
1931	1340	535	449	86	805	142	224	248	191
1932 1933	1562	597	470	127	965	147	246	377	195
1933	1555 1573	558 562	433 437	125 125	997 1011	144 162	275 255	382 402	196 192
1935	1609	554	434	120	1055	180	267	366	242
1936	1638	559	434	125	1079	189	271	374	245
1937	1708	622	485	137	1086	187	274	390	235
1938 1939	1757 1854	620 628	480 485	140 143	1137 1226	229 232	311 298	444 446	153 250
1940	2014	666	499	167	1348	241	355	501	251
1941	1962	667	505	162	1295	245	349	479	222
1942	2117	768	586	182	1349	224	320	587	218
1943	2130	770	586	184	1360	240	336	556	228
1944	2074	842	632	210	1232	210	326	521	175
1945	1968	778	568	210	1190	210	329	483	168
1946	2064	889	664	225	1175	210	322	477	166
1947	2083	953	728	225	1130	223	314	473	120

¹Hospitals in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Data exclude institutions not registered with the A.M.A., military hospitals, Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

²Not available at time of compilation.

Table 9
HOSPITAL BEDS PER 1,000 POPULATION, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES
1928–1947¹

	ALL HO	CDITALC		GENERAL	HOSPITALS		The December of the Carlo	NATORIA	OTHER HO	CDITALC
	ALL HU	SFIIALS		TEI	RRITORY OF HA	AWAII	T. B. SA	NATORIA	OTHER HO	JSPITALS
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	U.S.	TOTAL	METROPOL- ITAN ²	NON-METRO- POLITAN	U.S.	т. н.	U.S.	т. н.
1928	7.4	8.2	3.0	4.1	4.0	4.2	0.5	2.3	3.9	1.7
1929	7.4	8.0	2.9	4.0	3.8	4.1	0.5	2.4	4.0	1.7
1930	7.8	7.6	3.0	3.6	3.4	3.8	0.5	2.3	4.2	1.7
1931	7.9	7.9	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.7	0.5	2.4	4.2	2.0
1932	8.1	8.7	3.2	4.1	3.8	4.4	0.6	2.4	4.4	2.2
1933	8.2	8.8	3.1	4.1	3.5	4.5	0.6	2.4	4.5	2.3
1934	8.3	8.8	3.1	4.2	3.6	4.6	0.6	2.3	4.6	2.3
1935	8.5	8.7	3.2	4.2	3.5	4.7	0.6	2.2	4.7	2.4
1936	8.6	8.9	3.1	4.2	3.5	4.7	0.6	2.2	4.8	2.5
1937	8.7	9.1	3.2	4.3	3.8	4.7	0.6	2.2	4.9	2.6
1938	8.9	8.9	3.3	4.3	3.6	4.7	0.6	2.2	5.1	2.5
1939	9.1	9.2	3.4	4.5	3.7	5.0	0.6	2.2	5.1	2.5
1940	9.3	9.5	3.5	4.7	3.4	5.9	0.6	2.3	5.2	2.5
1941	10.0	8.7	4.0	4.2	3.0	5.3	0.6	2.1	5.3	2.4
1942	10.3	9.3	4.4	4.5	3.4	5.5	0.6	2.1	5.2	2.7
1943	12.1	8.7	6.3	4.4	3.3	5.5	0.6	2.1	5.3	2.3
1944	12.5	8.6	6.7	4.2	3.5	4.9	0.6	2.1	5.2	2.2
1945	12.4	8.6	6.6	3.9	2.7	5.6	0.6	2.1	5.3	2.6
1946 1947	10.4	8.5 8.9	4.5	4.0 4.0	3.0 3.2	5.2 5.0	0.6	2.0 2.3	5.3	2.6 2.7

1000 X Total beds.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946), and Territorial Department of Health (1947); using population estimates of the U. S. Bureau of the Census and Territorial Department of Health.

Table 10
BASSINETS IN HOSPITALS, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL
CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND TERRITORY OF HAWAII
1928–1947

	ALL HOS	PITALS	GENERAL H	OSPITALS	TUBERCULOS	IS SANATORIA	ALL OTHER	HOSPITALS
YEAR	u. s.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1928 1929 1930	43,313 47,939 49,584	67 71 75	38,339 42,715 43,941	57 63 73	0 53 18	4 2 2	4,974 5,171 5,625	6 6 0
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935	51,494 52,232 52,464 53,026 53,310	107 148 191 207 226	45,434 46,588 47,008 47,856 48,757	105 146 155 174 186	41 34 30 1 58	2 2 4 3 4	6,019 5,610 5,426 1 4,495	0 0 32 30 36
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	54,225 55,566 56,747 58,764 61,939	250 262 250 263 295	49,604 51,668 52,924 55,183 58,073	211 222 217 233 265	36 33 41 38 44	3 4 3 0 0	4,585 3,865 3,782 3,543 3,822	36 36 30 30 30
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	66,163 71,448 77,134 80,791 83,131	311 350 367 406 384	61,732 67,115 72,839 76,570 78,919	281 300 302 335 309	99 116 112 38 54	0 0 0 0	4,332 4,217 4,183 4,183 4,158	30 50 65 71 75
1946 1947	84,145	410 396	79,534	325 309	36	0	4,575	85 87

¹Bassinets in tuberculosis sanatoria plus all other hospitals numbered 5,170.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Department of Health (1947). Territorial data exclude military hospitals, Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

That is. Population Data confined to institutions registered with the A.M.A. Territorial data exclude Waimano Home and military and leprosy hospitals**Located in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Not available at time of compilation.

²Not available at time of compilation.

Table 11
BASSINETS IN GENERAL HOSPITALS, BY LOCATION
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1947

			METROPOLITAN1			NON	N-METROPOLITA	N	
YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL	HONOLULU CO	. HAWAII CO.	MAUI CO.	KAUAI CO
1928	57	24	18	6	33	8	6	7	12
1929	63	24	18	6	39	8	6	11	14
1930	73	34	28	6	39	8	6	11	14
1931	105	34	28	6	71	12	13	27	19
1932	146	48	30	18	98	16	15	46	21
1933	155	52	34	18	103	20	. 19	40	24
1934	174	47	29	18	127	21	30	52	24
1935	186	47	31	16	139	17	33	59	30
1936	211	49	33	16	162	28	44	60	30
1937	222	53	35	18	169	28	47	63	31
1938	217	58	40	18	159	33	38	68	20
1939	233	63	45	18	170	35	36	66	33
1940	265	66	48	18	199	37	51	76	35
1941	281	84	66	18	197	. 38	51	75	33
1942	300	99	76	23	201	38	49	81	33
1943	302	105	82	23	197	33	55	73	36
1944	335	129	106	23	206	33	74	74	25
1945	309	117	94	23	192	· 33	56	74	- 29
1946	325	135	108	27	190	32	56	73	29
1947	309	135	108	27	174	25	55	73	21

¹Hospitals located in either of the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Department of Health (1947). Data exclude institutions not registered with the A.M.A., military hospitals, Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

Table 12
AVERAGE CENSUS, HOSPITALS BY TYPE OF SERVICE
CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND TERRITORY OF HAWAII
1928–1947¹

	ALL HOS	SPITALS	GENERAL	HOSPITALS	TUBERCULOS	IS SANATORIA	OTHER I	HOSPITALS
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	. U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1928	703	2	240	2	2	3	2	2
1929	727	2080	234	824	51	696	442	560
1930	763	2220	240	876	56	701	467	643
1931	775	2212	248	802	56	720	472	690
1932	808	2451	250	932	60	756	498	763
1933	810	2445	232	874	60	771	518	800
1934	830	2491	237	876	60	780	533	835
1935	877	2515	261	938	61	720	555	857
1936	909	2713	272	1036	63	773	574	904
1937	944	2811	288	1095	65	778	591	938
1938	966	2936	293	1150	66	804	607	982
1939	996	2977	308	1144	65	846	623	987
1940	1026	3037	325	1156	67	868	634	1013
1941	1087	3184	364	1253	71	843	653	1088
1942	1126	3114	405	1181	70	815	651	1118
1943	1257	3201	529	1216	65	832	662	1153
1944	1299	3313	570	1206	63	875	666	1232
1945	1405	3333	665	1184	60	923	680	1226
1946	1239	3389	497	1199	62	936	681	1254
1947	2	3541	2	1252	2	947	2	1342

¹U.S. figures in thousands; data may not add to apparent totals because of rounding.

²Not available at time of compilation.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association, listing hospitals registered with the A.M.A. Territorial data exclude Waimano Home, military hospitals, and all leprosy hospitals (1947 data from Territorial Board of Health).

Table 13

AVERAGE CENSUS OF GENERAL HOSPITALS BY LOCATION
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1929–1947

			METROPOLITAN1			NO	N-METROPOLIT	AN	
YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL	HONOLULU CO.	HAWAII CO.	MAUI CO.	KAUAI CO
1929	824	320	244	76	504	102	102	194	106
1930	876	345	290	55	531	100	112	208	111
1931	802	352	279	73	450	85	104	150	111
1932	932	368	288	80	564	91	113	244	116
1933	874	327	246	81	547	88	126	237	96
1934	876	307	212	95	569	89	120	253	107
1935	938	370	273	97	568	91	130	230	117
1936	1036	420	304	116	616	113	136	232	135
1937	1095	427	323 .	104	668	124	153	257	134
1938	1150	457	353	104	693	145	156	274	118
1939	1144	467	376	91	677	135	153	271	118
1940	1156	449	367	82	707	133	164	289	121
1941	1253	547	451	96	706	124	160	301	121
1942	1181	590	508	82	591	108	157	211	115
1943	1216	628	536	92	588	115	136	224	113
1944	1206	615	514	101	591	100	138	271	82
1945	1184	630	516	114	554	107	141	221	85
1946	1199	629	523	106	570	108	133	237	92 75
1947	1252	695	568	127	557	112	155	215	75

¹Hospitals in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1929-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Excludes data for institutions not registered with the A.M.A., Waimano Home, and military and leprosy hospitals.

Table 14

AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOSPITALS PER 1,000 POPULATION, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL

TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

1928–1947¹

	ALL HOS	SPITALS			HOSPITALS RITORY OF HA	WAII	T. B. SA	NATORIA	OTHER HO	SPITALS
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	TOTAL	METROPOL- ITAN ²	NON-METRO- POLITAN	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1928 1929 1930	5.8 6.0 6.2	5.8 6.0	2.0 1.9 2.0	2.3 2.4	2.5 2.3	2.2 2.4	0.4 0.5	3 1.9 1.9	3.6 3.8	1.6 1.7
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935	6.3 6.5 6.4 6.6 6.9	5.9 6.4 6.4 6.6 6.5	2.0 2.0 1.8 1.9 2.1	2.1 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.4	2.2 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3	2.1 2.6 2.5 2.6 2.5	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1.9 2.0 2.0 2.1 1.9	3.8 4.0 4.1 4.2 4.4	1.8 2.0 2.1 2.2 2.2
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	7.1 7.3 7.4 7.6 7.8	6.9 7.1 7.1 7.2 7.1	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	2.6 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7	2.6 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.3	2.7 2.9 2.9 2.8 3.1	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.8	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	8.2 8.3 9.2 9.4 10.0	6.8 6.6 6.6 6.7 6.6	2.7 3.0 3.9 4.1 4.8	2.7 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4	2.5 2.6 2.7 2.5 2.2	2.9 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4	1.8 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.8	4.9 4.8 4.9 4.8 4.9	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.5 2.4
1946 1947	8.8	6.5 6.7	3.5	2.3 2.4	2.1 2.3	2.5 2.5	0.4	1.8 1.8	4.8	2.4 2.6

^{1000 ×} Average census.

¹That is, Population Data only for institutions registered with the A.M.A. Territorial data exclude Waimano Home and military and leprosy hospitals.
²Located in the two largest cities, Honolulu and Hilo.

²Data not available at time of compilation.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946), and Territorial Department of Health (1947); using population estimates of U. S. Bureau of the Census and Territorial Department of Health.

Table 15

AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OCCUPANCY, HOSPITALS BY TYPE
CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND TERRITORY OF HAWAII
1928–1947¹

	ALL HOS	SPITALS	GENERAL :	HOSPITALS	TUBERCULOSI	IS SANATORIA	ALL OTHER	HOSPITALS
YEAR	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1928	78.7	2	66.0	2	2	2	2	2
1929	80.1	72	65.5	58	82.7	82	90.4	93
1930	79.8	79	64.7	66	85.5	83	90.0	101
1931	79.6	75	64.4	60	85.1	81	90.1	93
1932	79.7	74	63.3	60	85.4	84	90.8	91
1933	78.8	73	59.9	56	85.3	84	91.0	93
1934	79.2	75	60.3	56	85.2	88	91.2	94
1935	81.4	75	64.3	58	85.4	86	92.5	94
1936	82.9	78	67.4	63	85.8	89	92.5	93
1937	84.0	78	70.0	64	84.4	87	93.0	92
1938	83.2	80	68.9	65	87.1	89	91.9	97
1939	83.4	78	69.2	62	86.2	91	92.4	94
1940	83.7	75	70.3	57	85.6	90	91.0	94
1941	82.1	79	68.2	64	85.7	87	92.1	99
1942	81.4	71	68.2	56	85.0	82	92.0	87
1943	76.2	76	62.2	57	81.8	8.3	92.2	105
1944	75.1	79	61.6	58	78.9	84	92.0	112
1945	80.8	77	72.0	60	75.8	88	92.2	95
1946	84.4	77	77.4	58	74.4	91	91.5	94
1947	2	76	2	60	2	80	2	95

¹Percentage occupancy calculated by formula, Average % Occ. = $\frac{\text{Average census.}}{\text{Total beds}}$

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Territorial data exclude military hospitals. Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

Table 16

AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OCCUPANCY, GENERAL HOSPITALS BY LOCATION TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1929–1947¹

			METROPOLITAN2			NON	-METROPOLITA	N	
YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL	HONOLULU CO.	HAWAII CO.	MAUI CO.	KAUAI CO
1929	58	65	65	65	54	55	45 .	61	52
1930	66	67	69	59	65	71	48	78	61
1931	60	66	62	85	56	60	46	60	58
1932	60	62	61	63	58	62	46	65	59
1933	56	59	57	65	55	61	46	62	49
1934	56	55	49	76	56	55	47	6.3	56
1935	58	67	63	81	54	51	49	63	48
1936	63	75	70	93	57	60	50	62	55
1937	64	69	67	76	62	66	56	66	57
1938	65	74	74	74	61	63	50	62	77
1939	62	74	78	64	55	58	51	61	47
1940	57	67	74	49	52	55	46	58	48
1941	64	82	89	59	55	51	46	63	55
1942	56	77	87	45	44	48	49	36	53
1943	57	82	91	50	43	48	40	40	50
1944	58	73	81	48	48	48	42	52	47
1945	60	81	91	54	47	51	43	46	51
1946	58	71	79	47	49	51	41	50	55
1947	60	73	78	56	49	50	49	45	62

¹Percentage occupancy calculated by formula, Average % Occ. = $\frac{\text{Average census.}}{\text{Total beds}}$

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1929-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Data exclude institutions not registered with the A.M.A., military hospitals. Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

²Not available at time of compilation.

²Hospitals in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Table 17
HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES
1931–1947¹

	ALL HO	SPITALS	GENERAL I	HOSPITALS	TUBERCULOS	IS SANATORIA ²	OTHER I	HOSPITALS
YEAR	t.s.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935	7156 7228 7038 7147 7710	31053 35769 35233 36387 38062	6322 6304 6072 6292 6868	27270 31858 31099 31857 33546	81 93 84 82 86	906 923 1119 1160 1245	754 831 872 773 756	2877 2988 3015 3370 3271
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	8647 9222 9421 9879 10088	43690 45493 47524 49766 52984	7756 8350 8546 9018 9219	38456 40162 42241 44391 47637	99 102 101 91	1346 1192 1133 593 534	792 770 774 770 777	3888 4139 4150 4782 4813
941 1942 1943 1944 1945	11596 12546 15375 16037 16257	55253 52596 59814 57003 58949	10647 11634 14455 15060 15228	48202 45422 52219 49634 51585	101 102 92 88 86	659 692 711 719 731	848 810 828 878 943	6392 6482 6884 6650 6633
946 947	15153	60626 65198	14052	51725 54894	100	703 846	1002	8198 9458

Data for U.S. in thousands; may not add to apparent totals because of rounding.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1931-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Registered hospitals only. Territorial data omit military and leprosy hospitals and Waimano Home.

Table 18

ADMISSIONS TO GENERAL HOSPITALS, BY LOCATION
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1931–1947

			METROPOLITAN1			NO	N-METROPOLITA	AN	
YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL	HONOLULU CO	. HAWAII CO.	MAUI CO.	KAUAI CO
1931	27270	11596	10432	1164	15674	3254	3900	5450	3070
1932	31858	12410	10952	1458	19448	3598	4100	8300	3450
1933	31099	11166	9720	1446	19933	3181	4250	8863	3639
1934	31857	10439	8932	1507	21418	3460	5250	9038	3670
1935	33546	12059	10058	2001	21487	3560	5140	8568	4219
1936	38456	14671	12339	2332	23785	3778	5898	9424	4685
1937	40162	15612	13206	2406	24550	3800	5150	10650	4950
1938	42241	16504	14098	2406	25737	4852	6388	10815	3682
1939	44391	18394	16198	2196	25997	4857	4767	11429	4944
1940	47637	19085	16174	2911	28552	5014	5835	11955	5748
1941	48202	21206	18166	3040	26996	4789	5739	11687	4781
1942	45422	22486	19719	2767	22936	4926	5181	8778	4051
1943	52219	26954	23670	3284	25265	5137	5240	10457	4431
1944	49634	24953	21659	3294	24681	4810	5563	10948	3360
1945	51585	27606	23257	4349	23979	5670	5213	9574	3522
1946	51725	26691	23063	3628	25034	5342	5404	10527	3761
1947	54894	29818	25171	4647	25076	5765	5351	10586	3374

¹Hospitals in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1931-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947). Data omit institutions not registered with the A.M.A., Waimano Home, and military and leprosy hospitals. Data estimated in several cases.

²Maui County Farm and Sanatorium (Kula Sanatorium), which before 1938 also rendered general services, classified under "tuberculosis sanatoria."

Data not available at time of compilation.

Table 19 YEARLY HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS PER 1,000 POPULATION, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES 1931-19471

				GENERAL	HOSPITALS		m m c.1.3	V4.000.74.2	OWNERD T	
	ALL HO	SPITALS		TEI	RRITORY OF HAV	WAII	I. B. SAI	NATORIA ²	OTHER E	IOSPITAL
YEAR	v. s.	т. н.	U. S.	TOTAL	METROPOL- ITAN ⁸	NON-METRO- POLITAN	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1931	58	83	51	73	74	72	0.7	2.4	6	8
1932	58	94	50	84	78	88	0.7	2.4	7	8
1933	56	93	48	82	71	90	0.7	2.9	7	8
1934	57	96	50	84	66	96	0.7	3.1	6	9
1935	61	99	54	87	76	95	0.7	3.2	6	9
1936	68	111 .	61	98	91	103	0.8	3.4	6	10
1937	71	115	65	101	96	105	0.8	3.0	. 6	10
1938	72	116	66	103	. 97	106	0.8	2.8	6	10
1939	75	120	69	107	108	107	0.7	1.4	6	12
1940	76	124	70	112	- 96	125	0.7	1.3	6	11
1941	87	119	80	104	95	111	0.8	1.4	6	14
1942	93	111	86	96	98	94	0.8	1.5	6	14
1943	113	124	106	. 108	114	102	0.7	1.5	6	. 14
1944	116	116	109	101	103	99	0.6	1.5	6	. 14
1945	116	117	109	103	96	113	0.6	1.5	7	13
1946	107	117	100	99	90	112	0.7	1.4	7	16
1947	4	124	4	105	100	110	4 .	. 1.6	4	18

That is, 1000 × Admissions. Data confined to institutions registered with the A.M.A. Territorial data exclude Waimano Home and military and leprosy hospitals.

Population 2Maui County Farm and Sanatorium (Kula Sanatorium), which rendered general services until 1938, classified as "tuberculosis,"

3Located in the two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Data not available at time of compilation.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1931-1946), and Territorial Department of Health (1947); using population estimates of the U.S. Bureau of the Census and Territorial Department of Health.

Table 20 AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY IN DAYS, HOSPITALS BY TYPE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND TERRITORY OF HAWAII 1931-19471

	ALL HO	SPITALS	GENERAL	HOSPITALS	TUBERCULOSI	S SANATORIA ²	ALL OTHER	HOSPITALS
YEAR	u. s.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.	U. S.	т. н.
1931	40.	26.0	14.	10.7	254.	290.0	229.	87.5
1932	40.8	25.1	14.5	10.7	233.9	299.8	219.4	93.5
1933	42.0	25.3	13.9	10.3	261.0	251.5	216.9	96.8
1934	42.4	25.0	13.8	10.0	264.2	245.4	251.6	90.4
1935	41.5	24.1	13.9	10.2	257.4	211.1	267.8	95.6
1936	37.3	· 22.7	12.8	9.9	233.3	210.2	265.1	85.1
1937	37.4	22.6	12.6	10.0	232.2	238.2	280.4	82.7
1938	37.4	22.5	12.5	9.9	239.9	259.0	285.9	86.4
1939	36.8	21.8	12.5	9.4	263.8	520.7	295.2	75.3
1940	37.2	21.0	12.9	8.9	269.7	594.9	298.6	77.0
1941	34.2	21.0	12.5	9.5	253.9	466.9	281.1	62.1
1942	32.8	21.6	12.7	9.5	251.7	429.9	293.3	63.0
1943	29.8	19.5	13.4	8.5	260.0	427.1	291.9	61.1
1944	29.7	21.3	13.9	8.9	261.3	445.4	277.6	67.8
1945	31.5	20.6	15.9	8.4	253.1	460.9	263.4	67.5
1946	29.9	20.4	12.9	8.5	226.6	486.0	248.0	55.8
1947	. 8	19.8	8	8.3	8	408.5	. 8	51.8

¹Average length of stay determined by formula, Average days stay = 365 × average census.

Admissions

²Maui County Farm and Sanatorium (Kula Sanatorium) also rendered general service until 1938, so that comparability of data is lessened.

³Data not available at time of compilation.

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1931-1946) and Territorial Health Department (1947). Territorial data exclude military hospitals, Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

Table 21

AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY IN DAYS, GENERAL HOSPITALS

TERRITORY OF HAWAII BY LOCATION, 1931–1947¹

			METROPOLITAN ²			NO	N-METROPOLITA	AN	
YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	HONOLULU	HILO	TOTAL	HONOLULU CO.	HAWAII CO.	MAUI CO.	KAUAI CO
1931	10.7	11.1	9.8	22.9	10.5	9.5	9.7	10.0	13.2
1932	10.7	10.9	9.6	20.1	10.6	9.3	10.1	10.8	12.3
1933	10.3	10.7	9.2	20.4	10.0	10.1	10.8	9.8	9.6
1934	10.0	10.7	8.7	23.0	9.7	9.4	8.3	10.2	10.6
1935	. 10.2	11.2	9.9	. 17.7	9.6	9.3	9.2	9.8	10.1
1936	9.9	10.5	9.0	18.2	9.5	10.9	8.4	9.0	10.5
1937	10.0	10.0	8.9	15.8	9.9	11.9	10.8	8.8	9.9
1938	9.9	10.1	9.1	15.8	9.8	10.9	8.9	9.2	11.7
1939	9.4	9.3	8.5	15.1	9.5	10.1	11.7	8.7	8.7
1940	8.9	8.6	8.3	10.3	9.1	9.7	10.3	8.8	7.7
1941	9.5	9.4	9.1	11.5	9.5	9.5	10.2	9.4	9.2
1942	9.5	9.6	9.4	10.8	9.4	8.0	11.1	8.8	10.4
1943	8.5	8.5	8.3	10.2	8.5	8.2	9.5	7.8	9.3
1944	8.9	9.0	8.7	11.2	8.8	7.6	9.1	9.1	8.9
1945	8.4	8.3	8.1	9.6	8.4	6.9	9.9	8.4	8.8
1946	8.5	8.6	8.3	10.7	8.3	7.4	9.0	8.2	8.9
1947	8.3	8.5	8.2	10.0	8.1	7.1	10.6	7.4	8.1

Length of stay determined by formula, Average days stay = $\frac{365 \times \text{average census.}}{\text{Admissions}}$

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1931-1946) and Territorial Health Department (1947). Data exclude institutions not registered with the A.M.A., military hospitals, Waimano Home, Kalihi Receiving Station, and all establishments in Kalawao County.

Table 22 SERVICES AND FACILITIES OF "ALLIED SPECIAL" HOSPITALS TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1947 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$

YEAR	TOTAL BEDS	% OCCUPANCY	AVERAGE CENSUS	ADMISSIONS	AVERAGE DAYS STAY	BASSINETS
1928	76				0 0 0	6
1929	76	63	48			0
1930	110	59	65			0
1931	138	64	88	2610	12.3	0
1932	138	65	90	2735	12.0	0
1933	138	71	98	2789	12.8	0 32
1934	138	70	96	3107	11.3	30
1935	153	61	93	3036	11.2	36
1936	155	63	97	3629	9.8	36
1937	153	76	116	3845	11.0	36
1938	147	72	106	3847	10.1	30
1939	154	79	121	4495	9.8	30
1940	152	74	112	4524	9.1	30
1941	170	79	135	6038	8.2	30
1942	153	88	135	6150	8.0	50
1943	168	83	139	6609	7.7	65
1944	171	78	134	6425	7.6	71
1945	196	64	125	6366	7.2	75
1743	190	0.4	120	0300	8 . 60	
1946	233	66	154	7859	7.2	85
1947	255	70	179	9111	7.2	87

¹Three hospitals are included, all of them located in Honolulu: Kapiolani Mat. & Gyn. Hospital, Kauikeolani Children's Hospital, and Shriners' Hospital for Crippled Children (data not available before 1931).

Source: Annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946) and Territorial Board of Health (1947).

²The two largest cities (Honolulu and Hilo).

Table 23

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL BIRTHS OCCURRING IN HOSPITALS UNITED STATES AND TERRITORY OF HAWAII

1934-1947

		CONTINENTAL	UNITED STATES		
YEAR	A. M. A.	ВІ	RTH-REGISTRATION STAT	res²	TERRITORY OF
	HOSPITALS ¹	TOTAL	URBAN ³	RURAL ⁴	HAWAII ⁵
1934	32.3	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	34.2
1935	35.7	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
1936	38.8	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	44.2
1937	42.3	44.8	N.A.	N.A.	50.1
1938	44.9	48.0	N.A.	N.A.	57.0
1939	48.5	51.1	77.6	31.5	63.5
1940	51.5	55.8	80.5	36.5	70.
1941	55.9	61.2	. 84.0	42.3	76.5
1942	59.5	67.9	84.4	44.8	82.4
1943	65.6	72.1	86.9	51.2	87.6
1944	68.7	75.6	89.1	56.9	90.1
1945	72.0	78.8	90.8	61.4	91.2
1946	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	92.1
1947	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	93.8

 ¹Births reported in all U. S. hospitals registered by the American Medical Association (annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association) as a percentage of total births in birth-registration states (48 states since 1933; reported by Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1947).
 2Births reported in all (including unregistered) U. S. birth-registration area hospitals as a percentage of total births in that area (from Vital Statistics of the United States, Part II, for each year, 1937-1944, and Part I, 1945).

Cities of 10,000 or more population only in 1939, 1940 and 1941.

⁴Including cities of under 10,000 population in 1941.

From Table 24. For fiscal years ending June 30th.

N.A. Not available.

LIVE BIRTHS BY PLACE OF DELIVERY AND PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1934-1947

ITY	PERCENTAGE	ELSE- WHERE	76	N.A.	54	47	39	32	N.A.	S.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Y.A.	3.9	3.5
KAUAI COUNTY	PERCE	IN HOSPI- TALS	24	N.A.	46	53	61	89	Y.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Z.Y.	96.1	96.5
KAU		TOTAL	998	825	746	748	756	772	780	788	729	029	663	089	603	674
4	PERCENTAGE	ELSE- WHERE N	51	Z.A.	40	32	26	21	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	6.4	5.7
MAUI COUNTY4	PERCE	IN HOSPI- TALS	49	N.A.	09	89	74	79	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	93.6	94.3
MAU		TOTAL	1,540	1,562	1,467	1,460	1,437	1,426	1,461	1,389	1,266	1,188	1,180	1,166	1,022	1,252
00	TAGE	ELSE- WHERE N	81	N.A.	72	29	57	53	Z.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	11.7	9.5
RURAL HAWAII3	PERCENTAGE	IN HOSPI- I TALS W	19	N.A.	28	3.3	43	47	N.A.		N.A.		N.A.		88.3	8.06
RURAL		TOTAL B	1,473	1,368	1,383	1,321	1,289	1,234	1,210	1,137	1,003	898	929	935	876	930
	VTAGE	ELSE- WHERE N	69	N.A.	53	50	42	36	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	9.2	4.3
HILO	PERCENTAGE	IN HOSPI- TALS V	31	N.A.	47	50	58	64	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	8.06	95.7
		TOTAL	472	531	434	402	403	367	512	518	567	552	678	641	109	681
63	PERCENTAGE	ELSE- WHERE N	75	N.A.	65	200	50	42	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Z.A.	8.2	6.5
RURAL OAHU2	PERCE	IN HOSPI- TALS	25	N.A.	35	42	50	58	Š.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Y.A.	N.A.	91.8	93.5
RUR		TOTAL	1,290	1,260	1,266	1,225	1,246	1,297	1,316	1,308	1,505	1,394	1,579	1,624	1,611	2,345
	NTAGE	ELSE- WHERE	09	N.A.	54	50	44	37	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	7.9	6.3
HONOLULU	PERCENTAGE	IN HOSPI- TALS	40	N.A.	46	50	56	63	N.A.	Z.A.	Y.Y	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	92.1	93.7
НО		TOTAL	3,790	3,706	3,662	3,605	3,844	3,937	4,244	4,463	5,307	6,275	7,182	7,551	7,232	8,168
WAII	TAGE	ELSE- WHERE N	65.8	N.A.	55.8	49.9	43.0	36.5	30.	23.5	17.6	12.4	6.6	% %	7.9	6.2
Y OF HA	PERCENTAGE	IN HOSPI- TALS V	34.2	N.A.	44.2	50.1	57.0	63.5	70.	76.5	82.4	87.6	90.1	91.2	92.1	93.8
TERRITORY OF HAWAII		TOTAL	9,431	9,252	8,958	8,761	8,975	9,033	9,523	9,603	10,377	10,977	12,211	12,597	11,945	14,050
1	FISCAL	YEAR ENDING TUNE 30 N	1934	1935	1936	19375	19385	19395	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947

¹Honolulu city. ²City and County of Honolulu exclusive of Honolulu city.

³Hawaii County exclusive of Hilo city.

Uncluding Kalawao County, Percentages calculated according to place of birth rather than place of usual residence. N.A. Not Available. Source: For 1934-1939 and 1941-1947, annual reports of Territorial Board of Health; for 1940, Bureau of Vital Statistics Report for Fiscal Vear 1940. Percentages for cities and counties were calculated from data given by the source for 1934, 1936-1940, and for the Territory in 1934.

Table 25

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN PER CAPITA BUYING POWER AND VARIOUS HOSPITAL SERVICES

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1933-1941 and 1946 and 1947¹

		RHO	VALUES	
			GENERAL HOSPITALS	
CORRELATED ITEM	ALL HOSPITALS	TOTAL	METROPOLITAN	NON-METROPOLITAN
Beds per 1,000 population	.08	06	47	.80
Average census per 1,000 population	.30	.25	.07	.31
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	.81	.69	.55	.88
Number of hospitals	.59	.59		
Average bed capacity of hospitals	.41	.45		
Average percent occupancy	.41	.36		
Average length of stay ²	95	87	89	72

¹Per capita buying power = Total taxable income ÷ Population ÷ Consumers' price index. War years (1942-1945) omitted because of their abnormal character. Correlation from ranks (rho) chosen in preference to other methods because of approximate nature of data and greater ease of computation. High positive or negative correlation does not necessarily indicate a cause-effect relationship.

Source: Buying power from Business Service, Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, July 1948; hospital data calculated from annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association (1928-1946), and Territorial Department of Health (1947). Data exclude Waimano Home, military and leprosy hospitals, and all establishments not registered with the A. M. A.

Table 26
TOTAL HOSPITAL PERSONNEL AND SPECIALIZED SERVICES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947

				PERSO	ONNEL			S	PECIALIZE	D SERVICES	;
TYPE OF HOSPITALS	NO. OF HOS- PITALS ¹	RESI- DENTS	INTERNS	LAB. TECHNI- CIANS	REG- ISTERED NURSES	STU- DENT NURSES	PRACT. NURSES & ATT.	CLIN- ICAL LAB.	X-RAY DEPT.	PATHOL- OGIST	ROENT- GENOL- OGIST
Total hospitals ¹	44	32	21	56	664	344	755	31	39	11	9
Total general	36	20	19	40	482	330	454	23	31	7	5
Metropolitan	8	14	19	20	336	330	165	. 5	. 8	4	3
Honolulu	3	14	19	15	297	330	110	3	3	3	3
Hilo	5	0	0 .	5	39	0	55	2	5	1	0
Non-Metropolitan	28	6	0	20	146	0	289	18	23	3	2
Rural Oahu	5	2	0	2	31	0	38	2	4	0	1
Rural Hawaii	12	1	0	4	32	0	74	6	9	0	0
Maui Co.	9	2	0	12	62	0	149	8	8	2	0 .
Kauai Co.	2	1	0	2	21	0	28	2	2	1	1
Tuberculosis	4	9	. 0	9	64	Varies .	196	4	4	1	1
All other	4	5	2	10	130	14	152	4	4	3	3
Allied special	3	5	. 2	8	119	14	44	3	3	2	2
Mental	1	0	0	2	11	0	108	1	. 1	1	1

¹Includes all civilian hospitals, exclusive of those concerned with leprosy, Waimano Home and convalescent nursing homes. Also excludes Ewa and Kahuku Hospitals, which did not return data. Three hospitals in Hilo, one in Kealakekua, and one in Wahiawa, not registered with the A. M. A. in 1946, are included. Personnel shared by Kula Sanatorium and Kula General Hospital are not duplicated in the totals for the Territory, although repeated in the subtotals.

Source: Questionnaires returned to Territorial Department of Health, Division of Hospital Planning, 1948 (see Table 60),

²These high correlations may be partly explained by the coincidental secular trends in local economic expansion and worldwide hospital advances (toward shorter length of stay and more admissions). Adjustment for these factors would undoubtedly reveal a less impressive relationship between per capita buying power and hospital usage.

Table 27
PERSONNEL PER HOSPITAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947¹

	AVERAGE			AVERAGE NUMBE	R OF PERSONS PER	HOSPITAL	
TYPE OF HOSPITAL	NUMBER OF BEDS PER HOSPITAL	RESIDENTS	INTERNS	LAB. TECH- NICIANS	REGISTERED NURSES	STUDENT NURSES	PRACTICAL NURSES & ATTENDANT
Total hospitals	107	0.7	0.5	1.3	15.1	7.8	17.2
Total general	59	0.6	0.5	1.1	13.4	9.2	12.6
Metropolitan	124	1.8	2.4	· 2.5	42.0	41.2	20.6
Honolulu	243	4.7	6.3	5.0	99.0	110.0	36.7
Hilo	52	0	0	1.0	7.8	0	11.0
Non-metropolitan Rural Oahu Rural Hawaii Maui Co. Kauai Co.	41 40 28 53 60	0.2 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.5	0 0 0 0	0.7 0.4 0.3 1.3 1.0	5.2 6.2 2.7 6.9 10.5	0 0 0 0	10.3 7.6 6.2 16.6 14.0
Tuberculosis	297	2.2	0	2.2	16.0	Varies	49.0
All other	354	1.2	0.5	2.5	32.5	3.5	38.0
Allied special	85	1.7	0.7	2.7	39.7	4.7	14.7
Mental	1160	0	0	2.0	11.0	0	108.0

Includes all civilian hospitals, exclusive of those concerned with leprosy, Waimano Home and convalescent nursing homes. Also excludes Ewa and Kahuku Hospitals, which did not return data. Three hospitals in Hilo, one in Kealakekua, and one in Wahiawa, not registered with the A. M. A. in 1946, are included. Personnel shared by Kula Sanatorium and Kula General Hospital are not duplicated in the totals for the Territory, although repeated in the subtotals.

Source: Questionnaires returned to Territorial Department of Health, Division of Hospital Planning, 1948 (see Tables 26 and 60).

Table 28
EXTRAPOLATIONS OF FITTED TREND LINES TO CENSUS AND ADMISSIONS
DATA FOR HOSPITALS IN HAWAII, 1950 and 1955¹

				ESTIMAT	ED VALUES	
	TYPE OF	1947		1950		1955
TYPE OF DATA	HOSPITAL	ACTUAL	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH
Census per 1,000 population ²	General ³ Tuberculosis All other	2.4 1.8 2.6	2.47 1.76 2.62	2.60 1.83 2.76	2.65 1.70 2.78	3.02 1.89 2.97
Admissions per 1,000 population ⁴	General Tuberculosis ⁵ All other	105. 1.6 18.	103.1 17.9	.61 17.9	103.9 20.6	1.72 123.0 20.7

¹Fitted by method of least squares. Straight line trends except where otherwise indicated.

Table 29

AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY (IN DAYS)

BASED ON HIGH AND LOW ESTIMATES OF FUTURE CENSUS AND ADMISSIONS
TERRITORY OF HAWAII

CENSUS PER	ADMISSIONS PER	GENERAL	HOSPITALS1	TUBERCULOSI	S SANATORIA ²	ALL OTHER	HOSPITALS3
1000 POPULATION	1000 POPULATION	. 1950	1955	1950	1955	1950	1955
Low Low	Low High	8.7 7.9	9.3 7.9	399	361	53.4	\$49.3 \49.0
High High	Low High	9.2 8.3	$10.6 \\ 9.0$	415	401	56.3	\{ 52.6 \ 52.4 \}

¹The 1947 average stay was 8.3 days (lowest on record).

²Fitted to data for 1929-47 and 1941-47.

²Second-degree parabola fitted to data for 1941-47.

⁴Fitted to data for 1931-47 and 1941-47, except tuberculosis hospitals.

Fitted to data for 1939-47 only.

²The 1947 average stay was 408.5 days (the lowest since 1939).

The 1947 average stay was 51.8 days (lowest on record).

Table 30
ESTIMATED TOTAL AVERAGE CENSUS AND ADMISSIONS
OF HOSPITALS IN HAWAII, 1950 and 1955¹

TYPE OF	TYPE OF	1947	_	950		1955
DATA	HOSPITAL	ACTUAL	LOW	HIGH	Low	нісн
	General	1252	1360	1430	1590	1810
Average Census	Tuberculosis	947	970	1010	1020	1130
	All other	1342	1440	1520	1670	1780
	General	54894	56700	63140	62340	73800
Admissions	Tuberculosis	846		890		1030
	All other	9458	9	840	12360	12420

^{&#}x27;Assuming values derived in Table 28 and a population of 550,000 in 1950, 600,000 in 1955. These population estimates were obtained by extrapolating 'least squares' trend lines fitted to 1929-1947 (which gave low estimates of 543 and 591 thousands) and 1941-1947 (which gave high estimates of 557 and 609 thousands) population data for the Territory, then averaging the two sets of estimates thus computed.

Table 31
ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF BEDS TO BE NEEDED
IN HOSPITALS IN HAWAII, 1950 and 19551

	AVERAGE			NUMBER OF BEDS3		
	PERCENT	1947		50		55
TYPE OF HOSPITAL	OCCUPIED ²	ACTUAL	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH
General	654	2083	2090	2200	2450	2780
Tuberculosis	80^{5}	1189	1210	1260	1280	1410
All other	906	1415	1600	1690	1860	1980

¹Assuming values derived in Table 30 regarding estimated total average census and total admissions.

Table 32
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL BEDS TO BE NEEDED
IN HOSPITALS IN HAWAII, 1950 and 1955¹

	ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL BEDS NEEDED								
YPE OF HOSPITAL		1950		1955					
	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH					
General ²	. 7	117	367	697					
uberculosis	21	71	91	221					
All other	185	275	445	565					
All hospitals	213	463	903	1483					

Based on Table 31. Net additional beds (i.e., new beds exclusive of replacement beds) are given.

²Suggested percentage for 1950 and 1955. This is a value obtained by inspection of recent trends in occupancy in the Territory, as modified by recognition of theoretically optimum occupancy ratios.

[§]As classified by major function of hospital in which they exist (e.g., five general beds in a large tuberculosis sanatorium would be considered as "tuberculosis").

[§]This figure is somewhat higher than the average occupancy data for the Territory in most recent years, but quite close to the typical percentage for metropolitan general hospitals only.

Same as 1947, but lower than preceding years. The mainland percentage has been below 80 since 1944.

This would represent a considerable improvement over both national and local current ratios, which, however, have been admittedly too high (91.5 in U. S., 94 in T. H. in 1946).

²An analysis by area is admittedly needed as a basis for any final action, because of the different situations existing in metropolitan and non-metropolitan general hospitals. The figures quoted in this table cover the entire Territory, without regard for spatial distribution.

Table 33
HOSPITAL FACILITIES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928

CITY	HOSPITAL ¹	TYPE2	OWNER- SHIP	YEAR ESTAB. ³	BEDS4	BASSINET
Honolulu County	A ST ST STATE OF STAT		The state of the s			
	Aina	Gen.	T de	1898	20	
Aiea	Aiea		Indus.		30	
Ewa	Ewa Plantation	Gen.	Indus.	1890	36	
Ionolulu	Japanese ⁶	Gen.	Indep.	1900	120	
Ionolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	1889	200	
Ionolulu	Kapiolani	MatGyn.	Indep.	1875	25	
Ionolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	Indep.	1909	51	6
Ionolulu	Leahi Home	TB	Indep.	1901	450	
Ionolulu	Queen's	Gen.	Indep.	1859	263	18
Ionolulu ⁶	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	1864	524	* * * *
Ionolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	1912	300	14
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	Indus.	1912	14	
Pearl City	Waimano Home	MenDef.	Terr.	1920	190	
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	1917	179	
chof. Bks.	Station Hosp.	Gen.	Army	1909	275	1
Vaialua	Waialua	Gen.	Indus.	1898	30	2
Vaianae	Waianae	Gen.	Indus.		20	
Vaipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1900	50	6
Iawaii County						
Takalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	Indus.		10	
Tilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	1894	94	6
Hilo	Puumaile Home	TB .	Terr.		80	
Hilo	Dr. Sasaki's	Gen.	Indiv.	1915	23	0 6 4
Ino Ionokaa		Gen.	Indus.		25	
	Honokaa Sugar Co.				28	• • •
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County			
Kohala	Kohala	Gen.	County		34	2
aupahoehoe	Papaaloa	Gen.	Indus.			
)laa	Olaa	Gen.	Indus.		30	
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	Indus.	4000	8	
Paauhau Paauhau	Paauhau Plant.	Gen.	Indus.	1922	15	
Paauilo	Paauilo	Gen.	Indus.	1892	8	
ahala	Pahala	Gen.	Indus.	1915	23	
epeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	Indus.	****	33	* * *
Vaiohinu	Kauhane	Gen.	County	1925	12	2
Iaui County						
Hana	Hana	Gen.	County		. 18	
Kula '	Maui Co. Farm & San.	TB	County	1910	192	4
ahaina	Pioneer Mill Company	Gen.	Indus.	1908	53	5
aia a	Maui Agric. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1906	75	
ukoo	Ualapue	Gen.	County	1922	20	2
uunene	Puunene	Gen.	Indus.	1890	100	
Vailuku	Malulani	Gen.	Church	1884	50	
Tauai County						
	Flools	Con	Indus	1000	36	2
leele	Eleele	Gen.	Indus.	1899	36	2
Cealia	Kealia	Gen.	Indus.	1890	24	1
Kealia	Mahelona Mem.	TB	County	1917	90	
Cilauea	Kilauea Sugar Plant.	Gen.	Indus.	1887	20	
Coloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1911	32	3
ihue	Lihue	Gen.	Indus.	1894	45	6
lakaweli	Makaweli	Gen.	Indus.		25	
Vaimea	Waimea	Gen.	Indep.	1896	20	
Talawao County						
alaupapa	Kalaupapa Settlement	Lepr.	Terr.	1866	500	
aiaupapa	rzaiaupapa Settiement	Lept.	I CII.	1000	500	

¹The original source also gives the type of superintendent (M.D., R.N., or layman), and lists three hospitals giving nurse training (Kapiolani, Japanese, and The Queen's).

²Most of the plantation hospitals were classified in the source as "industrial" both in type of service and ownership, but, since they actually rendered general hospital services, they have been listed here as "general" in type.

Often different from date given in other sources.

⁴It was not specified in the source whether "rated capacity" or "bed complement" was meant.

⁵The present Kuakini Hospital.

⁶Moved to Kaneohe in 1930.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 30, 1929, vol. 92, no. 13, p. 1117. Gives only hospitals registered by the A. M. A.

Table 34 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1929

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE1	OWNER- SHIP	YEAR ESTAB. ²	BEDS ³	BASSI- NETS	AV. CENSUS	% occ.4	NO. OF
Honolulu Count	у								
Aiea	Aiea	Gen.	Indus.	1898	30		20	67	
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1890	36		15	42	
Honolulu	Japanese ⁵	Gen.	Indep.	1900	120		76	63	
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	1889	200		145	72	
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.	Indep.	1875	25		20	80	
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	Indep.	1909	51	6	28	55	
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	Indep.	1901	440		363	83	
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	Indep.	1859	258	18	168	65	453
Honolulu ⁶	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	1864	524		512	98	
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	1912	300	14	120	40	
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	Indus.	1912	14		8	57	
Pearl City	Waimano Home	MenDef.	Terr.	1920	190		115	61	
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	1917	179		59	33	
Schof. Bks.	Station Hosp.	Gen.	Army	1909	380	12	170	45	4 77
Waialua	Waialua	Gen.	Indus.	1898	36	2	17	47	17
Waianae	Waianae	Gen.	Indus.	1000	20		10	50	
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1900	50	6	32	64	
Hawaii County									
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	Indus.		10		3	30	
Hilo	Hilo Mem.	Gen.	County	1894	94	6	55	59	
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	Terr.	1912	100		77	77	
Hilo	Dr. Sasaki's	Gen.	Indiv.	1915	23		21	91	
Honokaa	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.		25		10	40	
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County		28	2	* * *	* : :	
Kohala	Kohala	Gen.	County		34	2	14	41	
Laupahoehoe	Papaaloa	Gen.	Indus.		9		* * * *	0.00	
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	Indus.		30		11	37	
Ookala	Ookala Passikasi Plant Ca	Gen.	Indus.	1022	8			A 17	***
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1922	15	2		47	10
Pahala Pepeekeo	Pahala Pepeekeo	Gen. Gen.	Indus.	1915	25 33		16	64	10
Waiohinu	Kauhane Mem.	Gen.	Indus. County	1925	12	2			
Maui County									
Hana	Hana	Gen.	County		18		8	44	
Kula	Maui Co. Farm & San.	TB	County	1910	-200	2	163	82	8
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Company	Gen.	Indus.	1908	55	9	43	78	
Paia	Maui Ag. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1906	75		40	53	
Pukoo	Ualapue	Gen.	County	1922	20	2	. 3	15	
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	Indus.	1890	100				
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	Church	1883	50				
Kauai County									
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	. 1899	37	2	29	78	5
Kealia	Kealia	Gen.	Indus.	1890	24	1	10	42	
Kealia	Mahelona Mem.	TB	County	1917	105		93	89	
Kilauea	Kilauea Sugar Plant.	Gen.	Indus.	1887	20		5	25	
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Company	Gen.	Indus.	1911	31	3	16	52	14
Lihue	Lihue	Gen.	Indus.	1894	45	6	24	53	
Makaweli	Makaweli	Gen.	Indus.		25	2	12	48	12
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	1898	20		10	50	
Kalawao County	,								
Kalaupapa Kalaupapa	Bishop Home for Girls	Inst.	Terr.	1866	40 500		500	100	
	Kalaupapa Settlement	Lepro.	Terr.						

^{**}ISeveral plantation hospitals listed as "industrial" in type in the original source are here given as "general."

*In several cases does not agree with dates listed elsewhere.

*Not indicated whether "normal" or "actual."

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 29, 1930, Vol. 94, No. 13, p. 987. Only hospitals registered with the A.M.A. are listed.

⁴Calculated.

⁵Later named Kuakini.

⁶Moved to Kaneohe in 1930.

Table 35 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1930

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE1	OWNER- SHIP	YEAR ESTAB. ²	BEDS ³	BASSI- NETS	AV. CENSUS	occ.4
Honolulu Count	y							
Aiea	Aiea ⁵	Indus.	Indus.	1898	30		25	83
Honolulu	Tapanese	Gen.	Indep.	1900	120		76	63
Honolulu	Kalihi ^a	Lepro.	Terr.	1889	200		145	72
Honolulu	Kapiolani	MatGyn.	Indep.	1875	50		30	60
Honolulu	Kauikeolani ⁵	Child.	Indep.	1909	60	* * *	35	58
Honolulu	Leahi	TB	Indep.	1901	440		335	76
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	Indep.	1859	258	18	180	70
Honolulu	Št. Francis	Gen.	Church	1927	45	10	34	76
Honolulu	Shriners ⁶	Orth.	N.P.A.	1,72,7				
Honolulu	Tripler ⁵	Gen.	Army	1912	300	14	120	40
Kahuku	Kahuku ⁸	Indus.	Indus.	1912	25		15	60
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	1864	524		578	110
Pearl City	Waimano Home	MenDef.	Terr.	1920	190		190	100
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	1917	179		59	
Schof. Bks.		Gen.		1909		4.0		33
	Station Hosp. 5		Army		380	12	170	45
Waialua	Waialua Ag. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	1898	36	2	20	56
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Indus.	Indus.	1900	50	6	40	80
Hawaii County	****							
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	1894	94	6	55	59
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	Terr.	1912	100		77	77
Honokaa	Honokaa Sugar Co. ⁵	Indus.	Indus.	1912	25		10	40
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County		30		15	50
Kohala	Kohala	Gen.	County		34	2	14	41
Olaa	Olaa ⁵	Indus.	Indus.		30		11	37
Ookala	Ookala	Indus.	Indus.		8		5	62
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co.,Ltd.	Indus.	Indus.	1922	15		7	47
Paauilo	Paauilo ⁵	Indus.	Indus.	1892	12		8	67
Pahala	Pahala ⁵	Indus.	Indus.	1915	25	2	16	64
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Indus.	Indus.		33		16	48
Waiohinu	Kauhane Mem. ⁵	Gen.	County	1925	20	2	10	50
Maui County								
Kula	Maui Co. Farm & San. ⁵	TB	County	1910	200	2	188	94
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Indus.	Indus.	1908	55	9	43	78
Pukoo	Ualapue ⁵	Gen.	County	1922	20	2	5	25
Puunene	Puunene ⁵	Indus.	Indus.	1890	100		100	100
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	1883	90		60	67
Kauai County								
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Indus.	Indus.	1899	37	2	29	78
Kealia	Kealia ⁵	Indus.	Indus.	1890	24	1	10	42
Kealia	Mahelona Mem.	TB	County	1917	105	-	101	96
Kilauea	Kilauea Sugar Plant.	Indus.	Indus.	1887	20		20	100
Koloa		Indus.	Indus.	1911	31	3	16	52
Lihue	Koloa Sugar Co.	Indus.	Indus.	1894	45	6	24	53
Makaweli	Lihue Hosp. ⁸ Makaweli	Indus.	Indus.	1094	25	2	12	48
Kalawao County	y							
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Settlement ⁵	Lenr	Terr.	1866	500		500	100

¹Many hospitals listed as "industrial" in reality gave general hospital services.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 28, 1931, Vol. 96, No. 13, p. 1085. Only hospitals registered with the A.M.A. are listed.

²Frequently in disagreement with dates given by other sources. ³It was not specified whether "normal beds" or "total beds" were intended.

⁴Calculated.

⁶Used wards in Kauikeolani Children's Hospital.

Table 36 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1931

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE ¹	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS	OCC. ²	AV. CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OI
Honolulu County	,									
Aiea	Aiea ⁸	Gen.	Indus.	26	58	15	798	6.9	4	
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	Indep.	120	63	76				
Honolulu	Kalihi ³	Lepro.	Terr.	200	72	145				
Honolulu	Kapiolani	MatGyn.	Indep.	50	60	30				
Honolulu	Kauikeolani ⁸	Child.	Indep.	60	5.5	33	1413	8.5		
Honolulu	Leahi Home ³	TB	Indep.	440	82	360	345	380		
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	Indep.	284	60	170	6478	9.6	16	388
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	45	73	33	1154	10.4	12	72
Honolulu	Shriners ⁸	Orth.	Frat.	28	89	25	47	194		
Honolulu	Tripler ³	Gen.	Army	300	55	164	2974	20.1	10	88
Kahuku	Kahuku ⁸	Gen.	Indus.	25	60	15	0.00			
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	600	100	602	267			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	MenDef.	Terr.	194	100	194	026	24 7		
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval ³	Gen.	Navy	238	37	89	936	34.7	10	
Schof. Bks.	Station Hosp. ⁸	Gen.	Army	380 36	45 56	170 20			12	
Waialua	Waialua ⁸	Gen.	Indus. Indus.	55	64	35	1086	11.8	6	28
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co. ⁸	Gen.	maus.	33	04	33	1000	11.0	U	20
Hawaii County	YT'1 BV. '.1	C.	C	06	0.5	Ħ a	1161	22.0	-	0.5
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	86 100	85	73	1164	22.9	6	85
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	Terr.	25	77 40	77				
Honokaa	Honokaa Sugar Co.3	Gen.	Indus.	28	54	10 15	280	19.6	3	30
Kealakekua Kohala	Kona Kohala	Gen.	County	34	41	14			2	
Olaa	Olaa ³	Gen.	County Indus.	30	37	11				
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	Indus.	8	62	5				
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co. Ltd.		Indus.	15	47	7				
Paauilo	Paauilo ³	Gen.	Indus.	12	42	5	120	15.2		
Pahala	Pahala ³	Gen.	Indus.	19	84	16	665	8.8	6	
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	Indus.	33	48	16				
Waiohinu	Kauhane Mem.	Gen.	County	20	25	5	188	9.7	2	5
Maui County										
Kula	Maui Co. Farm & San.3	TB	County	200	94	188			2	
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co. ⁸	Gen.	Indus.	56	79	44	1583	10.1	2 9	92
Pukoo	Ualapue ³	Gen.	County	20	25	5			2 8	
Puunene	Puunene ³	Gen.	Indus.	100	60	60	2667	8.2		147
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	72	57	41	998	14.9	8	81
Kauai County										
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co. ³	Gen.	Indus.	37	. 78	29			2	
Kealia	Kealia ³	Gen.	Indus.	25	56	14	316	16.2	3	14
Kealia	Mahelona Mem. ³	TB	County	150	63	95	111	312		
Kilauea	Kilauea Sugar Plant. ⁸	Gen.	Indus.	25	36	9	270	12.2	3	30
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co. ⁸	Gen.	Indus.	31	52	16			3	
Lihue	Lihue ³	Gen.	Indus.	45	53	24			6	
Makaweli	Makaweli ³	Gen.	Indus.	28	68	19	480	14.4	2	15
Kalawao County	77 1		272	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.50	10.6	4.0	
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Hospital	Lepro.	Terr.	48	38	18	353	18.6	12	15

¹Some plantation hospitals, here given as "general," were listed as "industrial" in original source. ²Calculated.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, June 11, 1932, Vol. 98, No. 24, p. 2140. Only hospitals registered by the A.M.A. are listed.

³Has outpatient department.

Table 37 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 19321

СІТУ	HOSPITAL .	TYPE2	OWNER- SHIP	RATED BEDS	% occ.³	AV. CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	AV. DAYS STAY ³	BASSI- NETS	STU.	RN'S FOR NURS ING
Honolulu Cous	nty										
Aiea Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu Kahuku Kaneohe Pearl City Pearl Harbor Schof, Bks. Waialua Waipahu	Aiea Plant. ⁴ Japanese Kalihi Kapiolani Kauikeolani ⁴ Leahi Home ⁴ Queen's Št. Francis ⁴ Shriners ⁴ Tripler ⁴ Kahuku Plant. Co. Territorial Waimano Home U. S. Naval ⁴ Station Hosp. ⁴ Waialua Agric. Co. Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen. Gen. Lepro. MatGyn. Child. TB Gen. Gen. Orth. Gen. Gen. Mental Men.Def. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen.	Indus. Indep. Terr. Indep. Indep. Indep. Indep. Church Frat. Army Indus. Terr. Terr. Navy Army Indus. Indus.	26 130 200 50 60 440 282 58 283 300 25 703 217 238 350 36 60	58 58 72 60 55 87 62 66 96 57 60 96 88 54 75 47	15 76 145 30 33 384 174 38 27 171 15 673 190 129 264 17	722 1588 ⁵ 358 7126 1326 47 3712 253 14 1117 6772 876 1400	7.6 ⁵ 393 8.9 10.5 210 16.9 42.3 14.3 7.1 11.5	4 18 12 8 6 12 4 8	0 0 0 72 222 0 0 0	2 14 9 37 5 3 18 4 27 27
Hawaii County Hakalau Hilo Hilo Honokaa Kealakekua Kohala Olaa Ookala Paauhau Paauilo Pahala Pepeekeo Waiohinu	Hakalau ⁴ Hilo Memorial Puumaile Honokaa Sugar Co. Kona Kohala Olaa Ookala Paauhau Plant. Co. ⁴ Paauilo ⁴ Hawaiian Agric. Co. ⁴ Pepeekeo Kauhane Mem.	Gen. Gen. TB Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen.	Indus. County Terr. Indus. County County Indus. Indus. Indus. Indus. Indus. County	25 127 100 25 28 34 30 8 12 12 19 33 20	32 63 77 40 54 41 37 62 42 67 79 48 30	8 80 77 10 15 14 11 5 5 8 15	492 1458 154 193 484 	6.0 20.1 11.9 15.2 11.3 	2 18 3 2 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14
Maui County Hoolehua Kula Lahaina Paia Pukoo Puunene Wailuku	Shingle Memorial ⁴ Maui Co. Farm & San. ⁴ Pioneer Mill Co. ⁴ Maui Agric. Co. ⁴ Ualapue Puunene ⁴ Malulani	Gen. TB Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen.	Church County Indus. Indus. County Indus. County	100	93 82 59 25 66 72	200 46 61 5 66 63	375 1300 2966 1187	195 13.0 8.1 19.4	4 2 9 10 2 10	0 0 0 0 0	10 2 5 7
Kauai County Eleele Kealia Kealia Kilauea Koloa Lihue Makaweli	McBryde Sugar Co. Makee Sugar Co. ⁴ Mahelona Mem. Kilauea Sugar Plant. ⁴ Koloa Sugar Co. Lihue Haw. Sugar Co.	Gen. Gen. TB Gen. Gen. Gen.	Indus. Indus. County Indus. Indus. Indus. Indus. Indus.	37 26 150 25 31 45 31	78 46 63 60 52 53 65	29 12 95 15 16 24 20	454 278 557	9.7	2 3 3 3 6 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0
Kalawao Coun	ity										
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Hosp.4	Lepro.	Terr.	50	30	15	168	32.7	. 4	0	2

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 25, 1933, Vol. 100, No. 12, p. 971. Only hospitals registered with the A.M.A. are listed.

¹Fiscal years of individual hospitals.
²Some plantation hospitals listed in the original source as "industrial," are given below as "general."

³Calculated.

⁴Has outpatient department.

⁶The source indicated 5188 admissions, which meant an average length of stay of only 2.3 days. It was assumed that this was a typographical error resulting from the unintentional transposition of two figures.

Table 38
HOSPITAL FACILITIES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1933

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE ¹	SHIP	RATED BEDS	% occ.²	AV. CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
Honolulu Coun	ty									
Aiea	Honolulu Plant.	Gen.	Indus.	30	50	15	655	8.4	4	4
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	Indep.	120	63	76			10	
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	200	72	145				
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn		50	60	30	1168	9.4	. 32	785
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	Indep.	60	67	40	1534	9.5		
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	Indep.	440	93	409	383	390	4.0	
Honolulu	Queen's St. Francis	Gen. Gen.	Indep. Church	264 49	53 61	140 30	6014 1203	8.5 9.1	18 6	553 79
Honolulu Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	Frat.	28	100	28	87	117		
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	300	57	172	3013	20.8	8	100
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	Indus.	28	61	17	743	8.4	3	78
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	718	98	702	226			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	217	97	210	27			
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	238	65	155	1703	33.2		
Schof. Bks.	Station Hosp.	Gen.	Army	350	71	248	6566	13.8	12	100
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	36	36	13	635	7.5	5	53
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	50	86	43	1148	13.7	8	43
Hawaii County										
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	Indus.	25	36	9	367	9.0	2	. 11
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	125	65	81	1446	20.4	18	108
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	Terr.	100	77	77			* * *	
Honokaa	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	40	25	10				
Kealakekua	Kona Kohala	Gen. Gen.	County	28 34	54 41	15 14			3 2	
Kohala Olaa	Olaa Plant.	Gen.	County Indus.	36	56	20	588	12.4		8
Ookala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	12	33	4	36	40.5		
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	12	42	5				
Paauilo	Paauilo	Gen.	Indus.	12	42	5	50	36.5 9		
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	22	68	15	521	10.5	6	52
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Central	Gen.	Indus.	34	68	23	876	9.6	6	91
Waiohinu	Kauhane Mem.	Gen.	County	20	30	6			2	
Maui County										
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	12	25	3	98	11.1	4	15
Kula	Maui Co. Farm & San.	TB	County	226	84	190	566	123	4	19
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	Indus.	57	74	42	1603	9.6	9	95
Paia	Maui Agric. Co.	Gen.	Indus.	103	56	58	2590	8.2	10	208
Puunene	Puunene	Gen. Gen.	Indus.	120 90	55	66	3371	7.1	6	336
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	90	76	68		• • • •	11	113
Kauai County	M-D 1.6	C	Y . 1	40		20	700	44.2		4.6
Eleele	McBryde Sugar	Gen.	Indus.	40	55	22	708	11.3	3	14
Kealia Koalia	Makee Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	26	42	11	483	8.3	3	29
Kealia Kilauea	Mahelona Memorial Kilauea Sugar Plant.	TB Gen.	County Indus.	150 25	63 32	95 8	435	6.7	3	28
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	30	40	12	350	12.5	3	28
Lihue	Lihue	Gen.	Indus.	45	53	24	1047	8.4	6	14
Makaweli	Hawaiian Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indus.	30	63	19	616	11.3	6	26
Kalawao County	y									
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Hosp.	Lepro.	Terr.	50	56	28	192	53.2	12	

¹Some plantation hospitals listed in the original source as "industrial," are given as "general." ²Calculated,

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 31, 1934, Vol. 102, No. 13, p. 1081 f. Number of outpatients for each hospital is also given in the original source. Only hospitals registered by the A.M.A. are listed.

Table 39 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 19341

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER-	RATED BEDS	% OCC.3	AV. CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
Honolulu Coun	ty									
Aiea	Aiea Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	33	10	599	6.1	4	16
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	N.P.A.	120						
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	200		• • •	::::	• • • •		
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn		50	70	35	1363	9.4	30	687
Honolulu Honolulu	Kauikeolani Leahi Home	Child. TB	N.P.A. N.P.A.	60 440	57 92	34 404	1665 313	7.5 471	* * *	* * *
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	Corp.	264	51	134	5874	8.3	18	532
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	53	47	25	1130	8.1	6	80
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	Frat.	28	96	27	79	125		
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	300	47	140	2882	17.7	12	92
Kahuku Kaneohe	Kahuku Plant. Co. Territorial	Gen. Mental	N.P.A. Terr.	28 748	54 99	15 739	567 263	9.7	5	77
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	221	100	221	8			
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	178	72	129	1366	34.5		
Schof. Bks.	Station Hosp.	Gen.	Army	350	60	209	5278	14.5	12	78
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	38	37	14	808	6.3	4	47
Waimanalo	Waimanalo	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	16 50	0.1	42	1180	13.0	8	173
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	IN.F./A.	30	84	42	1100	13.0	0	113
Hawaii County						_				
Hakalau	Hakalau Hila Mananial	Gen.	Corp.	25	28	7	360	7.1	2	9
Hilo Hilo	Hilo Memorial Puumaile	Gen. TB	County	125 100	76	95	1507	23.0	18	115
Honokaa	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	25						
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	28					3	
Kohala	Kohala	Gen.	County	37	49	18	905	7.3	3	82
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	Corp.	30	77	23	365	23.0	4	9
Ookala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.	Gen.	Corp.	8	. 88	7	84	30.4		10
Paauhau Paauilo	Paauhau Plant. Co. Paauilo	Gen. Gen.	Corp.	15 13	40 62	6 8	256 302	8.6 9.7	2 2	10
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	Corp.	19	37	7	712	3.6	6	79
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Central	Gen.	Corp.	35	37	13	875	5.4	6	107
Waiohinu	Kauhane Memorial	Gen.	County	20					2	
Maui County										
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	12	42	5	160	11.4	4	33
Kula	Maui Co. Farm & San.	TB	County	243	88	215	706	111	3	27
Lahaina Lanai City	Pioneer Mill Co. Lanai	Gen. Gen.	Corp.	57 20	79 55	45 11	1758 420	9.3 9.6	9	106 48
Paia City	Paia Hospital	Gen.	Corp. N.P.A.	103			****	7.0	10	
Pukoo	Ualapue	Gen.	County	20					2	
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	Corp.	100	69	69	3037	8.3	12	300
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	90	71	64	913	25.5	11	118
Kauai County										
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	Corp.	35	77	27	1028	9.6	3	54
Kealia Kaalia	Kealia Mahalana Mamarial	Gen.	Corp.	26	50	13	364	13.0	3	33
Kealia Kilauea	Mahelona Memorial Kilauea Sugar Plant.	TB Gen.	County Corp.	100 20	81	81	41	721	3	
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	Corp.	26	42	ii	385	10.4	3	20
Lihue	Lihue	Gen.	N.P.A.	45			,		6	
Makaweli	Hawaiian Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	58	23	618	13.6	6	23
Kalawao County	y									
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Hospital	Lepro.	Terr.	50	72	36	168	78.2	6	13

¹Year ending in late 1934. ²Calculated.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 30, 1935, Vol. 104, No. 13, p. 1172. Only hospitals registered by the A.M.A. are listed.

Table 40a HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1935

CITY	HOSPITAL,	TYPE	OWNERSHIP	RATED BEDS	AVERAGE CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	BASSI- NETS	NO. O
Honolulu Coun	ty					•		
Aiea Honolulu	Honolulu Plant. Japanese	Gen. Gen.	Corp. N.P.A.	43 120	18 53	654 1928	4 3	19 43
Honolulu Honolulu	Kalihi Kapiolani	Lepro. Mat. & Gyn		200 50	27	1363	36	687
Honolulu Honolulu	Kauikeolani Leahi	Child. TB	N.P.A. N.P.A.	75 440	38 405	1587 330		
Honolulu Honolulu Honolulu	Queen's St. Francis Shriners	Gen. Gen. Orth.	Corp. Church N.P.A.	254 60 28	183 37 28	6768 1362 86	18	624 129
Honolulu Kahuku	Tripler Kahuku Plant. Co.	Gen. Gen.	Army N.P.A.	300	169 17	2575 728	8 3	70 64
Kaneohe Pearl City	Territorial Waimano Home	Mental Men. Def.	Terr.	757 209	764 221	235		
Pearl Harbor Schof. Bks.	U. S. Naval Station	Gen. Gen.	Navy Army	262 350	138	1563	12	
Waialua Waimanalo	Waialua Agric. Co. Waimanalo	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. County	36 16	17	683	. 4	72
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	57	31	1148	6	31
Hawaii County Hakalau	Hakalau	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	10	354	4	22
Hilo Hilo	Hilo Memorial Puumaile	Gen. TB	County County	120 100	97 90	2001 78	16	194
Honokaa Kealakekua	Honokaa Sugar Co. Kona County	Indus. Gen.	N.P.A. County	25 30	12	311	. 6	27
Kohala Olaa	Kohala Olaa Plant.	Gen.	County Corp.	37 30	• • •		3 4	
Ookala Paauhau	Kaiwiki Sugar Co. Paauhau Plant. Co.	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. Corp.	12 15		184	2 2 3	12
Paauilo Pahala Pepeekeo	Paauilo Hawaiian Agric. Co. Pepeekeo Central	Gen. Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. Corp. N.P.A.	16 19 38	11 20	324 565 1028	3 4	16 81 110
Waiohinu	Kauhane Memorial	Gen.	County	20			2	
Maui County	Cl' 1 Dr ' 1		C1 1	4 =		207	4	. 24
Hoolehua Kula Lahaina	Shingle Memorial Maui County Farm & San. Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen. & TB Gen.	Church County	15 200 57	6 150 41	207 802 1572	4 4 9	31 38 133
Lanai City Paia	Lanai Maui Agric. Co.	Gen. Gen.	Corp. Corp. Corp.	20 103	6	475	4	53
Puunene Wailuku	Puunene Malulani	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. County	100	75 52	2742 1022	24	298 148
Kauai County								
Eleele Kealia	McBryde Sugar Co. Kealia	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. Corp.	38 26	26 14	714 350	4 4	45 49
Kealia Kilauea	Mahelona Kilauea Sugar Plant.	TB Gen.	County Corp.	100 25	75 9	35 305	3	20
Koloa Lihue	Koloa Sugar Co. Lihue	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. Corp.	26 55	11 24	401 866	· 3	27 25
Makaweli Waimea	Hawaiian Sugar Co. Waimea	Gen. Gen.	Corp. N.P.A.	37 35	10 23	665 918	6	40 52
Kalawao Coun	y							
Kalaupapa .	Kalaupapa Hosp.	Lepro.	Terr.	50			6	

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 7, 1936, Vol. 106, No. 10, p. 856. Only hospitals registered by the A.M.A. are listed.

Table 40b HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1935

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	YR. OPENED ¹	BEDS ²	% occ.3	AV. CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	AV. DAYS STAY ⁸	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF
Honolulu Cou	nty										
Aiea	Aiea Plant.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1898	43	42	18	654	10.0	4	19
Honolulu	Japanese ⁵	Gen.	N.P.A.	1900	120	44	53	1928	10.0	3	43
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	1889	200						
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.	N.P.A.	1891 ⁶	50	54	27	1363	7.2	36	687
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	1906	75	51	38	1587	8.7		
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	N.P.A.	19007	440	92	404	330	447		3
Ionolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	1860	258	71	183	7392	9.3	18	661
Honolulu	St. Francis ⁴ 8	Gen.	Church	1927	65	62	40	1362	10.7	10	139
lonolulu	Shriners ⁴	Orth.	N.P.A.	1923	28	100	28	86	118		70
Ionolulu	Tripler4	Gen.	Army	1907°	300	56	169	2575	24.0	8	
Kahuku	Kahuku ⁴	Gen.	Plant.	1912	28	61	1710	593	10.5	5	55
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	186411	816	94	764	235			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Ment. Def.	Terr.	1920	209	106	221	8			
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	1917	262	53	138	1563	29.9		
chof. Bks.	Station Hosp.4	Gen. & Mil.	Army	1929	350	59	205	6123	12.6	14	88
Vaialua	Waialua Ag. Co.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1898	36	47	17	683	9.1	4	72
Vaimanalo	Waimanalo	Gen.	N.P.A.		16						
Vaipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1898	57	54	31	1148	9.9	6	31
Iawaii Count	у										
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1931	25	84	21	354	21.7	2	12
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	189712	120	81	97	2001	17.7	16	194
lilo	Puumaile ⁴ 13	TB	County	1912	100	85	85	112	270		
lonokaa	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.		25						
Cealakekua	Kona	Gen.	Terr.	1909	28	46	13	371	13.6	3	28
Kohala	Kohala County ⁴	Gen.	County	1924	37					3	
laa	Olaa4	Gen.	Plant.	1900	41	61	25	698	13.5		17
okala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.4	Gen.	N.P.A.		12	25	3	184	6.0	2	12
aauhau	Paauhau Plant.4	Gen.	Corp.	1922	15					. 2	
aauilo	Paauilo4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1892	16	44	7	324	7.9	3	16
ahala	Haw'n Agric. Co.4 8	Gen.	Plant.	1915	38	45	17	-511	12.1	6	81
epeekeo	Pepeekeo Central ⁴	Gen.	N.P.A.	1911	38	53	20	1028	7.1	4	110
Vaiohinu	Kauhane Mem. ¹⁰	Gen.	County		20	* * *				2	
Maui County											
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	1932	14	50	7	303	8.2	4	40
Cula	Maui Co. Farm & San.4	Gen. & TB10	County	1910	230	65	150	796	68.6	6	38
ahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1908	57	72	41	1572	9.5	9	133
anai City	Lanai ⁴	Gen.	N.P.A.	1925	20	30	6	475	4.6	4	53
aia	Maui Agric. Co.4	Gen.	Corp.	1897	103					10	
uunene	Puunene4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1912	100	75	75	2742	10.0	24	298
ailuku /	Malulani ⁴	Gen.	County	1883	70	74	52	1022	18.6	8	148
Tauai County											
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1899	38	68	26	714	13.3	4	45
Cealia	Kealia	Gen.	Plant.	1890	26	50	13	373	13.2	4	45
Cealia	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	1917	100	75	75	35	782		
ilauea	Kilauea Sugar Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1887	25	36	9	305	10.8	3	20
Coloa	Koloa Sugar Co.4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1911	26	42	11	401	10.0	3	27
ihue	Lihue ^{4 8}	Gen.	Plant.	1899	55	45	25	927	10.1	4	40
lakaweli	Haw'n Sugar Co.4	Gen.	Assoc.	1886	37	27	10	665	5.5	6	40
/aimea	Waimea4	Gen.	N.P.A.	1896	35	66	23	918	9.1	4	52
. 1	tar										
Calawao Coun	Ly .			1866	50					6	

¹Not always in agreement with other sources (see tables for 1928, 1929 and 1930).

Source: American and Canadian Hospitals (Physicians' Record Co., Chicago, 1937, 2d edition), pp. 1300-1306. This source gave a greater variety of information than the corresponding annual hospital number of the Journal of the A.M.A. (see Table 40a), including, in many cases, financial data, administrative details, number of nurses, number of physicians, total patient days, and similar data.

²Not specified as either "normal" or "actual."

³Calculated.

⁴Also rendered outpatient service.

Later called Kuakini.

New building, 1929.

Several newer structures.

^{*}Data for year ended September 30, 1936.

⁹Earliest beginnings in 1898.

¹⁰Data from "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the A.M.A. (106:856) (see Table 40-a).

¹¹Located at School and Lanakila Streets, Honolulu, until 1930, when it was moved to Kaneohe.

¹²New buildings, 1925.

¹³ Year ended June 30, 1936.

Table 41
HOSPITAL FACILITIES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1936

			OWNER-	BE	DS ¹	%	occ.²	AV. CEN-	AD- MIS-	AV. DAYS	BASSI-	NO. OF
CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	SHIP	RATED	ACTUAL	RATED	ACTUAL	sus	SIONS	STAY ²	NETS	BIRTH
Honolulu Cou	nty											
Aiea	Honolulu Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	400	42		21	9	702	4.7	4	47
Honolulu Honolulu	Japanese Kalihi	Gen. Lepro.	N.P.A. Terr.	120	120 200	49	49	59	2352	9.2	5	52
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.	N.P.A.	50	50	58	58	29	1552	6.8	36	747
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	75	56 92	56 92	42	1981	7.8		
Honolulu Honolulu	Leahi Home Oueen's	TB Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	440	440 254			406	328	447	18	
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	65	60	77	83	50	1890	9.7	10	120
Honolulu Honolulu	Shriners Tripler	Orth. Gen.	Frat. Army	30 300	30 400	87 67	87 50	26 201	96 3247	99.1 22.7	6	103
Kahuku	Kahuku Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	28	28	71	71	20	654	11.2	6	80
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	704	816	115	99	807	259			
Pearl City Pearl Harbor	Waimano Home U. S. Naval	Men. Def. Gen.	Terr. Navy	178	368 178	80	74 80	271 143	113 1724	30.4		
Schof. Bks.	Station	Gen.	Army	350	350	73	73	257	5023	18.7	12	75
Waialua Waimanalo	Waialua Agric. Co. Waimanalo	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	38	38 16	58	58	22	904	8.9	10	90
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	85	65	64	83	54	1168	16.9	8	152
Hawaii Count	y											
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	25	40	40	10	354	10.3	2	12
Hilo Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	125	125	93	93	116	2332	18.2	16	178
Honokaa	Puumaile Honokaa Plant.	TB Gen.	County N.P.A.	100	100 25	92	92	92	129	261		
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County		30	50	50		893	7.8	6	70
Kohala Olaa	Kohala Co. Olaa	Gen. Gen.	County N.P.A.	38 48	38 43	50 60	50 67	19 29	893 697	7.8 15.2	6 10	70 11
Ookala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	10	10	40	40	4	234	6.3	4	23
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co.	Gen.	Corp.		15				4007		2	20
Paauilo Pahala	Paauilo Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. Corp.	12 45	12 38	33	39	15	1297 620	8.9	3 6	38 107
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	35	50	57	20	933	7.8	5	113
Maui County			T									
Hoolehua	Shingle Mem.	Gen.	Church		16		77		398		4	56
Kula Lahaina	Maui Co. Farm & San. Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen. & TB Gen.	TerrCo N.P.A.	57	180 57	79	77 79	139 45	808 1941	63.0 8.5	3	46 98
Lanai City	Lanai	Gen.	Corp.		20			7:3	1741		4	
Paia	Paia Hosp.	Gen.	Corp.	103	103	45	45	46	2507	6.7	10	185
Puunene Wailuku	Puunene Malulani	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. County	100	100 78	70	70 65	70 51	2762 1236	9.3 15.1	24 9	242 150
Kauai County												
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.		41		63	26	756	12.6	4	39
Kealia Kealia	Kealia Mahalana Mananial	Gen.	N.P.A.	150	26		46	12	427	10.3	3	49
Keana Kilauea	Mahelona Memorial Kilauea	TB Gen.	County Corp.	150 25	150 25	91 36	91 36	136	81 380	615 8.7	3	32
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.		22		36	8	383	7.6	3	28
Lihue Makaweli	Lihue Hawaiian Sugar Co.	Gen.	Corp. N.P.A.	30	55 40	93	45 70	25 28	927 798	9.9 12.8	6	40 50
Waimea	Waimea	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A.	36	36	75	75	27	1014	9.7	5	68
Kalawao Coun	ıty											
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Hosp.	Lepro.	Terr.		- 50						6	

¹Rated (or normal) capacity refers to the number of beds for which the hospital was designed; actual number of beds is the number actually set up. ²Calculated.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 27, 1937, vol. 108, no. 13, p. 1120 f. Lists only hospitals registered with the A.M.A.

Table 42 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1937

CITY	HOSPITAL	туре	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS1	occ²	AV. CENSUS ³	ADMIS- SIONS ⁸	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OI BIRTH
Honolulu Cou	nty									
Aiea	Honolulu Plantation	Gen.	N.P.A.	42	43	18	686	9.6	4	31
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	N.P.A.	120	64	77	2843	9.9	5	80
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	200						
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		50	60	30	1545	7.1	36	808
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	80	60	2227	9.8		
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	N.P.A.	440	92	403	317	464		5
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	300	65	195	8097	8.8	20	695
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	65	78	51	2266	8.2	10	164
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	Frat.	28	93	26	73	130	• • • • •	
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	350	55	193	3067	23.0	7	97
Kahuku	Kahuku Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	29	66	19	631	11.0	6	97
Kaneohe	Territorial	Men.	Terr.	867	95	822	294			2
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	368	89	329	55	02.2		4
Pearl Harbor		Gen.	Navy	178	80 74	142 258	2222	23.3	12	61
Schof. Bks.	Station Variable Ca	Gen.	Army	350			4153	22.7		61
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	38	76	29	946	11.2	10	127
Waimanalo	Waimanalo	Gen.	N.P.A.	16 62	81	50	1213	15.0	8	147
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	14.1.474	02	01	30	1213	15.0	0	121
Hawaii Count		Con	N.P.A.	28	54	15	335	16.3	A	23
Haina Hakalau	Honokaa Sugar Co. Hakalau Plantation	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A.	25	32	8	343	8.5	4 3	15
пакалац Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	137	76	104	2406	15.8	18	233
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	140	90	126	139	331		
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	28	54	15	274	20.0	3	35
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	38	55	21	884	8.7	6	89
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	43	84	36	913	14.4	10	115
Ookala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	10	50	5	251	7.3	5	29
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	15					2	
Paauilo	Paauilo	Gen.	N.P.A.	14	36	5			3	16
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	Corp.	38	55	21	811	9.5	6	98
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Central	Gen.	N.P.A.	35	57	20	840	8.7	5	118
Maui County										
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	17	82	14	501	10.2	6	70
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	Gen. & TB	TerrCo.	210	71	149	661	82.3	4	54
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	57	81	46	2074	8.1	9	132
Lanai City	Lanai	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	52	13	683	6.9	4	63
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	Corp.	103					10	
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	100	67	67	2793	8.8	24	293
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	88	80	70	2501	10.2	10	181
Kauai County										
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	17	5	848	2.2	4	26
Kealia	Kealia	Gen.	N.P.A.	24	54	13	358	13.3	4	42
Kealia	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	100			75			
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	Corp.	25		12	442		4	31
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	55		443	9.9	3	
Lihue	Lihue	Gen.	Corp.	55	58 68	32 30	988	11.8 11.5	` 6 4	44 70
Makaweli Waimea	Hawaiian Sugar Co. Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	44 35	94	33	956 955	12.6	6	88
Kalawao Coun	ıty									
Kalaupapa	Leprosy Hospital	Lepro.	Terr.	52	79	41	251	59.6		6

¹Not indicated whether "normal" or "actual." ²Calculated. ³Excluding newborn infants.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 26, 1938, Vol. 110, No. 13, pp. 959 ff. Lists only hospitals registered by the A.M.A.

Table 43
HOSPITAL FACILITIES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1938

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS1	% occ.2	AV. CENSUS	ADMIS- SIONS	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
Honolulu Cou	nty									
Aiea	Honolulu Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	46	41	19	741	9.4	4	30
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	45	51	23	1076	7.8	6	67
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	N.P.A.	120	64	77	2843	9.9	5	80
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		44	68	30	1655	6.6	30	799
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	64	48	2127	8.2		* * *
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	N.P.A.	445	91	405	317	466		4
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	300	72	216	8878	8.9	25	770
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	60	100	60	2376	9.2	10	207
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	Frat.	28	100	28	65	157	10	103
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army N.P.A.	350 29	65 86	228	3620 633	23.0 14.4		103
Kahuku	Kahuku Plant. Co. Territorial	Mental	Terr.	867	101	25 876	303		6	
Kaneohe Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. & Def.		368	89	329	50			
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	265	56	149	1856	29.3		0 1 4
Schof. Bks.	Station	Gen.	Army	441	57	250	7929	11.5	12	82
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	60	24	895	9.8	6	151
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	62	81	50			8	
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	7	. 57	4	171	8.5	3	40
Hawaii Count	y									
Haina	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	28	57	16	393	14.9	. 4	34
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	50	11 -	388	10.3	2 .	21
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	140	74	104	2406	15.8	18	228
Hilo	Puumaile Home	TB	County	142	99	140	113	452		
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	.28	57	16	287	20.3	3	39
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	48	42	20	793	9.2	6	101
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	58	23	791	10.6		
Ookala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	10	40	4	174	8.4	4	34
Paauhau	Paauhau Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	18	39	7	1460	4.9	2 3	
Paauilo	Paauilo Lamia Co	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	14 39	36	5 24	1460	1.3	6	16
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	23	62 22	5	764 145	11.5 12.6	4	100
Papaaloa	Laupahoehoe	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A.	41	61	25	968	9.4	4	16 105
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Central	Gen.	N.F.A.	41	01	43	900	7.4	4:	105
Maui County Hana	Hana	Gen.	County	29	28	8	495	5.9	4	37
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	20	60	12	453	9.7	6	58
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	Gen. & TB	County	210	. 74	156	637	89.4	3	55
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	63	63	40	1724	8.5	9	160
Lanai City	Lanai	Gen.	N.P.A.	27	74	20	856	8.5	4	83
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	102	47	48	2047	8.6	10	188
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	100	70	70	3404	7.5	24	298
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	83	86	71	1536	16.9	10 -	212
Wailuku	Yamashiro	Gen.	Indiv.	20	25 .	5	300	6.1	1	5
Kauai County										
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	73	22	596	13.5	4	56
Kealia	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	110	94	103	66	570		
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	* * *				4	
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	41	9	338	9.7	3	35
Makaweli	Hawaiian Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	93	37	913	14.8	3	42
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	114	41	1405	10.7	6	111
Kalawao Cour	•	_	_							
Kalaupapa	Leprosy Hospital	· Lepro.	Terr.	52	79	41	216	69.3		

^{&#}x27;Not indicated whether "normal" or "actual" beds are given. 'Calculated.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 11, 1939. Vol. 112, No. 10, pp. 993-994. Lists only hospitals registered by the A.M.A.

Table 44 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1939

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS ¹	% occ.²	AV. CENSUS ³	ADMIS- SIONS ³	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OI BIRTH
Honolulu Cou	intv			***************************************	***					
Aiea	Honolulu Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	46					4	
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	45	49	22	860	9.3	6	74
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	N.P.A.	120					5	
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		51	65	33	1884	6.4	30	1057
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	80	60	2521	8.7		
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	N.P.A.	445	96	427	321	486		4
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	300	78	235	10301	8.3	30	1196
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	65	77	50	2595	7.0	10	361
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	Frat.	28	100	. 28	. 90	114	10	111
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	373	58	215	3280	23.9		108
Kahuku	Kahuku Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	29	66	19	838	8.3	6	113
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental Man Def	Terr.	900	96	866	287			
Pearl City	Waimano Home U. S. Naval	Men. Def. Gen.	Terr.	368 263	100 54	368 141	28 3573	1.4.4		
Pearl Harbor Schof. Bks.	Station State	Gen.	Navy Army	429	69	294	4798	14.4 22.4	12	88
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	55	22	788	10.2	6	168
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	77	50	1459	12.5	10	55
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	7	57	4	173	8.4	3	45
Hawaii Coun	tv									
Haina	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	28	39	11	293	13.7	4	- 20
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	28	43	12	467	9.4	3	31
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	143	64	91	2196	15.1	18	237
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	165	85	141	106	486		
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	28	75	21	314	24.4	3	50
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	50	38	19	819	8,5	6	105
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	44	77	34	934	13.3	2	56
Ookala	Kaiwiki Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	10	40	4	141	10.4	4	28
Paauhau	Paauhau Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	18	28	5	215	8.5	2 2	19
Paauilo	Paauilo	Gen.	N.P.A.	12	42	5	214	8.5	2	22
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	39	46	18	613	10.7	6	109
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Central	Gen.	N.P.A.	41	59	24	757	11.6	4	132
Maui County				20						
Hana	Hana	Gen.	County	29	62	4.0	547		4	
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	19 195	63 88	12 172	101	8.0	5	66
Kula	Kula Sanatorium Pioneer Mill Co.	TB Gen.	TerrCo.	63	68	43	1812	622 8.7	9	171
Lahaina Lanai City	Lanai	Gen.	N.P.A.	27				0.1	4	111
Paia City	Paia Hosp.	Gen.	N.P.A.	102	47	48	2448	7.2	10	200
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	100	60	60	2989	7.3	24	281
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	86	91	78	2010	14.2	10	254
Wailuku	Yamashiro	Gen.	Indiv.	20	25	5				
Kauai County	y									
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	53	16	640	9.1	5	47
Kealia	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	120	88	106	65	595		
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	N.P.A.	25					4	
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	45	10	345	10.6	3	33
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	34	32	1397	8.4	11	186
Makaweli	Hawaiian Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	43	37	16	920	6.3	4	88
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	97	35	1132	11.3	6	110
Kalawao Cou	nty									

^{&#}x27;Not indicated whether ''normal'' or ''actual.''
''Calculated.
'Excluding newborn infants.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 30, 1940, Vol. 114, No. 13, pp. 1157 ff. Lists only hospitals registered by the A.M.A.

Table 45 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1940

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS ¹	% occ.²	AV. CENSUS ⁸	ADMIS- SIONS ³	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
Honolulu Cou	nty									
Aiea	Honolulu Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	44					4	50
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	46	52	24	1011	8.7	6	127
Honolulu	Japanese	Gen.	N.P.A.	150	61	91	3302	10.1	8	165
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	44						
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.	. N.P.A.	49	65	32	1737	6.7	. 30	1158
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	69	52	2701	7.0		
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	N.P.A.	500	86	429	276	569		5
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	284	79	225	10301	8.0	30	1196
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	65	78	51	2571	7.3	10	375
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	100	28	86	119	10	105
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	407	69	279	4242	24.1	10	105
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	57 97	17 901	829 289	7.5	6	110
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	926 368	99	364	31			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	178	79	140	3589	14.3		
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	530	58	305	6271	17.8	13	100
Schof. Bks.	Station	Gen.	Army Indiv.	9	22	2	77	9.5	2	19
Wahiawa	Mack Waishin Agric Co	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	50	20	762	9,6	6	143
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	77	50	1445	12.7	10	98
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indiv.	7	57	4	174	8.4	3	48
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	maiv.	,	31		117	0,1	3	40
Hawaii Coun		Gen.	N.P.A.	28					4	28
Haina	Honokaa Sugar Co. Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	28	36	10	500	7.3	3	31
Hakalau	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	140	51	72	2416	10.9	18	296
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	27	37	10	495	7.4		3
Hilo Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	165	92	151	114	485		
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6	67	4	115	12.7	3	11
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	50	60	30	440	25.0	6	59
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	50	40	20	701	10.4	6	122
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	68	25	988	9.3	6	110
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	N.P.A.	10					4	25
Paauhau	Paauhau Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	18					2	26
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	12	,				2	24
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	39	49	19	668	10.4	6	110
Papaaloa	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	18	39	7	263	9.7	4	22
Papaikou	Papaikou	Gen.	Indiv.	18	67	12	432	10.2	1	22
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	N.P.A.	41	29	12	878	5.0	4	121
Maui County								٩		
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County	36	56	20	F02	n	4	110
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	19	53	10	503	7.3	5	60
Kula	Kula General	Gen.	County	21	57	12	362	12.1	3	32
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	185	97	180	1217	740		170
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	63	41	1317	11.4	9	178
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	22 19	64 26	14 5	789 359	6.5 5.1	5 5	82 28
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	102					10	194
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	102	73	73	3028	8.8	24	284
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	97	64	62	2172	10.4	10	286
Wailuku Wailuku	Malulani Yamashiro	Gen.	County Indiv.	20	04			10.4	1	
Kauai Count	v									
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	29	* * *	• • •			. 5	47
Hanapepe	Betsui	Gen.	Indiv.	10	40	4	312	4.7	2	36
Kealia	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	115	94	108	55	719		
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	N.P.A.	17	53	9	486	6.8	5	39
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	36	8	347	8.4	3	45
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	37	35	1763	7.3	11	195
Makaweli	Hawaiian Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	43	26	11	1056	3.8	3	115
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	89	32	984	11.9	6	109
Kalawao Cou	nty Kalaupapa Settlement		_	400	88	250	37		2	
			Terr.			352				8

¹Not specified whether "actual" or "rated." ²Calculated.

^{*}Excluding newborn infants.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 15, 1941, Vol. 116, No. 11, pp. 1142-1143. Lists only hospitals registered by the A.M.A.

Table 46 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1941¹

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS ²	% occ.8	AV. CENSUS ⁴	ADMIS- SIONS ⁴	AV. DAYS STAY ³	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF
Honolulu Cour	ntv									
Aiea	Aiea	Gen.	N.P.A.	46	33	15	704	7.8	4	46
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	48	56	27	1111	8.9	6	132
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	151	53.	80	.31	942	_	
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		50	92	46	2724	6.2	30	1770
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	92	67	62	3225	7.0		
Honolulu	Kuakini ⁵	Gen.	N.P.A.	156	80	125	4800	9.5	20	398
Honolulu	Leahi Home	TB	N.P.A.	500	86	431	395	398		5
Honolulu	Oueen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	284	94	268	10380	9.4	36	1428
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	65	89	58	2986	7.1	10	394
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	96	27	89	111		
Honolulu	Tripler ⁶	Gen.	Army							
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	63	19	702	9.9	6	125
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	926	103	953	354			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	368	99	363	20		• • •	
Pearl Harbor		Gen.	Navv							
Schof. Bks.	Station ⁶	Gen.	Army		* * *					
Wahiawa	Mack	Gen.	Indiv.	9	22	2	114	6.4	3	33
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	42	17	601	10.3	6	104
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65					10	
	Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	7	57	4	217	6.7	3	60
Waipahu		Gen.	murv.	- 1	31	**	211	0.7	3	00
Hawaii County			37 D 4	0.0						
Haina	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	28					4	
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	25			455		3	30
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	140	63	88	2636	12.2	18 .	340
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	22						
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	168	95	160	111	526		
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6	33	2	104	7.0	3	23
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	50	62	31	464	24.4	6	99
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	46	41	19	626	11.1	6	122
Olaa	Olaa Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	57	21	945	8.1	6	123
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	N.P.A.	10					4	
Paauhau	Paauhau Sugar Co.7	Gen.	N.P.A.	18					2	
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	12					2	
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	39	41	16	742	7.9	6	113
Papaaloa	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	19	32	6	259	8.5	4	28
Papaikou	Papaikou	Gen.	Indiv.	18					1	
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	N.P.A.	41	49	20	941	7.8	4	110
Maui County										
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County	36					4	
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	19					5	
Kula	Kula General	Gen.	County	20	60	12	432	10.1	3	38
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	185	84	156	87	654		
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	62	40	1570	9.3	9	150
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	52	13	602	7.9	5	84
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	19	21	4	284	5.1	5	22
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	102					10	
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	100	79	79	3778	7.6	24	283
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	93	86	80	1471	19.9	10	232
Kauai County										
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	35	77	27	937	10.5	6	96
Hanapepe	Betsui	Gen.	Indiv.	10	50	5	280	6.5	2	37
Караа	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	115	83	96	66	531		
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	36	9	335	9.8	5	46
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	50	11	490	8.2	. 3	56
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	40	38	1833	7.6	11	266
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	86	31	886	12.8	6	133
Kalawao Coun Kalaupapa	ty Kalaupapa Settlement	Lenro	Terr.	515	73	378	57		2	. 5

¹Most data for the calendar year 1941, although some hospitals gave data for the year ended September 30, 1941.

²Not specified whether "actual" or "rated."

Calculated.

Excluding newborn infants.

Data from Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (reprinted by Public Health Committee from Hawaii Medical Journal, Nov.—Dec. 1944).

The original source repeated 1940 data for Tripler, Station and U. S. Naval Hospitals.

⁷Closed after December 7, 1941.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 28, 1942, Vol. 118, No. 13, pp. 1132-1133. All hospitals registered with the A.M.A. except Kuakini.

Table 47
HOSPITAL FACILITIES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1942¹

CITY	HOSPITAL	ТУРЕ	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS ²	% occ.3	AV. CENSUS ⁴	ADMIS- SIONS ⁴	AV. DAYS STAY ³	BASSI- NETS	NO. OI BIRTH
Honolulu Cour	nty	***************************************			0					-
Aiea	Aiea	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	62	23	1286	6.5	4	52
Aiea	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy ⁵							
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	48	44	21	791	9.7	. 6	79
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	140						
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn	. N.P.A.	50	116	58	2862	7.4	50	2005
Ionolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	72	54	3216	6.1		
Honolulu	Kuakini ⁶	Gen.	N.P.A.	181	64	116	5064	8.3	20/8	641
Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A. N.P.A.	490	86	419	428	468	40	1451
Honolulu Honolulu	Queen's Sacred Hearts Emerg. ⁷	Gen. Emerg.	OCD	310 500	97 5	300 24	11175	9.8	40	1451
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	95	97	92	3480	9.6	16	503
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	82	23	72	117		
Honolulu	Tripler ⁸	Gen.	Army							
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	47	14	638	8.0	6	105
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	1130	87	983	332)		
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	391	98	384	42			
Pearl Harbor	U. S. Naval ⁸	Gen.	Navy							
Schof. Bks.	Station ⁸	Gen.	Army							
Vahiawa	Mack	Gen.	Indiv.	9	44	4	221	6.6	3	61
Vahiawa	Wahiawa ⁹							7.8		:::
Vaialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	30	12	564		6	118
Vaipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	53	57	30	1236	8.9	10	288
Vaipahu	Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	7	57	4	190	7.7	3	96
Hawaii Count										
Haina	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	25	10	287		4	53
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	. 28	104	29	455	23.3	3	30
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	140	55	77	2549	11.0	18	356
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	42	12	5	218	8.4	- 5	18
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	176	85	150	117	468		
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6	33	2	86	8.5	3	.22
Kealakekua	Kona Kohala County	Gen.	County	50	58	29	439	24.1	7	115
Kohala Olaa	Kohala County Olaa	Gen.	County N.P.A.	50 37	28 59	14 22	555 1018	9.2 7.9	6	104
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	N.P.A.	10					6 4	117
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	11	36	4	131	11.1	2	23
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	47	14	656	7.8	6	99
Papaaloa	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.		N.P.A.	17	47	8	264	11.1	4	25
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	N.P.A.	41	51	21	1180	6.5	4	86
Maui County										
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County	36					4	
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	19	47		399	8.2	8	52
Kula	Kula General	Gen.	County	23	52	12	291	15.1	3	38
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	203	73	149	87	625		
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	52	34	1134	10.9	9	118
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	50	11	574	7.0	5	85
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	19	11	2	233	3.1	5	23
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	102	* : :	* : :			10	
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	180	18	33	2112	5.7	. 29	202
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	121	41	50	1385	13.2	8	
Kauai County			27.70							
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	83	30	912	12.0	6	132
Hanapepe	Betsui	Gen.	Indiv.	12	50	6	356	6.2	2	40
Kapaa	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	120	81	97	60	590		
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	N.P.A.	20	50	10	308	11.9	5	28
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	20	45	9	278	11.8	3	48
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	9 <u>4</u> 36	32 83	30	1331	8.2	11	289
Waimea		Gen.	N.P.A.	36	83	30	866	12.6	6	83
Kalawao Coun	*									
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Settlement	Lepro.	Terr.	515	70	359	37		2	2

¹Mostly for the year ended September 30, 1942.

²Not specified whether "normal" or "complement."

Calculated.

⁴Excluding newborn infants.

⁶Commissioned Nov. 11, 1942 (see Oahu Health Council Bulletin, February 1948, p. 3).

Data from Rear Admiral L. W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (reprinted by Public Health Committee from Hawaii Medical Journal, Nov.-Dec. 1944). Figure is for actual beds,

Opened in April 1942 for civilian war casualties, and closed in August 1944 (information from Mrs. Elaine Johnson and "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" - see footnote 6).

The source merely repeated 1940 data for Tripler, U. S. Naval and Station Hospitals, in 1941 and 1942,

Operated as an OCD hospital from January 1942 to December 1944.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 27, 1943, Vol. 121, No. 13, p. 1085. All hospitals registered with the A.M.A. except Aiea U. S. Naval, Kuakini, Sacred Hearts, and Wahiawa.

Table 48
HOSPITAL FACILITIES
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1943¹

CITY	HOSPITAL	ТУРЕ	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS ²	% occ.3	AV. CENSUS ⁴	ADMIS- SIONS ⁴	AV. DAYS STAY ³	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
Honolulu Cour	nty									
Aiea	Aiea	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	62	23	1186	7.1	4	51
Aiea	U. S. Naval ⁵									
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	48	48	23	994	8.4	6	102
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	140						
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.	N.P.A.	65	95	62	3078	7.4	65	2395
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	72	54	3453	5.7		
Honolulu	Kuakini ⁶	Gen.	N.P.A.	181	70	126	6068	7.8	20/8	784
Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A.	493	82	404	419	352		7
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	312	99	308	13409	8.4	46	1948
Honolulu	Sacred Hearts Emerg. ⁷	Emerg.	OCD	500	9	47				
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	93	110	102	4193	8.9	16	760
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	82	23	78	108		
Honolulu	Tripler ⁸	Gen.	Army		• : :					
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	67	20	1045	7.0	6	125
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	926	110	1014	275			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	408	97	397	16			
Pearl Harbor		Con	Λ							
Schof. Bks.	Station ⁸	Gen.	Army						* * *	
Wahiawa	Wahiawa ⁹	Con	N.P.A.	20	2.1	12	512	0.2		112
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	38	34	13	513	9.2	6	113
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	Indiv.	80 7	40 57	32	1194 205	9.8	8 3	130 104
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	maiv.	- 1	31	4	203	7.1	3	104
Hawaii County	y									
Haina	Honokaa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	30	12	389	11.3	4	49
Hakalau	Hakalau Plantation	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	41	9	327	10.0	3	25
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	142	56	80	2914	10.0	18	414
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	42	29	12	370	11.8	5	31
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	179	93	167	106	575		2
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6	67	4	138	10.6	3	29
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	50	40	20	410	17.8	7	95
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	50	32	16	749	7.8	6	111
Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	49	43	21	938	8.2	11	126
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	N.P.A.	9	44	4	100	14.6	4	20
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	11		* * * *			2	
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	38	39	15	655	8.4	7	62
Papaaloa	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.		N.P.A.	18	39	7	289	8.8	4	38
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	N.P.A.	43	56	24	1080	8.1	4	97
Maui County										
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County	36					4	
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	63	24	15	468	11.7	8	62
Kula	Kula General	Gen.	County	20	45	9	395	8.3	6	41
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	206	82	169	116	532		***
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	58	38	1185	11.7	9	139
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	31	35.	11	713	5.6	5	94
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	19	11	2	266	2.7	5	17
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	102					10	
Puunene	Puunene ¹⁰	Gen.	N.P.A.	110	31	34	2133	5.8	10	195
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	110	55	61	2877	7.7	16	313
Vanai Commin										
Kauai County	11 0 0 0	0	27.72.4		0.0	-	001	40.0		
Eleele	McBryde Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	35	83	29	881	12.0	9	141
Hanapepe	Betsui	Gen.	Indiv.	16	56	9	70	400	3	58
Kapaa	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	120	77	92	70	480		0.4
Kilauea	Kilauea	Gen.	N.P.A.	25	32	8	231	12.6	4	24
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	23	5	229	8.0	3	27
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	40	38	1467	9.5	11	249
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	67	24	1103	7.9	6	136
77 1	itai									
Kalawao Coun	· · · ·									

¹Mostly for the year ended September 30, 1943.

²Not specified whether "normal" or "complement" beds.

³Calculated.

⁴Excluding newborn infants.

Not listed by this source.

Data from Rear Admiral L.W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals," (reprinted by the Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu from Hawaii Medical Journal, November-December 1944). Bed figure is for actual beds.

Data from Mrs. Elaine Johnson and "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (see footnote 6 above).

⁸The source merely repeated 1940 data for Tripler and Station Hospitals in 1941, 1942 and 1943.

Operated as an OCD hospital in 1942, 1943 and 1944.

¹⁰Printing smudged in source. It is possible that average census was 84 (not 34) persons, thus indicating an average occupancy of 76 per cent and average length of stay of 14.4 days.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States", Journal of the American Medical Association, March 25, 1944, Vol. 124, No. 13, p. 915. All hospitals registered with the A.M.A. except Kuakini, Aiea Naval, Pearl Harbor Naval, Sacred Hearts, and Wahiawa.

Table 49 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1944

CITY	HOSPITAL	туре	OWNER- SHIP	BEDS ¹	% occ.²	AV. CENSUS ³	ADMIS- SIONS ³	AV. DAYS STAY ²	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF
Honolulu Cour	nty									
Aiea	Aiea	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	65	24	1116	7.8	4	110
Aiea	U. S. Naval ⁴									
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	48	46	22	1089	7.4	6	110
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	140						
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		68	74	50	2909	6.2	71	2607
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	75	81	61	3433	6.5		
Honolulu	Kuakini ⁵	Gen.	N.P.A.	120	85	119	5568	7.8	20	731
Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A.	487	93	451	439	375		101
Honolulu	Oueen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	412	66	270	11282	8.6	46	1944
Honolulu	Sacred Hearts Emerg.6	Emerg.	OCD	500						
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	100	125	125	4809	9.5	40	1300
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	82	23	83	101		
		Gen.								
Honolulu	Tripler ⁷		Army	20	60	10	017	0.0		120
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	60	18	817	8.0	6	138
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	926	119	1098	225			
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	409	101	412	33			
Pearl Harbor										
Wahiawa	Wahiawa ⁸					*::				
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	38	29	11	508	7.9	6	132
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	50	42	21	1087	7.1	8	96
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	7	57	4	193	7.6	3	136
Hawaii Count	y									
Haina	Honokaa Plantation	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	25	9	344	9.5	4	42
Hakalau	Hakalau Plantation	Gen.	N.P.A.	20	55	11	593	6.8	3	36
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	168	52	88	2804	11.5	18	441
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	42	31	13	490	9.7	5	35
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	224	76	171	126	495		
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6	67	4	159	9.2	3	37
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	50	46	23	455	18.5	25	112
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.		50	28	14	769	6.7	6	106
Olaa			County		35					
	Olaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	49		17	834	7.5	11	115
Ookala	Ookala Will Co	Gen.	N.P.A.						4	
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	11	124		(P P	10.0	2	101
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	54	20	677	10.8	7	104
Papaaloa Pepeekeo	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co. Pepeekeo	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	18 40	44 56 ⁹	8 23 ⁹	345 1054 ⁹	8.5 7.7°	5	24 85
	1 cheereo	Gen.	14.1 47.	40	30.	20	1034	,.,	J	0.5
Maui County	II C	C		0=	40	4.0	244	40.7		4.2
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County	25	40	10	341	10.7	4	43
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	70	17	12	448	9.8	8	87
Kula	Kula General	Gen.	County	22	36	8	429	6.8	6	44
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	206	76	157	102	563		
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	60	39	1180	12.1	9	140
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	50	11	615	6.5	6	81
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	19					5	
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	78	55	43	1969	8.0	10	194
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	110	59	65	2418	9.8	10	222
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	110	73	80	3298	8.9	16	365
Kauai County										
Hanapepe	Betsui	Gen.	Indiv.	23	48	11	637	6.3	5	131
Kapaa	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	120	80	96	52	674		
Kilauea	Kilauea Sugar Plant.10									
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	27	6	192	11.4	3	28
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	41	41	1664	9.0	11	314
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	67	24	867	10.1	6	146
		Gen.	14.1 .7.	30	07	2+	907	10.1	0	140
Kalawao Cour										
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Settlement	Lepro.	Terr.	500	70	348	22			

^{&#}x27;Not specified whether "normal" or "complement" beds.

²Calculated.

³Excluding newborn infants, except Kuakini.

⁴Not listed by the source.

Data from questionnaire returned by the hospital.

Closed August 1944. Bed capacity from Mrs. Elaine Johnson.

⁷The source repeated 1940 data for Tripler in 1941, 1942, 1943 and 1944.

^{*}Operated as an OCD hospital from January 1942 to December 1944.

Letter from W. N. Bergin, M.D., Pepeekeo Hospital, May 28, 1948.

¹⁰Hospital discontinued October 1944 and thereafter operated only as a dispensary (letter from Kilauea Sugar Plantation, April 1948).

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States," Journal of the American Medical Association, March 31, 1945, Vol. 127, No. 13, p. 844. All hospitals registered with the A.M.A. except Aiea Naval, Pearl Harbor Naval, Kuakini, Sacred Hearts, Wahiawa, and Kilauea.

Table 50 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 19451

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	YR. ESTAB. ²	BEDS ⁸	% occ.4	AV. CENSUS ⁵	ADMIS- SIONS ⁵	AV. DAYS STAY ⁴	BASSI- NETS	NO. OI
Honolulu Cor	untv										
Aiea	Aiea General	Gen.	N.P.A.	1902	37	68	25	1533	6.0	4	127
Aiea	U. S. Naval ⁶										
Ewa	Ewa Plant. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.		48	52	25	1286	7.1	6	125
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	1865	140			0701		75	0245
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		1890	64 104	72	46 58	2724 3561	6.2 5.9		2345
Honolulu	Kauikeolani Kuakini	Child. Gen.	N.P.A.	1909 1900	120	56 86	103	4837	7.7	20	731
Honolulu Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A.	1901	485	96	464	415	408		
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	1859	348	87	303	12961	8.5	44	2058
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church		100	110	110	5459	7.4	30	1487
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	1923	28	75	21	81	95		
Honolulu	Tripler ⁷	Gen.	Army	1907	2000	71	1424	20174	25.8	22	530
Kahuku	Kahuku Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1890 1930	30 1100	57 100	17 1101	942 267	6.6	6	124
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental Men. Def.	Terr. Terr.	1930	582	86	500	527	846		
Pearl City Wahiawa	Waimano Home Wahiawa General ⁸	Gen.	N.P.A.	1741	110	70	76	1374	19.5	10	148
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1898	38	32	12	496	8.8	6	126
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1898	50					8	
Waipahu	The Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	1933	7	57	4	213	6.9	3	124
Hawaii Coun	ty										
Haina	Honokaa	Gen.	N.P.A.	1900	30	40	12	360	12.2	4	52
Hakalau	Hakalau Plantation	Gen.	N.P.A.	1931	20	55	11	515	7.8	3	38
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	1897 . 1922	168 42	60 31	101 13	3816 533	9.7 8.9	18 5	456 37
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi Matsumura ⁶	Gen.	Indiv.			31	15		0.9		
Hilo Hilo	Mitamura ⁶										
Hilo	Oto ⁶										
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	1010	225	85	192	160	436		
Hilo	Yamanoha ⁶			1111							
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	1937	6	67	4	171	8.5	3 7	43
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County		50 50	44 28	22 14	509 781	15.8 6.5	6	106 110
Kohala	Kohala County Olaa	Gen. Gen.	County N.P.A.	1901	49	41	20	890	8.2	11	118
Olaa Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	N.P.A.	1934	9					4	
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1925	11	45	5	237	7.7	2	31
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1916	37	54	20	543	13.4	7	85
Papaaloa	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1916	27	30	8	400	7.3	4	51
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo	Gen.	N.P.A.	1900	40	52°	219	700°	11.0°	5	1049
Maui County				4000	25	40	40	500	60	4	40
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County		25 30	40 43	10 13	529 574	6.9 8.3	4 8	40 58
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church		22	36	8	363	8.0	6	35
Kula Kula	Kula General Kula Sanatorium	TB	County		214	81	173	102	619		
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1915	65	62	40	1275	11.4	9	123
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	1924	24	46	11	766	5.2	6	75
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	1932	19	16	3	251	4.4	5	17
Paia	Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	.1910	78	56	44	1701	9.5	10	209
Puunene Wailuku	Puunene Malulani	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. County		110 110	38 45	42 50	2001 2114	7.7 8.7	10 16	167 352
		Jone	County								
Kauai Count _i Hanapepe	Betsui Memorial	Gen.	Indiv.		16	50	8	458	6.4	5	107
Караа	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County		120						**:
Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	1911	22	23	5	178	10.3	3	40
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	1938	94	52	49	2044	8.8	14	368
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	1929	36	64	23	842	10.0	7	131
Kalawao Cou			-	40.55	240	00	224	4.4			
Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Settlement	Lepro.	Terr.	1866	340	98	334	11			

¹In most cases for year ended September 30, 1945.

²From American Hospital Directory, 1946 (American Hospital Association, 1946), pp. 609-612. This source gives approximately the same data as the Journal of the A.M.A. annual hospital number cited as source for this table. "Year established" may not agree with figures given by other sources.

Not indicated whether "normal" or "actual."

Calculated.

Excluding newborn infants.

Not listed by the J.A.M.A.

Data from American Hospital Directory, 1946 (see footnote 2 above). The J.A.M.A. gave exactly the same figures for Tripler as it had every year since 1940.

Data, including year established, from questionnaire returned by Wahiawa Hospital (May 1948).

Letter from W. N. Bergin, M.D., Pepeekeo Hospital, May 28, 1948.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States." Journal of the American Medical Association, April 20, 1946, Vol. 130, No. 16, p. 1150 (except where noted). All hospitals registered with the A.M.A. except Aiea Naval, Wahiawa, Matsumura, Mitamura, Oto and Yamanoha.

Table 51 HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1946¹

					BEDS		04			AV.		
	HOSPITAL	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	UNSPEC- IFIED ²	- NOR- MAL ³	COMPLE- MENT ⁴	% occ.5	AVERAGE CENSUS ⁶		DAYS STAY ⁷	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
CITY		1 1 1 1 1 5	31111	11 120	MATTI	MISITI	occ.	CENSUS	310113	JIAI	14121.13	DIKIIIS
Honolulu Cour		Gen.	N.P.A.	43	33	33	79	24	1341	6.5	. 4	130
Aiea	Aiea Community U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	1150			1607	1837	23894	27.6		
Aiea Ewa	Ewa	Gen.	N.P.A.	42	48	48	49	23	1294	6.5	5	134
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr.	44	63	63	21	14	30	170.4		4
Honolulu	Kapiolani	MatGyn.		105	105	105	44	62	3633	6.2	85	2609
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	100	100	100	57	. 70	4141	6.2	* * * *	
Honolulu	Kuakini	Gen.	N.P.A.	120	118	125	81	101	5131	7.2	20	858
Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A.	480	506	485	96	462	364	463.0	46	1002
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. Church	384 160	370 157	370 165	81 69	307 115	12309 5623	9.1 7.5	46 42	1883 1429
Honolulu	St. Francis Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	28	28	78	22	85	94.4		
Honolulu Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	621			627	383	6634	21.1	22	381
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	34	34	62	19	860	8.1	6	142
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	1100	814	1150	95	1100	339	1185.		
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Men. Def.	Terr.	713	718	718	807	569	105			
	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navy	1000								:::
Schof. Bks.	Station ⁸	Gen.	Army	250	407	407	167	417	6451	23.6	20	104
Wahiawa	Wahiawa ⁸	Gen.	N.P.A.	20	107	107	70	757	402	9.0		121
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	38 50	36 52	37 52	32 52	12 27 ⁷	493	8.9	6 8	131
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen. Gen.	Indiv.	7	7	7	437	3	175	6.3	3	iii
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	Alidiv.	,	,	,	40	0	110	0.0	, ,	111
Hawaii Count		C	AT D. A	20	20	20	42	10	400	PT A	4	46
Haina	Honokaa Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	30 20	30 24	30 24	42 15 ⁷	10 3	490 363	$\frac{7.4}{3.0}$	4 3	46 33
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant. Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	183	188	183	51	94	3163	10.8	22	413
Hilo Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	42	26	26	60	12	465	9.4	5	33
Hilo	Matsumura	Mat.			8	8						
Hilo	Mitamura	Gen.			9	9						
Hilo	Oto	Gen.			16	16		* * *				
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	225	225	225	96	217	131	605		
Hilo	Yamanoha	Gen.	7 1*		8	8	0.27		100			10.00
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6 50	6 52	6 44	837	5	186 499	9.8	3 7	55
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen. Gen.	County		18	18	44	16		11.7		111
Kealakekua	Kona Community Kohala County	Gen.	County	50	50	45	30	15	628	8.7	6	113
Kohala	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.		N.P.A.	27	27	27	30	14	591	8.7	4	40
Olaa	Olaa Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	42	51	47	31	17	717	8.7	12	128
Ookala	Ookala ⁹	Gen.	N.P.A.	9	9	9			110		4	12
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	11	11	11	367	4	193	7.6	2	20
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	35	35	55	19	767	9.0	7	96
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	40	43	43	43	26	860	11.0	4	87
Maui County												
Hana	Hana County	Gen.	County	25	30	30	30	8	237	12.3	4	31
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	Church	35	50	28	47	21	781	9.8	7	68
Kula	Kula Gen.	Gen.	County	20	22	22	457	9	429	7.7	6	27
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	212	202	202	84	165	153	394	***	100
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	67	67	60	45 9	1467	11.2 5.0	9	108 62
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen. Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	25 19	. 19	26 19	36 21 ⁷	4	661 337	4.3	5	19
Maunaloa Paia	Maunaloa Paia Hospital	Gen.	N.P.A.	78	80	80	50	39	1751	8.1	10	199
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	100	97	97	45	50	2480	7.4	10	181
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	110	82	82	60	52	2384	8.0	16	357
Kauai County												
	Betsui Memorial	Gen.	Indiv.	14	14	14	217	3	288	3.8	5	69
Hanapepe Kapaa	Mahelona Memorial	TB	County	110	115	115	88	92	55	611.		
Kapaa Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	22	22	22	507	11	335	12.0	3	52
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	93	93	52	50	1984	9.2	14	336
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	36	35	38	67	28	1154	8.8	7	147
	· tes											
Kalawao Coun	LV											
<i>Kalawao Coun</i> Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Hospital	Lepro.	Terr.		62	62	907	306			· · · ż	

¹In most cases for year ended September 30, 1946.

²From J.A.M.A. source. Probably actual (complement) beds intended.

^{3"}Bed capacity for which building was planned at 80 sq. ft. per bed." From Report of Hospital Survey and Planning, Territory of Hawaii (Territorial Board of Health, February 1948), Table 1.

^{4&}quot;Beds installed regardless of floor space built for beds." See footnote 3 above for source.

 $^{{}^5\}mathrm{See}$ footnote 3 above for source. Not very consistent with J.A.M.A. data.

⁶Excluding newborn infants.

⁷Calculated.

³Data from Territorial Dept. of Health, courtesy of W. B. Meister, M.D.

⁹Kaiwiki Sugar Co.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States", Journal of the American Medical Association, April 12, 1947, Vol. 133, No. 15, p. 1143. All hospitals registered with the A.M.A. except Station, Wahiawa, Matsumura, Oto, Yamanoha, Kona Community, and Kalaupapa Hospital.

Table 52a¹ HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947²

CITY	HOSPITAL	TYPE	WNER- SHIP	BEDS ³	AVERAGE CENSUS ⁴	ADMIS- SIONS ⁴	BASSI- NETS	NO. OF BIRTHS
Honolulu Cou	intv	tn						
Aiea	U. S. Naval	Gen.	Navv	750	579	9197	18	195
Ewa	Ewa Plantation	Gen.	N.P.A.	44	24	1501	6	185
Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Territory	44	11	19		2
Honolulu	Kapiolani	Mat. & Gyn.		165	79	4812	87	3489
Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	122	77	4424		0107
Honolulu	Kuakini	Gen.	N.P.A.	120	102	5073	20	811
Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A.	738	520	516		
Honolulu	Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	380	307	12278	44	1861
Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	208	151	7561	42	1862
Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	N.P.A.	28	27	128		
Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army	750	378	8560	22	407
Kahuku	Kahuku	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	18	875	6	142
Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Territory	1159	1163	347		
Pearl City	Waimano Home	Ment. Defic.		650	612	618		
Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	12	472	6	100
Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	52	32	1332	6	118
Waipahu	Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	7	3	175	3	124
Hawaii Coun								
Haina	Honokaa Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	30	13	451	4	43
Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	20	11	333	3	45
Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	183	117	3690	22	522
Hilo	Dr. Z. Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	42	9	422	5	42
Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	225	161	122		* * *
Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	6	3	167	3	52
Kealakekua	Kona	Gen.	County	50	15	474	9	123
Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	50 28	15 13	883 509	6	101
Claa Olaa	Laupahoehoe Sugar Co. Olaa Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A. N.P.A.	41	13 22	745	4 11	34
Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	N.P.A.	9	4	91		72
Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	11	6	253	4 2	15 21
Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	37	20	822	6	96
Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Plant.	Gen.	N.P.A.	41	20	793	4	90
•	r epecaco r lanti	Con.	A40X 04 X0	-2.1	20	773	*	90
Maui County Hana	Hana County	Gen.	Country	25	8	293	4	2.5
Hoolehua	Shingle Memorial	Gen.	County	32	23	1007	4 6	35 95
Kula	Kula General	Gen.	County	20	7	369	6	22
Kula	Kula Sanatorium	TB	County	212	182	153	U	
Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	65	42	1248	9	135
Lanai City	Lanai City	Gen.	N.P.A.	23	7	528	6	79
Maunaloa	Maunaloa	Gen.	N.P.A.	19	5	268	5	10
Paia	Paia	Gen.	N.P.A.	78	42	1924	10	225
Puunene	Puunene	Gen.	N.P.A.	95	60	2007	10	222
Wailuku	Malulani	Gen.	County	110	54	3388	21	384
Kauai County								
Kapaa	Mahelona Memorial	ТВ	County	110	85	55		
Lihue	Wilcox Memorial	Gen.	N.P.A.	94	46	2102	14	373
Waimea	Waimea	Gen.	N.P.A.	35	28	1276	7	206
		Gen.	74.1 .71.	00	20	1270	,	200
Kalawao Cour	nty Kalaupapa Settlement	7	Territory	340	288	35	2	
Kalaupapa								1

¹Because this source was not yet available at the time the text and summary tables were prepared, no use of it is made elsewhere in this study. It is included here only for the sake of completeness. Territorial data for 1947 used in the text are based on a Board of Health questionnaire (see following table), and only 1946 data are discussed with regard to the mainland.

Following are comparative national (mainland U. S.) data for 1947, which can be inserted by the reader in the proper summary tables (as noted in the preceding footnote, this source—the annual hospital number of the *Journal of the A.M.A.*—arrived too late for inclusion in the remainder of the volume). These are quoted or calculated from the same source, pp. 1386 and 1393.

TYPE OF DATA	ALL HOSPITALS	GENERAL HOSPITALS	TB SANATORIA	ALL OTHER HOSPITALS
Number of hospitals	6,276	4,539	441	1,296
Number of beds	1,425,222	592,453	81,328	751,441
Percent occupied	85.4	77.1	76.9	92.9
Average census (excluding newborn)	1,217,229	456,761	62,575	697,893
Admissions (excluding newborn)	15,829,514	14,665,195	99,080	1,065,239
Average days stay	28.1	11.4	230.5	239.1
Bassinets	86,378	82,303	32	4,043
Number of births	2,837,139	2,756,959	176	80,004

Not specified whether normal (rated) or complement (actual).

Exclusive of newborn infants.

Source: "Hospital Service in the United States", Journal of the American Medical Association, Vol. 137, No. 16, August 14, 1948, p. 1455. Data are for the most recent available statistical year.

Table 52b HOSPITAL FACILITIES TERRITORY OF HAWAII 1947

ISLAND	CITY	INSTITUTION	TYPE	OWNER- SHIP	DATA FOR YR. ENDED	BEDS ¹	% occ.²	AVERAGE DAILY CENSUS ³	ADMIS- SIONS ³	AV. DAYS STAY ²	PATIENTS PER MO.4	BASSI- NETS	LIVE	COST PER PATIENT DAY
Honolulu County	ounty													
Oahu	Aiea	Aiea General	Gen.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	20	46	235	14885	5.15	166	4	1325	\$18
79	Aiea	U. S. Naval ⁶	Gen.	Navy		750	74	557	8909	22.8		24	385	
Ŋ	Ewa	Ewa	Gen.	N.P.A.		47	51	24	1501	50°	* * *	:	•	•
33	Honolulu	Kalihi	Lepro.	Terr	12/31/47	69	17.	12	19	72.	0	0	2.	
79	Honolulu	Kapiolani	MatGyn.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	105	72	20	4717	5.9	392	200	3457	20
39	Honolulu	Kauikeolani	Child.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	122	61	75	4254	6.4	397	0	0	13
×	Honolulu	Kuakini	Gen.	N.P.A.	6/30/47	120	86	117	5073	8.4	423	20	176	10
99	Honolulu	Leahi	TB	N.P.A.	6/30/47	738	70	520	516	368.	520	0	33	9
79	Honolulu	The Queen's	Gen.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	400	74	298	12349	90	1029	46	1997	19
"	Honolulu	St. Francis	Gen.	Church	12/31/47	208	74	153	7749	7.2	178	42	1774	16
79	Honolulu	Shriners	Orth.	Frat.	2/29/48	28	100	28	140	73.	•	0	0	
33	Honolulu	Tripler	Gen.	Army					•					
33	Kahuku	Kahuku ⁵	Gen.	Corp.	12/31/47	34	44	15	744	7.4	•	7	121	14
33	Kaneohe	Territorial	Mental	Terr.	6/30/47	1160	100	1163	347	1222.	1160	0		89
"	Pearl City	Waimano Home6	Men. Def.	Terr.		*	*	•				:		0
"	Schof. Bks.	26th Station ⁵	Gen.	Army		250	20	175	3550	18.0	0 0	:		0 0
"	Wahiawa	Wahiawa Gen.	Gen.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	55	81	44.56	2059	8.0	29	15	339	11
79	Waialua	Waialua Agric.	Gen.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	37	32	12	472	9,3	39	9	100	e 0
я	Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	Gen.	Plant	2/29/48	52	09	31	1269	8.9	125	9	108	:
99	Waipahu	The Tamura	Gen.	Indiv.	9/30/47	7	43	3	175	6.3	14	8	124	10
Hawaii County	unty													
Hawaii	Haina	Honokaa	Gen.	Plant.	12/31/47	30	47	14	457	11.2	41	2	57	4
39	Hakalau	Hakalau Plant.	Gen.	Plant.	12/31/47	20	55	11	322	12.5	30	3	37	00
2	Hilo	Hilo Memorial	Gen.	County	12/31/47	183	64	118	4203	10.2	410	22	614	14
23	Hilo	Matayoshi	Gen.	Indiv.	12/31/47	42	21	6	444	7.4	250	ນ	47	7
ж	Hilo	Matsumura	Gen.	Indiv.		ιΩ	30	1.5	93	5.9	00	3	82	e e
ĸ	Hilo	Mitamura7												:
×	Hilo	Oto	Gen.	Indiv.	12/31/47	16	34	5.4	197	10.0	16	2	44	00
z	Hilo	Puumaile	TB	County	6/30/47	126	127	160	122	479	155	0	0	00
3	Hilo	Yamanoha	Gen.	Indiv.	12/31/47	15	00	1.2	51	8.6	N	2	11	e e
3	Honokaa	Okada	Gen.	Indiv.	12/31/47	9	57 00	3.5	167	7.7	14	3	52	М
я	Kealakekua8	Kona	Gen.	County	1/1/48	42	36	15	489	11.2	44	6	138	17
:	Kealakekua	Kona Community ⁹ Gen.	Gen.	N.P.A.	12/31/47	28	6	2.4	139	6.3	12	9	29	10
3	Kohala	Kohala County	Gen.	County	12/31/47	20	36	18	772	00 10	100	9	66	13
3	Lanbahoehoe	Lanbahoehoe	Gen.	Plant.	9/30/47	27	48	13	519	9.1	43	4	34	9
3	Olaa	Olaa	Gen.	Corp.	9/30/47	41	89	28	745	13.7	70	11	127	14
z	Ookala	Ookala	Gen.	Plant.	12/31/47	6	44	4.0	93	15.7	6	4	13	15
2	Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	GenMat.	Plant.	12/31/47	11	54	5.0	314	6.9	782	2	27	
3 :	Pahala	Haw'n Agric. Co.	Gen.	N.P.A.	10/31/47	37	27	21	649	11.3	79	2-	104	E-
99	Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Plant.	Gen.	Indus.	12/31/47	41	51	21	794	9.7		4	86	6

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947 HOSPITAL FACILITIES Table 52b (Continued)

	12	13	15	00	2	:	:	14	:	12		:	1	:	12	13		:	
	34	101	22	0	121	95	13	2.34	227	372		:	0	:	377	206		-	
	4	7	9	0	6	9	5	10	10	16		:	0	:	1+	7		2	
	27	:	40	194	106	1050	191	42	162	288		:	88	:	207	120		288	
	0.7	4.2	6.9	434	13.0	4.8	6.1	8.6	6.4	8.9		:	564	:	8.2	8.0		:	
	300	1031	369	153	1147	528	298	1835	2007	3071		:	55	:	2098	1276		35	
	00	12	1	182	11	1	10,	43	35	57		:	500	:	47	28		288	
	32	34	35	003	63	27	26	55	37	52		:	11	:	50	78		85	
	25	35	20	215	65	26	19	78	95	110		:	110	:	16	36		340	
	12/31/47	12/31/47	6/30/47	6/30/47	12/31/47	5/31/47	12/31/47	3/ 1/48	12/31/47	12/31/47			6/30/47		10/31/47	10/31/47		9/30/47	
	County	Church	County	County	N.P.A.	N.P.A.	Indus.	Indus.	Corp.	County		Indiv.	Terr.	:	N.P.A.	N.P.A.		Terr.	
	Gen.	Gen.	Gen.	TB	Gen.	Gen.	Gen.	Gen.	Gen.	Gen.		Gen.	TB	Gen.	Gen.	Gen.		Gen. &	Lepro.
	Hana	Shingle Memorial	Kula General	Kula Sanatorium	Pioneer Mill Co.	Lanai City Gen.	Maunaloa	Paia	Puunene	Malulani		Betsui Mem.10	Mahelona Mem.	Koloa Sugar Co.11 Gen.	G. N.Wilcox Mem. Gen.	Waimea		Kalaupapa	Settlement
ıty	Hana	Hoolehua	Keokea	Keokea	Lahaina	Lanai City	Maunaloa	Paia	Puunene	Wailuku	nty	Hanapepe	Kealia	Koloa	Lihue	Waimea	ounty	Molokai Kalaupapa	
Mani County	Maui	Molokai	Maui	29	77	Lanai	Molokai	Maui	39	79	hauar County	Kanai	29	2	23	33	Kalawao County	Molokai	

¹Not specified whether normal or complement beds, except Aiea General Hospital and Kahuku Hospital (where normal and complement beds were equal in number), and Ewa (complement of 47, normal of 48), ²Calculated.

*Exclusive of newborn.

*Estimated average number of patients receiving care in month.

*Data from questionnaire returned to the Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu by the hospital, 1948.

"No data available.

Discontinued operation during 1947.

*Actually located in rural North Kona.

Discontinued operation January 1948.

¹⁰Closed June 30, 1947. ¹¹Closed June 27, 1947. ¹¹N.P.A., Non-profit association.

Source: Questionnaires returned to Territorial Department of Health, Division of Hospital Planning, 1948, except where otherwise indicated.

Table 53 FACILITIES AND SERVICES THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL

Punchbowl and Vineyard Streets, Honolulu, T. H.

1	93	4-	1	9	4	8

•	BE	DS ²				TOTAL	AV.	AV.	AV.		NO. OF	NO. OF	NO. OF
YEAR ¹	COMPLE	NORMAL	BASSI- NETS	ADMIS- SIONS ⁸	DIS- CHARGES ⁴	PATIENT DAYS	DAYS STAY	CEN- SUS	% occ.5	NO. OF BIRTHS	SURG. OPER.	LAB. EXAM.	X-RAY EXAM.
1934	264	264	18	6718	6698	59805	8.7	164	62.1	591	2077	27809	3600
1935 1936	254 300	254 300	18 20	7392 8097	7373 8112	66829 71272	8.98 8.62	183 195	72.0 75.0	629 695	3049 3250	30541 33233	3631 3997
1937	300	300	25	8718	. 8688	78736	8.87	216	72.0	770	3419	37456	5176
1938 1939	284 284	284 284	25 30	9409 10301	9423 10276	86998 87601	9.05 8.36	238 240	83.8 77.42	881 1196	3804 4317	54374 57738	6277 6908
1940	284	284	36	11808	11717	97905	8.18	267.5	84.65	1428	4445	65596	7887
1941 1942	290 300	290 300	40 40	12660 13373	12693 13373	109702 112491	8.60 8.27	300.5 308.2	92 102.7	1485 1750	5159 5192	70844 51 79 5	7814 6184
1943 1944	312 305	312 305	46 46	13408 13326	13420 13256	112232 98796	8.21 7.45	307.5 269.9	98.6 88.5	1978 1944	5363 6159	46107 69030	8215 13483
1945	384	384	46	15019	15026	110594	7.36	302.9	78.9	2081	6933	86651	18149
1946 1947	384 400	384 400	46 46	14174 ⁶ 14455 ⁶	14167 14503	112075 108873	7.91 7.50	307.1 298.2	79.9 77.6	1863 2106	6556 6911	110560 114285	18150 17966
1948 (1st h	384	384	46	5721	5615	43734	8.7	240.8	62.7	900	22117	55000 ⁸	5500

¹Calendar years.

Source: For 1934-1943, annual reports of The Queen's Hospital for those years (bed capacity and bassinet data for 1934 from Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson. MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals", Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, reprinted from the Hawaii Medical Journal, November-December, 1944); for 1944-1948, questionnaires returned by the hospital (April and September 1948).

Table 54 FACILITIES AND SERVICES SAINT FRANCIS HOSPITAL 2260 Liliha Street, Honolulu, T. H.

1934-1948

							1701 1							
YEAR	BEDS					TOTAL	AV.	AV.	AV. % OCC.5			NO. OF	NO. OF	NO. OI
	COMPLE MENT ¹	NORMAL	BASSI- NETS ²		DIS- CHARGES ²	PATIENT DAYS ²	DAYS STAY ⁸	DAILY CENSUS ⁴	COMPLE- MENT	NORMAL	NO. OF BIRTHS ²	SURG. OPER.	LAB. EXAM.	X-RAY EXAM.
1934	60	60	10	1245		13505	10.8	37	61.7	61.7	129			
1935	60	60	10	1363		18250	13.4	50	83.3	83.3	120			
1936	65	60	10	1745		18666	10.7	51	78.5	85.0	164			
1937	65	60	10	2216		21900	9.9	60	92.3	100.0	207			
1938	65	60	10	2430		18250	7.5	50	76.9	83.3	361			
1939	65	60	10	2551		18615	7.3	51	78.5	85.0	375			
1940	69	60	12	2645		21228	8.0	58	84.0	96.7	394			
1941	69	60	12	2753	3198	22621	7.1	62.0	89.9	103.3	444	1580		
1942	81	60	12	3773	4274	31983	7.5	87.6	108.1	146.0	528	2442		
1943	100	60	30	4305	5188	39344	7.6	107.8	107.8	179.7	909	2853		1394
1944	100	60	30	4925	6270	47244	7.7	129.1	129.1	215.2	1353	3025	35076	1719
1945	100	60	30	5623	7036	51499	7.3	141.1	141.1	235.2	1522	3882	38237	1686
1946	160	160	42	7178	8757	66158	7.6	181.3	113.3	113.3	1793	4307	52748	2500
1947	208	208	42	7749	9385	66325	7.1	181.7	87.4	87.4	1648	4724	60327	2893
19486	213	213	42	3725	37257	325187	8.7	177.6	83.3	83.3	756	2271	34634	2021

Data for 1943 and 1944 from Biennial Report, 1943-1944, St. Francis Hospital.

Source: Except where otherwise indicated, 1934-1943 data are from Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, M.C., U.S.N., "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, reprinted from Hawaii Medical Journal, November-December, 1944), and 1944-1948 data from questionnaires filled in by the hospital April 13, 1948 and September 7, 1948.

^{2&}quot;Complement" beds means those set-up for actual use; "normal" (or rated) beds means the bed capacity for which the hospital was planned.

⁸Including newborn infants, 1934-47; excluding newborn infants, 1948.

Including newborn infants, 1934-47, and deaths, 1934-48; excluding newborn infants, 1948.

For 1934-1938 and 1942 and 1943, calculated for those years.

^{*}Includes persons in hospital at beginning of year.

⁷Excludes cystoscopies (104) and blood transfusions.

⁸Estimated.

²Data for 1941-1944 from Biennial Report, 1941-1942 and Biennial Report, 1943-1944. Admissions figures exclude newborn infants in 1941-1946 and 1948 (and possibly in other years). Discharges include newborn infants and hospital deaths in 1941-1944 and 1947, and include newborn infants but exclude deaths in 1945 and 1946 (unknown in other years). Total patient days include newborn infants in 1944-1947 (unknown in other years). Total patient days calculated from average census data for 1934-1940.

^aCalculated from total patient days and admissions (1934-1940) or discharges (1941-1947).

Calculated from total patient days, 1941-1947.

⁵Calculated from average census and bed capacity, 1934-1947.

Six-month period ending May 31, 1948. This period overlaps the previous one (calendar year 1947) by one month.

Including deaths but excluding newborn infants.

Table 55
FACILITIES AND SERVICES
KUAKINI HOSPITAL¹

347 North Kuakini Street, Honolulu 52, T. H. 1934-1948

	BE	EDS ²				TOTAL	AV.	AV.	AV.		NO. OF	NO. OF	NO. OI
	COMPLE	€-	BASSI-	ADMIS-	DIS-	PATIENT	DAYS	CEN-	%	NO. OF	SURG.	LAB.	X-RAY
YEAR	MENT	NORMAL	NETS	SIONS	CHARGES	DAYS	STAY	SUS	OCC.8	BIRTHS	OPER.	EXAM.	EXAM
934	120	120	5	1928	1806	19332	10.0	52.9	44.1	43		14604	377
935	120	120	5	1142	1089	10955	9.5	30.0	25.0	52		15323	440
1936	120	120	5	2415	2293	22270	9.2	61.0	50.8			15511	590
1937	120	120	5	2882	2747	27625	9.5	75.6	63.0	80		15737	763
1938	120	150	8	3034	2908	30742	10.1	84.2	56.2			16640	922
1939	156	156	10	3302	3131	33106	10.0	90.7	58.2	165		17049	980
940	156	156	20	4143	3980	39068	9.6	106.7	68.4	275	2017	17552	1119
941	156	156	20	4800	4662	45632	9.5	125.0	80.2	398	2242	17916	2900
1942	181	156	20/8	5064	4899	42277	8.3	115.8	74.24	641	238	17947	3113
943	181	156	20/8	6068	6102	46165	7.8	126.3	81.05	784	2526	18616	4703
944	120	120	20	5568	5450	43338	7.8	118.7	84.8	731	2924	248016	310
945	120	120	20	5883	5889	42654	7.1	116.8	83.4	782	2682	25698	293
9467	120	120	20	5863	5856	41945	7.1	114.6	81.9	800	2444	27624	295
9477	121	121	20	5884	5899	42663	7.0	117	83.0	827	2525	26571	262
9487	120	120	20	5978	5977	40056	6.78	109	77.98	780	2230	25801	149

¹Formerly called Japanese Hospital.

Source: For 1934-1943, Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, reprinted from the Hawaii Medical Journal, November-December, 1944); for 1944-1948, questionnaires returned by the hospital (April and August 1948). Neither source indicated whether newborn infants and deaths were included in "admissions," "discharges," "total patient days", and other columns. A hospital official stated that "average census" included newborn infants beginning in 1943.

^{2&}quot;Complement" beds means those set-up for actual use; "normal" (or rated) beds means the bed capacity for which the hospital was planned.

Based on normal beds for 1934-1943 (calculated); based on complement beds and bassinets for 1944-1948.

⁴Based on complement beds, figure would be 63.9%.

^{*}Based on complement beds, figure would be 69.8%.

⁶February through December.

⁷Fiscal years ending June 30th. Earlier years are calendar years.

^{*}Calculated.

Table 56
FACILITIES AND SERVICES
KAPIOLANI MATERNITY & GYNECOLOGICAL HOSPITAL
1611 Bingham Street, Honolulu, T. H.
1934–1948

	BE	DS ¹				TOTAL	AV.	AV.	AV.		NO. OF	NO. OF	NO. OF
YEAR	MENT	NORMAL	BASSI- NETS	ADMIS- SIONS ²	DIS- CHARGES ²	PATIENT DAYS ²	DAYS STAY ³	CEN- SUS ²	% occ.²	NO. OF BIRTHS	OPER.	EXAM.	X-RAY EXAM.
1934	50	50	30	1363		9984	7.3	27.4	54.8	637	497		
1935	50	50	30	1440		10250	7.1	28.1	56.2	687			
1936 1937	50 50	50 50	30	1560 1655	• • • •	11183 11884	7.2 7.2	30.5 32.5	61.0 65.0	750 754	368 567		
1938	50	50	30	1583		12786	8.1	35.0	70.0	820	500		
1939 1940	50 50	50 50	30 30	1766 1876		14104 14144	8.0 7.5	38.6 38.6	77.2 77.2	1052 1158	624 534		
1941	50	50	30	2502		20376	8.1	55.8	111.6	1761	633		
1942 1943	50 64	50 50	50 70	2751 2929		21741 22260	7.9 7.6	59.6 61.0	119.2 122.0 ³	2085 2552	438 163		
1944 1945	68 64	68 64	71 75	2878 2733	2892 2733	18301 16683	6.3	50.0 45.7	73.5 71.4	2588 2273	1021 1050	5790 4865	0
1946	105	105	87	4134	4111	26292	6.4	72.0	68.6	2922	823	14716	230
1947	105	105	87	4717	4726	27797	5.9	76.2	72.6	3457	823	18411	428
1948 (1st h	105 nalf)	105	87	2148	2146	11750	6.6	72	61.8	1504	2834	7622	156

[&]quot;Complement" beds means those set-up for actual use; "normal" (or rated) beds means the bed capacity for which the hospital was planned.

Source: For 1934-1943, Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, reprinted from Hawaii Medical Journal, November-December 1944); 1944-1948 from questionnaires returned by Kapiolani Hospital; bed and bassinet capacity for 1944 and 1945 from annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the A.M.A. (127:844 and 130:1150); average days stay, average census and percent occupancy for 1944-1947 calculated.

Table 57 FACILITIES AND SERVICES KAUIKEOLANI CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL¹ 226 North Kuakini St. Honolulu, T. H. 1934-1948

	BE	EDS				TOTAL	AV.		AV. %	occ.		NO. OF	NO. OF	NO. OF
YEAR	COMPLEMENT	NORMA	BASSI- L NETS	ADMIS- SIONS	DIS- CHARGES	PATIENT DAYS	DAYS STAY	AV. CENSUS	COMPLE- MENT	NORMAL	NO. OF BIRTHS	SURG. OPER.	LAB. EXAM.	X-RAY EXAM.
1934 1935	75 75	75 75		1587 2430	1575 2311	14215 14981	9.0 6.2	38.9 41.1	51.8 54.8	51.8 54.8		530	4507	670
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	75 75 75 75 75	75 75 75 75 75	• •	2278 2151 2203 2287 2712	2148 2121 2139 2258 2687	16477 17520 18304 16914 19542	7.2 8.1 8.3 7.4 7.2	45.0 48.0 50.1 46.3 53.5	60.0 64.0 66.8 61.7 71.3	60.0 64.0 66.8 61.7 71.3		877 1015 1107 1221 1700	5767 7951 9281 9081 16350	584 643 847 1108 1151
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	92 93 93 75 104	75 75 75 75 104	0 0	3353 3343 3343 3655 3475	3287 3190 3331 3502 3458	22761 19022 22282 22278 21102	6.8 5.7 6.7 6.3 5.7	62.2 52.1 61.1 61.03 57.81	67.6 56.0 65.7 81.4 55.6	82.9 69.5 81.5 81.4 55.6	0 0	1285 1304 1100 1575 1186	20470 20050 19043 20715 19060	1076 1221 1445 1577 1847
1946 1947 1948 (1st half)	102 122 117	102 122 117	0 0 0	4424 4254 1742	4410 4263 1742	28036 27247 13909	6.0 6.2 7.67	76.81 74.65 76.43	75.3 61.2 65.3	75.3 61.2 65.3	0 0 0	1728 1937 468	23990 27145 15859	1877 2179 1495

¹Kauikeolani Children's Hospital maintains special standby facilities and a communicable disease unit which somewhat affect comparability of these data with corresponding figures for other hospitals.

²Excluding newborn infants.

³Based on normal bed capacity. Based on complement beds, figure is 95.3%.

⁴Major operations only. There were also 250 minor operations.

Source: For 1934-1943, Rear Admiral Lucius W. Johnson, MC, USN, "Survey of Honolulu Hospitals" (Public Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, reprinted from *Hawaii Medical Journal*, November-December 1944) (a few averages were recalculated); for 1944-1948, questionnaires returned by the hospital.

Table 58 FACILITIES AND SERVICES LEAHI HOSPITAL¹

649 Pokole St., Honolulu 26, T. H. 1934-1948

		BE	DS ³				TOTAL				NO. OF	NO. OF	NO. OF
YEAR ²	TOTAL	PERM.	SEMI- PERM.	TEMP.	ADMIS- SIONS ⁴	DISCH.5	PATIENT DAYS	AVERAGE CENSUS	% occ.6	NO. OF S	OPER.	LAB. EXAMS.	X-RAY EXAMS
1934 1935	440 440				346 330	329 314	142204 147721	390 405	89 92	3	168 175	13319 17958	2453 3312
1936	440				327	342	147849	404	92	3	259	22201	3580
1937 1938 1939	440 445 445				317 321 276	292 315 272	148070 155895 156761	406 427 429	92 96 96	4 4 5	232 225 168	23937 23070 25784	3643 4361 4371
1940	500	• • •			325	358	154487	422	84	3	477	25958	5233
1941 1942 1943	500 490 493	0 0 0			397 418 402	426 373 379	157402 147021 159389	431 403 437	86 82 89	5 3 9	459 434 296	24194 18493 19448	5006 4453 5868
1944 1945 (1st half)	488 485	275 275		213 210	441 220	433 215	169334 83757	462 463	95 95	1 3	340 228	18659 9026	6228 3830
1945–46 ⁷ 1946–47 ⁷	480 718	275 277	115	205 326	364 516	357 332	168985 189329	462 520	96 72	1 3	206 475	17248 22304	7404 8889
1947-487	948	277	345	326	429	425	241892	661	70	6	471	29713	11025

¹Leahi Hospital (formerly called Leahi Home) is a tuberculosis sanatorium, operated by a non-profit association under a government subsidy.

Source: Admissions Office of Leahi Hospital, and Annual and Biennial Reports of Leahi Hospital, except where otherwise indicated.

Table 59
FACILITIES AND SERVICES
WAHIAWA GENERAL HOSPITAL¹
128 Lehua St., Wahiawa, Oahu, T. H.
1945–1948²

YEAR	COMPLE	EDS ⁸ E- NORMAL	BASSI- NETS	ADMIS- SIONS ⁴	DIS- CHARGES ⁵	TOTAL PATIENT DAYS	AV. DAYS STAY	AV. CEN- SUS	AV. % occ.	NO. OF BIRTHS	NO. OF SURG. OPER.	NO. OF LAB. EXAM.	NO. OF X-RAY EXAM.
1945 1946	110 125	110 125	10 10	1374 1678	1411 1658	27483 32058	19.5 19	76 87	70 82	148 268	195 233		
1947	89 55	89 55	15	2059	2034	16257	8	44.5	62	339	330	5080	1127
1948 (1st h	55 nalf)	55	15	903	903	5275	5.84	29.1	53	159	153	2387	549

¹Until July 1947 the hospital also served a number of tuberculosis patients, a fact which somewhat limits comparability of the data. The tuberculosis wing was discontinued July 13, 1947.

Source: Questionnaires returned by the hospital, May and September, 1948.

²Calendar years through 1944.

³Data for 1934 1943 from annual hospital numbers of the Journal of the American Medical Association. Not specified (except for 1936) whether actual or normal, permanent or temporary beds. In 1936 both complement and rated bed figures were 440.

Excluding newborn infants.

Excluding newborn infants but including deaths.

⁶Based on total beds. Calculated.

^{&#}x27;Fiscal years ended June 30th.

^{*}Wahiawa General Hospital was operated as an O.C.D. hospital from January 1942 until December 1944. In January 1945 it was opened as a civilian hospital under non-profit, community-wide auspices.

³"Complement beds" refers to actual number of beds set up; "normal beds" refers to the rated capacity of the hospital, the number for which it was planned. The top figures for 1947 are as of January; the lower figures, as of December. The decline during 1947 was a result of the closing of the hospital's large tuberculosis ward in July of that year. The hospital has space and equipment at present for 75 emergency beds.

⁴Exclusive of newborn infants.

⁵Including deaths but excluding newborn.

Table 60 HOSPITAL PERSONNEL AND SPECIALIZED SERVICES TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947

						ONNEL			SPECIALIZED SERVICES			
ISLAND	СІТУ	INSTITUTION	RESI- DENTS	IN- TERNS		REG- ISTERED NURSES		PRACT. NURSES AND ATTEN.	CLIN. LAB.	X-RAY DEPT.	PATH- OLOGIST	ROENT- GENOL- OGIST
Honolulu	County											
Oahu	Aiea	Aiea General	2	()	0	4	0	7	No	Yes	No	No
D 46	Aiea	U. S. Naval ¹										
и	Ewa Honolulu	Ewa ¹ Kalihi	0	0	0	3	0	i	No	No	No	No
и	Honolulu	Kapiolani	3	0	3	62	0	29	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
44,	Honolulu	Kauikeolani	1	2	5	49	14	9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"	Honolulu	Kuakini	2	0	5	45	45	28	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ш	Honolulu	Leahi	6	0	4	34	Varies	99	Yes	Yes	Consult.	
u	Honolulu	The Queen's	8	17	9	158	150	69	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"	Honolulu	St. Francis	4	2	1	94	135	13	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"	Honolulu	Shriners	1	0		8		6	Yes		art-time	Part-tin
66	Honolulu Kahuku	Tripler ¹ Kahuku ¹										
и	Kaneohe	Territorial	Ö	ò	2	11	0	108	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ш	Pearl City	Waimano Home ¹								1 05	1 05	
"	Schof. Bks.	26th Station ¹										
66	Wahiawa	Wahiawa General	0	0	1	17	0	9	Yes	Yes	No	Part-tin
66	Waialua	Waialua Agric. Co.	0	0	0	4	0	8	No	Yes	No	Yes
ec ec	Waipahu	Oahu Sugar Co.	0	0	1	6	0	10	Yes	Yes	No	No
**	Waipahu	The Tamura	0	0	0	0	0	4	No	No	No	No
Hawaii C												
lawaii	Haina	Honokaa	()	0	0	1	0	8	Yes	Yes	No	No
и	Hakalau	Hakalau Plantation	0	()	0	1	0	6	No	Yes	No	No
66	Hilo	Hilo Memorial	0	0	5	39	0	47	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
"	Hilo Hilo	Matayoshi	0	0	0	0	0	2	Yes	Yes	No	No
u	Hilo	Matsumura Mitamura ²	U		U			2	No	Yes	No	No
cc .	Hilo	Oto	0		Ö	0	0	3	No	Yes	No	No
ш	Hilo	Puumaile	1	0	2	10	ŏ	35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
и	Hilo	Yamanoha	0	0	0	0	0	1	No	Yes	No	No
"	Honakaa	Okada	0	0	0	0	0	1	No	No	No	No
а	Kealakekua ³	Kona	0	0	0	7	0	6	Yes	Yes	No	No
66	Kealakekua	Kona Comm.4	1	0	0	0	0	2	No	Yes	No	No
"	Kohala	Kohala County	0	0	0	5	0	6	No	Yes	No	No
"		Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.	0	0	1	2	0	8 10	Yes	Yes	No	No
"	Olaa Ookala	Olaa Ookala	0	0	0	6	0	3	Yes No	Yes No	No No	No No
u	Paauilo	Hamakua Mill Co.	0	0	0	1	ő	5	No	No	No	No
ш	Pahala	Hawaiian Agric. Co.	ő	0	ĭ	4	ŏ	7	Yes	Yes	No	No
ш	Pepeekeo	Pepeekeo Plantation	0	0	1	4	0	12	Yes	Yes	No	No
Maui Cor	intv											
Maui	Hana	Hana	0	0		1	0	6	Yes	Yes	No	No
Molokai	Hoolehua	Robt. W. Shingle Jr., Mem	. 0	0	1	4	0	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Maui	Keokea	Kula General	2	0	3	12	0	47	No	No	No	No
"	Keokea	Kula Sanatorium)							Yes	Yes	No	No
	Lahaina	Pioneer Mill Co.	0	0	1	4	0	20	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Lanai	Lanai City	Lanai City	0	0	1	5	0	6	Yes	Yes	No	No
Molokai Maui	Maunaloa Paia	Maunaloa Paia	0	0	0 2	11	0	5 19	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	No	No
"	Puunene	Puunene	0	0	2	10		14	Yes	Yes	No No	No No
u	Wailuku	Malulani	ő	()	2	14	0	24	Yes	Yes	No	No
Kauai Co	untv											
Kauai Kauai	Hanapepe	Betsui Memorial ⁵										
"	Kealia	Samuel Mahelona Mem.	0	0	0	8	0	15	Yes	Yes	No	No
"	Koloa	Koloa Sugar Co.6								1 68	140	140
66	Lihue	G. N. Wilcox Memorial	i		i	15	0	14	Yes	Yes P	art-time l	Part-tim
"	Waimea	Waimea	0	0	1	6	0	14	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kalawao	County											
	Kalaupapa	Kalaupapa Settlement	3		2	7	0	12				

Source: Questionnaires returned to Territorial Department of Health, Division of Hospital Planning, 1948.

¹No data available. ²Discontinued operation during 1947. ²Actually located in rural North Kona.

^{*}Discontinued operation January 1948.

*Closed June 30, 1947.

*Closed June 27, 1947.

Table 61
ESTIMATED METROPOLITAN AND NON-METROPOLITAN POPULATION
TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1928–1948

YEAR (JULY 1)	TOTAL POPULATION	METROPOLITAN ¹	NON-METROPOLITAN
1928	348,767	125,850	222,917
1929	357,649	129,425	228,224
1930	370,620	153,340	217,280
1931	375,211	156,924	218,287
1932	380,507	159,468	221,039
1933	380,211	157,919	222,292
1934	378,948	157,385	221,563
1935	384,437	159,223	225,214
1936	393,277	161,760	231,517
1937	396,715	163,465	233,250
1938	411,485	169,532	241,953
1939	414,991	171,176	243,815
1940	426,654	197,627	229,027
1941 '	465,339	222,825	242,514
1942	474,351	229,415	244,936
1943	483,363	236,005	247,358
1944	492,379	242,596	249,783
1945	502,122	289,341	212,781
1946	519,503	295,632	223,871
1947	525,477	298,024	. 227,453
1948	540,500	306,749	233,751

¹The cities of Honolulu and Hilo.

Source: Computed from data supplied by the Territorial Department of Health. See Business Service (Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu), Vol. 5, No. 9 (September 1948), p. 3, for detailed listing.

Table 62
INTERCORRELATIONS OF MEASURES OF SERVICE AND FACILITIES
THIRTY GENERAL AND ALLIED HOSPITALS, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, 1947¹

CORRELATED ITEM	POPULATION	BEDS	OCCUPANCY	CENSUS	ADMISSIONS	DAYS STAY	COST PER PATIENT DAY
Population of city	• • •	.62	.46	.59	.63	40	.19
Bed capacity	.62		.56	.93	.93	16	.46
Percentage occupancy	.46	.56		.78	.70	.14	.22
Average census	.59	.93	.78		.97	04	.46
Admissions	.63	.93	.70	.97		25	.48
Average days stay	40	16	.14	04	25		20
Cost per patient day	.19	.46	.22	.46	.48	20	

¹Correlation from ranks (rho). Includes the twenty-eight civilian general hospitals for which complete data were available, plus Kauikeolani Children's Hospital and Kapiolani Maternity and Gynecological Hospital.

Source: Based on data from Territorial Department of Health (see Table 52).

^{*}Oahu exclusive of Honolulu city, Hawaii exclusive of Hilo, and all of Maui, Kauai, Molokai, Lanai, Niihau and Kahoolawe.











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